



सं० 331

नई दिल्ली, शनिवार, अगस्त 15, 1992 (श्रावण 24, 1914)

No. 33]

NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, AUGUST 15, 1992 (SRAVANA 24, 1914)

इस भाग में भिन्न पूछ संख्या दी जाती है जिससे कि यह अलग संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सके [Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation]

माग 111-खण्ड 2 **IPART III—SECTION 21**

पेहेन्द्र कार्यालय द्वारा जारी की गई पेटेन्टों और दिजाहुनों से सम्बन्धित अधिसचनाएं और नोटिस ू Notifications and Notices Issued by the Patent Office relating to Patents and Designsl

THE PATENT OFFICE PATENTS AND DESIGNS

Calcutta, the 15th August 1992

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Telegraphic address "PATENTS".

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1--197 GI/92

पेटेंट कार्यालय

एकस्य तथा अभिकस्य

कलकसा, दिनांक 15 अगस्त 1992

पंटर कार्यालय के कार्यालयों के पते एवं क्षेत्राधिकार

पेटेंट कार्यालय का प्रधान कार्यालय कलकत्ते में अवस्थित है तथा बम्बई, दिल्ली एवं मदास में इसके शाखा कार्यालय है, जिनके प्रादेशिक क्षेत्राधिकार जोन के आधार पर निम्न कप में प्रविशत हैं:---

पेटेंट कार्यालय शासा, होडी इस्टेंट, तीसरा तल, लोअर परेल (पिश्चम), बम्बर्श-400013 ।

गुजरात, महाराष्ट्र तथा मध्य प्रदेश राज्य क्षेत्र एवं संघ शास्ति क्षेत्र गोक्षा, दमन तथा दिव एवं दादरा और नगर हवेली ।

तार पता---''पेटोफिसे''

पेटेंट कार्यालय शाखा. एकक मं. 401 से 405, तीसरा तल, नगरपालिका बाजार भवन, सरस्वती मार्ग, कराहि बाग, गर्ड विस्ली-110005 ।

हरियाणा, तिमाचल प्रदोश, अम्मृ तथा कश्मीर. पंजीब, राजस्थान तथा उत्तर प्रदोश राज्य क्षेत्रों एवं संघ शासित क्षेत्र चंडीगढ़ तथा दिल्ली ।

तार पता---''पेट टोफिक''

61, धाला**जाह रोक,** मद्रास~600 002 ।

पेटेंट कार्यालय शासा.

आंध्र प्रवेश, कर्नाटक, करेल, तमिलनाडु राज्य क्षेत्र एवं संख् शासित क्षेत्र पाण्डिचेरी, लक्षव्वीप स्निकाय तथा अमिनिविवि दवीप

तार पता--"पटेटोफिस"

पेटेंट कार्यालय (प्रधान कार्यालय)
निजाम पेंलेस, द्वितीय बहुतलीय कार्यालय,
भवन, 5, 6 तथा 7वां तस,
234/4, आचार्य जगदीश बोस रोड,
कलकता-700020 ।

भारतका अवशेष क्षेत्र ।

तार पता--''पेट ट्रंस''

पेटोंट अधिनियम, 1970 या पेटोंट नियम, 1972 में अपे-क्षित सभी आयेदन पत्र, सूचनाएं, विवरण या अन्य प्रलेख पेटोंट कार्यालय के केवन उपर्यक्त कार्यालय में ही प्राप्त किए आएंगे।

CORRIGENDUM

In the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 2, dated the 24th, September, 1988 in page 986 Col. 2 for application—for Patent No. 314 'Cal/85 filed April 25, 1985 read its accepted No. as 163455.

In the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 2, dated the 1st October, 1988:—

- (a) In page 1020, Col. 2 for application for Patent No. 797/Cal/85 filed November 7 1985 read its accepted No. as 163489.
- (b) In page 1022, Col 1 for application for Patent No. 194/Bom/85 filed on 24th July, 1985 read its accepted No. as 163495.

In the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 2 dated the 8th October, 1988 :---

- (a) In page 1058, Col. 2 read the name of the Applicant as AMERICAN CYANAMID COMPANY for AMERICAN CYNANMI COMPANY in respect of application for Patent No. 752/Cal/84 filed October 26, 1984 (163527).
- (b) In page 1059, Col. 2 for accepted complete Specn. No. 163530, dilete from line 3 of 2-5. KASUMIGASKEKI. 3-CHOME, CHIYODA-KU, TOKYO, JAPAN and after the title of the invention read applicants Mitsui Toatsui Chemicals, Incorporated of 2-5 KASUMIGASKEK, 3-CHOME, CHIYODA-KU, TOKYO, JAPAN.
- (c) In page 1067, Col. 2 for application for Patent No. 487/Del/85 filed on 19th June. 1985 read its accepted No. as 16356 in place of the printed vagne accepted No.

In the gazette of India, Part III, Section 2 dated the 29th February, 1988, page 1151, Col. 2 for application for Patent No. 613/Del/85 read its filing date as 31st July, 1985 instead of 31st July, 1986 and read the accepted complete Specification No. of the instant application as 163713.

In the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 2 dated the 10th December, 1988:—

- (a) In page 1282 Col. 1 for complete specification accepted No. 163923 read the name of the Applicant as LINDE AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT instead of LNDE AKTIENGE-SELLSCHAFT.
- (b) In page 1285, Col. 2 for complete specification accepted No. 163930 rend the name of the applicant as MITSUBOSHI BELTING LTD etc. instead of MITUBOSHI BELTING LTD etc.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA THE PATENT OFFICE

Calcutta, the 15th August 1992

APPLICATION FOR PATENTS FILED AT THE HEAD OFFICE 234/4, ACHARY JAGADISH BOSE ROAD, CALCUTTA-20

The date shown in the crescent brackets are the dates claimed under section 135, of the patents Act, 1970.

26th June 1992

458/Cal/92 Louden Enterprises, Inc. Rock Drill Bit and method of making same,

29th June 1992

- 459/Cal/92 E. I. Du Pont De Nemours and Company. An improved process for flash-spinning polymeric plexifilamentary film-fibril Strands. [Divided out of No. 713/Cal/89, antedated to 31-8-89].
- 460/Cal/92: ELF Atochem North America, Inc. Process for preparing color-stable thertiary Butyldiethanolamine.
- 461/Cal/92: Hat Entwicklungsgesellschaft m.b.H., A
 Component of plastics with a base body with
 the receiving arangement for a display device.
- 462/Cal/92: Euroceltique, S. A., stabilized, controlled Release formulations having acrylic polymer coating.

30th June 1992

- 463/Cal/92: Stone & Webster Engineering Corporation, A Process and apparatus for separating fluidized cracking catalysts from Hydrocarbon vaper.
- 464/Cal/92: Instytut Clezkiej Syntezy Organicznej "Blachownia". Method to manufacture ethylene glycol methyl ethers.
- 465/Cal/92: Instytut Ciezkiej Syntezy Organicznej "Blachownia". Method to manufacture ethylene glycol ethyl ethers.

1st July 1992

- 466/Cal/92: E. I. Du Pont De Nemours and Company.
 Azeotropic or Azeotrope-like composition of Pentafluoroethane and Propane or Isobutane.
- 467/Cal/92: EMS-Inventa AG. Process and apparatus for the direct continuous modification of polymer melts.

2nd July 1992

- 468/Cal/92: TAI-Her Yang, The cross coupling linking-up wheel train of nonharmonious unequal Ratio Comptex number wheel trains and the device.
- 469/Cal/92: Cebal SA., A Plastics tube head Provided with a lining having a barrier effect and a member which can be used for this lining.
- 470/Cal/92: Stork Brabant B. V. Screen printing device with continuous registering of rotating stencils.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS FILED IN THE PATENT OFFICE BRANCH, TODI ESTATES, IIIRD FLOOR, SUN MILL COMPOUND, LOWER PAREL(W), BOMBIAY-13

4-5-1992

- 142/BOM/1992 Harmahendra Singh Bagga. Shlva System.
- 143/BOM/1992 Vikram Dinubhai Panchal. Socket for bulb holder.

6-5-1992

144/BOM/1992 Sailendra Rabindranath Baliga. A ward-robe which is foldable into a carrying case.

7-5-1992

145/BOM/1992 Suresh Makhija. A device being the part used in the video cassette recorders and players called in built video head cleaner.

11-5-1992

- 146/BOM/1992 Madhavan Balakrishnan. Efficient dentifrice constitution for regular effective utility.
- 147/BOM/1992 Madhavan Balakrishnan. Efficient electrical connection for spark plugs that are for effective use with oil engines.
- 148/BOM/1992 Hindustan Lever Ltd. U. K. Filed 17-5-91. Dentifrice Compositions.

149/BOM/1992 Hindustan Lever Ltd. Treatment of vegetable oils.

12-5-1992

- 150/BOM/1992 Jacob Devnesh. Self contained lock for computer floppy disk drives.
- 151/BOM/1992 Prabhakar Deodhar Liladhar Sannabhadti. An improved access card.

13-5-1992

- 152/BOM/1992 Jayhar Dhanraj Bhutada. Automatic bearing lubricator.
- 153/BOM/1992 Vasant Pandurang Koparde and Narayan N. Desai. A valve for preventing backward flow of liquid.

14-5-1992

154/BOM/1992 Dr. Kantilal Pannalal Dagai Intramedullary nail used for Tibia (Leg Bone in Human Beings).

15-5-1992

- 155/BOM/1992 Gav Bomi Master, Retractable articulated rescue recovery vehicle.
- 156/BOM/1992 Gav Bomi Master. Multi application utilisation general application vehicle.
- 157/BOM/1992 Gav Bomi Master. Modified regional passanger transport bus.
- 158/BOM/1992 Gav Bomi Master. Guided integrated low profile double deck commuter urban bus.
- 159/BOM/1992 Gav Bomi Master. Guided elevated vertical side pillar duo track light transit.

18-5-1992

- 160/BOM/1992 Nitin Krishna Bhave. Improved magnetic particle medium for detecting defects by durably fixing the indications on ferro magnetic materials.
- 161/BOM/1992 Nitin Krishna Bhave. An equipment and process for automatically detecting the defects marking and durably fixing the said defect indication by means of magnetic particle on ferro magnetic materials.
- 162/BOM/1992 Abhay Ranade. An improved oil gun/burner as firing equipment employed in bollers/steam generating units at thermal power stations, steel plants and the like.
- 163/BOM/1992 Kedarnath Arun Chakradeo. Bagasse Drier.
- 164/BOM/1992 Anand Govind Bhole. Modified plate settler unit for removing flocs from flocculated water.
- 165/BOM/1992 Rashtriya Chemicals & Fertilizers Ltd. A process for producing ammonium polyphosphate in granular form and an apparatus therefor.

19-5-1992

- 166/BOM/1992 Kishor Uddav Joshi. Improved supercritical steam based power cycle.
- Hanuman Joshi, Utilizing the natural colou and essence contained in the skin of oranges (particularly loose skined oranges or santras) for the production of orange sqush/Syrup/other orange products thus reducing eliminating the need for use of externally added edible colour and orange essence and increasing the yield on orange squash/other products, by extracting the colour and essence contained in the skin mixnig the juice of the skin and normal orange juice and producing the orange products from the mixture of juices.

22-5-1992

- 168/BOM/1992 Crompton Greaves Ltd. A self-clamping canopy for a ceilling fan.
- 169/BOM/1992 Viswanath Dattatreya, Hukerikar & Rajendra M. Bajikar. Leak-proof rotary valves for liquids and gases.

27-5-1992

- 170/BOM/1992 Praj Counseltech Pvt. Ltd., Rhomboid grid trays for distillation column.
- 171/BOM/1992 Satyawrat Swamirao Ponkhe. Improved stowage/Bins/locker doors for aeroplane.
- 172/BOM/1992 Balubhai Haribhai Vasoya. An improved liquid fuel or electric/Bettory stove.

29th May 1992

173/BOM/1992 Hindustan Organic Chemicals Ltd., An efficient process for the utilization of powdered catalyst in high pressure reactors.

APPLICATION FOR PATENTS FILED AT THE PATENT OFFICE BRANCH, 61, WALLAJAH ROAD, MADRAS-600 002

1st June 1992

- 328 MAS/92 P. P. Mohanan. A device to effect rotation of a drum using beyont force in liquid mercury.
- 329/MAS/92 Sree Chitra Tirrural Institute for Medical Schences & Technology, Improvement in or relating to porosthetic cardac valve and to the method of manufacturing same.
- 330/MAS/92 Minknesota Mining and Manufacturing Company. Article for separations and purifications and method of controlling porosity therein.
- 331/MAS/92 Savio S. p. A. Method for pneumatic threading in a double hollow spindle of la twister.

2nd June 1992

- 332/MAS/92 Ramalingam Devakibjalan. Hot-line tele-fax network.
- 333/MAS/92 Alampallam Subramanian Vaidhyanathan. A steam cooking container adaptable to pressure cookers.

3rd June 1992

- 334/MAS/92 Mariplast S. p. A. Dyeing cone.
- 335/MAS/92 Shinagawa Refractories Co. Ltd. Method of producing silica brick.
- 336/MAS/92 Rockwell International Corporation. A piezoelectric actuator. (Divisional to Patent Application No. 519/MAS/89).
- 337/MAS/92 Rockwell International Corporation. An electric motor (Divisional to Patent Application No. 519/MAS/89).

4th June 1992

- 338/MAS/92 Girivas Viswanath Shet. An art of imbibing self-discipline in the youth through the study of Baudhism (Principles of Buddha) through Baudhic Treasures.
- 339/MAS/92 Girivas Viswanath Shet. A process for preparing a composition for preparing ayurvedic soup for increasing sexual vitality.

5th June 1992

- 340/MAS/92 FMC Europe SA. Pig-compatible thkree-way butterfly valve.
- 341/MAS/92 Galipag. An air filter arrangement.

8th June 1992

- 342/MAS/92 THE WELLCOME FOUNDATION LIMI-TED. A cap for a container and opening means therefor. (June 7, 1991 U.K.).
- 343/MAS/92 CATERPILLAR INC. Method of condition ing fluid in an electronically-controlled unit injector for starting.
- 344/MAS/92 STEVE FEHER. An apparatus for providing pressurized temperature modified air. (Divisional to Patent Application No. 722/MAS/88).

9th June 1992

- 345/MAS/92 SOUNDARARAJAN SENRAJ. COVER METER.
- 346/MAS/92 GIRIVAS VISWANATH SHET. A process for preparing an ayurvedic medicinal ships for sexual enjoyment of a more duration.
- 347/MAS/92 Pat Venkatesh Sonti. Moduiar hybrid electrical generating system.
- 348/MAS/92 INSTITUT FRANCAIS DU PETROLE. Exhaus line allowing a faster triggering of the catalyst.
- 349/MAS/92 PHILIP MORRIS PRODUCTS INC. Process for impregnation and expansion of tobacco.
- 350/MAS/92 Enichem Anic S. P. A. A process for the polymerization of ethylene and the copolymerization of ethylene with C₃-C₁₀ alpha-olefins. (Divisional to Patent Application No.651/MAS/89).

10 June 1992

- 351/MAS/92 ARUMUGAM VAITHIANATHAN, Improvement in or relating to Hydro electric pumped storage self power plant.
- 352/MAS/92 HIMONT INCORPORATED. Crystalline Olefin Polymers and Copolymers in the form of spherical particles at high porosity.

11th June 1992

- 353/MAS/92 CARBON IMPLANTS INC. Pyrolytic Deposition in a Fluidied bed.
- 354/MAS/92 PRINTPAC-UEB LIMITED. Improvements in or relating to a holding device and/or a method of holding. (13th June, 1991; New Zealand).
- 355/MAS/92 WES Technology Inc. Blades for Isolators. (11th June 1991).
- 356/MAS/92 INDIAN SPACE RESEARCH ORGANISATION. A process of flat absorber black chromate conversion coating on magnesium aluminium alloys.
- 357/MAS/92 SHASUN CHEMICALS (MADRAS) LTD.

 An improved process for the preparation of Ranitidine hydrochioride as antiuicer drug.

ALTERATION OF DATE UNDER SECTION-16

- 171217 (197/Cal/90). Ante dated to January 6, 1987.
- 171218 (734/Cal/90). Ante dated to February 27, 1987.
- 171219 (899/Cal/90). Ante dated to February 16, 1988.

COMPLETE SPECIFICATION ACCEPTED

Notice is hereby given that any person interested in opposing the grant of patents on any of the Applications concerned, may, at any time within four months of the date of this issue or within such further period not exceeding one month applied for on Form 14 prescribed under the Patents Rules, 1972 before the expiry of the said period of four months, given notice to the Controller of Patents on the prescribed Form 15 of such opposition. The written statement of opposition should be filed alongwith the said notice or within one month of its date as prescribed in Rule 36 of the Patents Rules, 1972.

The classifications given below in respect of each specification are according to Indian Classification and International Classification.

A limited number of printed copies of the specifications listed below will be available for sale from the Government of India Book Depot, 8, Kiran Sankar Roy Road, Calcutta, in due course. The price of each specification is Rs. 2/-(postage extra)

Requisition for the supply of the printed specifications should be accompained by the number of the specifications as shown in the following list

Typed or photo copies of the specifications together with photo copies of the drawings, if any, can be supplied by the Patent Office, Calcutta on payment of the prescribed copying charges which may be ascertained on application to that office. Photo copying charges may be calculated by adding the number of pages in the specification and drawing sheets mentioned below against each accepted specification and multiplying the same by four to get the charges as the copying charges per page are Rs. 4/-.

स्वीकृत सम्पूर्ण विशिवास

एतब्द्वारा यह स्वना दी जाती हैं कि सम्बद्ध आवेदनों में से किसी पर पेटांट अनुवान का विरोध करने के इच्छुक को हूं व्यक्ति, इसके निर्णम की तिथि से 4 महीने या अग्रिम एसी अवधि जो उकत 4 महीने की अवधि की समाप्ति के पूर्व पेटांट नियम, 1972 के तहत् विहित प्रपन्न 14 पर आवेदित एक महीने की अवधि से अधिक न हो, के भीतर कभी भी नियंत्रक, एकस्व को एसे विरोध की सूचना विहित प्रपत्र 15 पर दे सकते हैं। विरोध संबंधी लिखित वक्तव्य, उक्त सूचना के साथ अथवा पेटांट नियम, 1972 के नियम 36 में यथा विहित इसकी तिथि के एक महीने के भीतर ही फाइस किए जाने वाहिए।

"प्रत्येक विनिद्धां के संदर्भ में नीचं दिए वर्गीकरण, भारतीय वर्गीकरण तथा अन्तर-राष्ट्रीय वर्गीकरण के अनुरूप हुँ।"

नीचे सूचीगत विनिद्देशों की सीमित संख्यक मृद्धित प्रतियां, भारत सरकार बुक डिपो, 8, किरण शंकर राय राड, कलकता में विक्रय होतु यथा समय उपलब्ध होगी। प्रत्येक विनिद्देश का मृत्य 2/- रा. है।

(अतिरिक्त डाक खर्च) । मृद्रित विनिवरेंश की आपूर्ति हरेतू मांग पत्र के साथ निम्नलिखिल सूची में यथा प्रवर्षित विनिवरेंशों: की संख्या संलग्न रहनी चाहिए ।

रूपांकन (चित्र आरंखों) की फोटो प्रतियां यदि कोई हों, के साथ विनिद्देशों की टांकित अथवा फोटो प्रतियों की आपूर्ति पेटेन्ट कार्यालय, कलकता द्वारा विहित लिप्यान्तरण प्रभार जिसे उक्त कार्यालय से पत्र व्यवहार द्वारा सुनिध्यित करने के उपरांत उसकी अदायगी पर की जा सकती हैं। विनिद्देश की पृष्ठ संख्या के साथ प्रत्येक स्वीकृत विनिद्देश के सामने नीचे विणित चित्र आरंख कागजों को जोड़कर उसे 4 से गुणा करके; (क्योंकि प्रत्येक पृष्ठ का लिप्यान्तरण प्रभार 4/- रह. हैं) फोटो जिप्यान्तरण प्रभार का परिकलन किया जा सकता हैं।

Ind. Class - 27-N & 192 - [GROUPS - XXVI(1) & 171171 LXVI(10]

Int. Cl. : A 45 F 4/04; A 45 B 19/00; 25/02.

A PORTABLE FOLDING TYPE UMBRELLA/TENT FRAME.

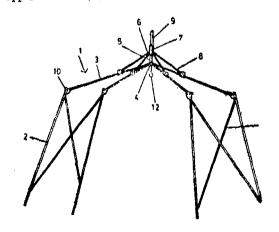
Applicant & Inventor: CHAKRAPANI SWAMINATHAN, AN INDIAN NATIONAL OF 90, NAGESWARAN, NORTH STREET, KUMBAKONAM, TAMIL NADU.

Application No. 274/Mas/88 filed on April 28, 1988.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Madras Branch.

4 Claims

A portable folding type umbrella/tent frame comprising at least two pairs of legs (1) and a latch, each said leg consisting of two pieces (2, 3) hingedly joined together, wherein the said latch consisting of a lower member (4) provided with a male member (5) and an upper member (6) provided with a female member (7) adapted to receive said male meber, the converging ends of the legs being hingedly mounted on the latch, diverging pieces attached to each of legs are provided with diagonal reinforcing members (11), a plurality of ribs (8) mounted on the converging pieces of the legs and the upper member (6).



Compl. Specn. 5 pages.

Drgs. 2 sheets.

Ind. Cl.: 188-[GROUP-XXXIII(9)]

171172

Int. Cl.4: C 23 C 14/54

A PROCESS FOR PRODUCING A COATED SUBSTRATE MALE OF MATERIALS SUCH AS METALS, DIELECTRIC OR SEMICONDUCTOR COATED WITH DIAMOND LIKE CARBON (DLC) HAVING IMPROVED OPTICAL AND DURABILITY PROPERTIES.

Applicant: INDIAN SPACE RESEARCH ORGANISATION, DEPARTMENT OF SPACE, CAUVERY BHAVAN, KEMPEGOWDA ROAD, BANGALORE-560 009, KARNATAKA, INDIA.

Inventors: (1) RAVI SHANKAR YALAMANCHI, (2) THUTUPALLI GOPALA KRISHNA MURTY.

Application No. 278/Mas/88 filed on May 2, 1988.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Madras Branch.

2 Claims (No drawing)

A process for producing a coated substrate made of materials such as metals, dielectric or semiconductor, coated with diamond like carbon (DLC) having improved optical and durability properties comprising the steps of (a) cleaning the substrate in a conventional manner (b) sputter etching of the substrate in a conventional manner in the presence of inert gas (c) etching of the substrate in the presence of an inert gas and oxygen at a total pressure in the range of 2×10^{-2} to 8×10^{-2} torr, for a period of 2 to 3 minutes, continuing the etching till the predetermined thickness of DLC coating is retained on the substrate, if decoating is desires; and (d) depositing the diamond like carbon in the presence of a mixture of inert and hydrocarbon gases in a conventional manner to obtain the desired thickness of the coating.

Compl. Specn. 17 pages.

Ind. Cl.: 195-C[GROUP—XXIX(3)] 171173

Int. Cl.4: F 16 K 21/02

IMPROVED PRESSURE ADJUSTING DEVICE FOR CONTROLLING THE LIQUID GAS FLOW RATE.

Applicant: LIQUIPIBIGAS S.p.A., OF VIA MEDICI DEL VASCELLO, 26 20138-MILANO, ITALY, AN ITALIAN COMPANY.

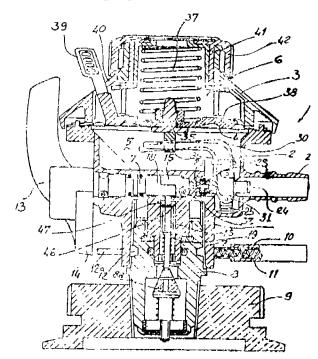
Inventor: MARIO LIMIROLI.

Application No. 288/Mas/88 filed on May 4, 1988.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Madras Branch.

9 Claims

An improved pressure adjusting device for controlling the flow rate of liquid gases, comprising a body (1) consisting of a bottom half shell (2) and a top half shell (3), which are coupled to one another through the inter-position of a resilient membrane (4), said resilient membrane defining a gas pressure control chamber (6) and a gas pressure reducing and delivery chamber (5), communicating with a delivery outlet, said bottom half shell (2) defining with the gas valve (8) of the gas pressure vessel (8) a coupling end piece (7), characterised in that said pressure adjusting device further comprises quick coupling means (10) operating between said coupling end piece (7) and gas valve (8), adapted to operatively engage with a knob (13) for operating valve means of the pressure adjusting device so as to prevent said pressure adjusting device from improperly engaging with and/or disengaging from said gas pressure vessel (8) as said valve means are in their open position.



Cempl. Speen, 16 pages.

Drgs. 2 sheets

Ind. Cl.: 69 M[GROUP-LIX(L)]

171174

Int. Cl.4: H 01 H 5/4

SWITCH OPERATING MECHANISM.

Applicant: MITSUBISHI DENKI KABUSHIKI KAISHA OF NO. 2-3, MARUNCUCHI 2-CHOME CHIYODA-KU TOKYO, JAPAN, A JAPANESE COMPANY.

Inventor: MICHIHARU OKUNO.

Application No. 384/Mas/88 filed on June 6, 1988.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Madras Branch.

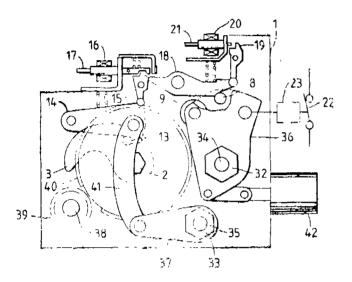
2 Claims

A switch operating mechanism for operating a movable contactor (22) of a circuit breaker, comprising

a stationary housing (1);

a link means (23, 36) connected to said movable contactor (22);

a circuit breaking spring means for opening said movable contactor (22) consisting of a first torsion bar (28) and a second torsion bar (34), said first torsion bar (28) having a first end which is fixedly secured to a first rotatable member (26), and a second end which is fixedly secured to said stationary housing (1), said second torsion bar (34) having a third end which is fixedly secured to said first rotatable member (26) for disposing said third end diametrically opposite to said first end of said first torsion bar (28), and a fourth end which is rotatably supported by said stationary housing (1) and coupled to said link means (23, 36).



Compl. Specu. 16 pages.

Drgs. 4 sheets.

Ind. Cl.: 116-E-[GROUP XLIX]

171175

Int. Cl.4: B 60 S 9/00

HYDROPNEUMATIC JACK FOR ARTICULATED TRACKED VEHICLES.

Applicant: S A M M—SOCIETE D'APPLICATIONS DES MACHINES MOTRICES, A FRENCH COMPANY, OF CHEMIN DE LA MALMAISON-91570 BIEVRES, FRANCE.

Inventors: (1) JOSEPH PHILIPPE, (2) ERROCHAT JEAN-MICHEL.

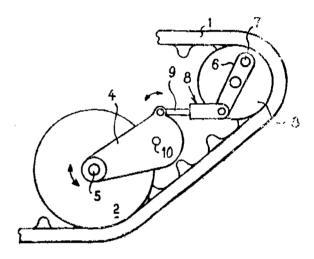
Application No. 456/Mas/88 filed on June 30, 1988.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Madras Branch.

5 Claims

Hydropneumatic jack for articulated tracked vehicles, comprising a tubular body closed at one end and open at the opposite end, a hollow rod slidably mounted in the body in a sealed manner, a first chamber containing a freely

slidable piston which divides the chamber into two compartments sealed off from each other, a second chamber between a transverse end wall constituting the end of the hollow rod and a transverse wall of the body closing the body at one end, said transverse end wall being provided with a nozzle for putting the second chamber in communication with the neighbouring compartment of the hollow rod, said neighbouring compartment and said second chamber being filled with a hydraulic liquid under pressure and the second compartment being filled with a pressurized gas, said jack having a tubular case closed by an end wall at one end and open at the opposite end of the case, the body is slidable in a sealed manner and a third chamber filled with grease is left between the end wall of the case and the transverse wall closing the end of the body.



Compl. Specn. 13 pages.

Drgs. 2 shoets.

Ind. Cl.: 119, C, D [GROU-XXI (39)]

171176

Int. Cl.4: D 03 D 51/02

DEVICE FOR DRIVING THE GRIPPER BEARING BELTS OR RODS IN TEXTILE LOOMS.

Applicant: MANIFATTURA CINCLA S. R. L. OF VIA MOIA, 100 BRUGHERIO, MILANO, AN ITALIAN COMPANY, ITALY.

Inventor: RENZO FORNASARI.

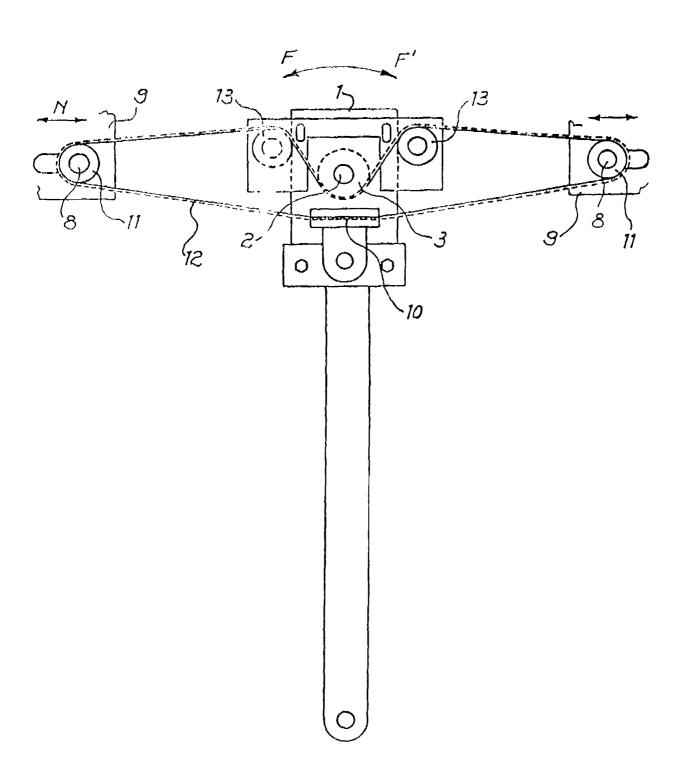
Application No. 464/Mas/88 filed on July 5, 1988.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Madras Branch.

4 Claims

A device for driving gripper bearing belts or rods in sleytype looms, characterised in that it comprises, associated with the sley (1) an endless driving means (12) and associate system consisting of a toothed pulley (3) to be engaged by said driving means (12), a first pair of transmission idle pulleys (13) supported by said sley (1) at opposite sides of said pulley (3), a second pair of transmission pulleys (11) idly mounted on the loom shoulders (9), said endless

driving means (12) engaging said toothed pulley (3) and extending between said first and second pair of transmission pulleys, said toothed pulley (3) being associated with an angled driving gear (d) and a spur wheel (5) for driving a gripper bearing belt or 10d (6).



Ind. Cl.: 206 E [GROUP-LXII]

171177

Int. Cl.4; H 03 K 19/20.

A DEVICE FOR MINIMISING TIMING ERRORS IN AN ELECTRONIC CIRCUIT.

Applicant: BRITISH AEROSPACE PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY OF 100, PALL MALL, LONDON, SW1Y 5HR, ENGLAND; BRITISH COMPANY.

Inventor: RICHARD JOHN PARNEL.

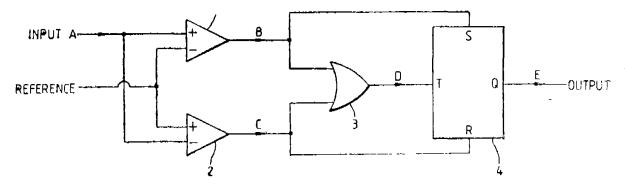
Application No. 481/Mas/88 filde on 8th July 1988.

Convention dated 9-7-87 No. 8716144 (UK).

Appropriate office for opposition proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, Madras.

5 Claims

A device for minimising timing errors in an electronic circuit, comprising at least two comparators connected in anti-phase with a common input and separate outputs to obtain output signals having opposite sense at each output, from an input signal, said output of each said comparators being connected to a bistable circuit and to a logic gate for combining the signals from the said outputs to a single signal and supplying it to a toggle input of the said bistable circuit.



Compl. speen. 8 pages

Drg. 3 sheets.

Int. Cl.4 : C 03 B 37/023.

AN OPTICAL FIBER CABLE.

Applicant: SUMITOMO ELECTRIC INDUSTRIES, LTD., OF NO. 15, KITAHAMA 5-CHOME HIGASHI-KU OSAKA-SHI, OSAKA, JAPAN, A JAPANESE COMPANY.

Inventors: (1) BANG LIN

(2) YOSHINOBU KITAYAMA.

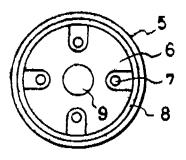
Application No. 568/Mas/88 filed August 9, 1988.

Appropriate office for opposition proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972). Patent Office Branch, Madras.

3 Claims

An optical fiber cable, comprising:

a central member, a spacer; and at least one optical fiber or optical fiber unit would helically on the outer surface of said central member in periodically reversing directions, said optical fiber or optical fiber unit positioned between at least one reversal point and the next reversal point and being capable of moving freely in a longitudinal direction of said central member while keeping its helical shape, wherein the lay reversing angle ϕ through which an optical fiber is rotated in the circumferential direction of the central member over the distance from one reversal point of the direction of helix to the next reversal point is the range: $240^{\circ} + 360^{\circ} \times n \leqslant \phi \leqslant$ $310^{\circ} + 360^{\circ} \times n$, where n is zero or a positive integer, so that distortion of said optical fiber or optical fiber unit generated when said optical fiber cable is bent is suppressed.



Compl. specn. 24 pages

Drgs. 3 sheets

Ind. Class: 174-F---[GROUP-LII(4)]

171179

Int. Cl.4: B 60 G 25/00.

HYDROPNEUMATIC SUSPENSION UNIT FOR WHEELED VEHICLES.

Applicant: SAMM-SOCIETE D' APPLICATIONS DES MACHINES MOTRICES, OF CHEMIN DE LA MALMAISON, 91570 BIEVRES, FRANCE, A FRENCH COMPANY.

Inventors: (1) JOSEPH PHILIPPE

(2) PERROCHAT JEAN-MICHEL.

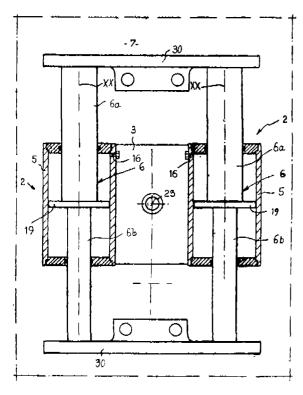
Application No. 578/Mas/filed August 11, 1988.

Appropriate office for opposition proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, Madras.

6 Claims

Hydropneumatic suspension unit for a wheeled vehicle comprising two hydropneumatic jacks (2) each being mounted on one side of an associated wheel (1) forming a closed hydraulic circuit, each jack consisting of a first member (6) and a second member (5), the said first

member (6) or the said second member (5) being fixed to the chassis (7) of the vehicle, the said second member (5) or the said first member (6) being slidably mounted on the corresponding member fixed to the chassis (7) and having means for guiding the sliding movement of the said first member (6) or the said second member (5) at the two opposite end portions thereof, and the said slidably mounted members (5 or 6) of each jack (2) being rigidly connected together and mechanically fastened to the corresponding wheel (1).



Compl. specn. 11 pages

Drwg. 5 sheets

Ind. Class: 125—B_o & 4.C—[GROUP-XI,I(8)] 171180 Int. Cl.⁴: F16 K 21/12; 21/16.

COLLAPSIBLE CHAMBER METERING DEVICE.

Applicant: BESPAK PLC, A BRITISH COMPANY, OF BERGEN WAY, NORTH LYNN INDUSTRIAL ESTATE, KING'S LYNN, NORFOLK PE30 2JI, UNITED KINGDOM.

Inventor: DAVID JOHN HOWLETT.

Application No. 610/MAS/88 filed August 30, 1988.

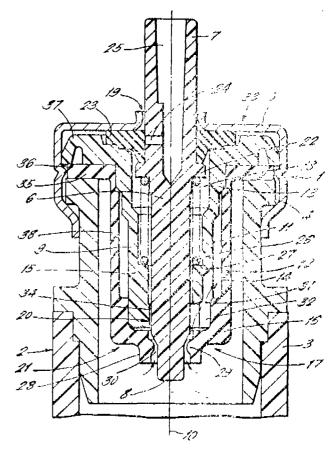
Convention date: September 7, 1987; (No. 8720978; United Kingdom).

Appropriate office for opposition proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Madras Branch.

5 Claims

A collapsible chamber metering device for use in a pressurised dispensing container (2) comprising a generally cylindrical body (3), an elastomeric sleeve (12) coaxially overlaying the body and defining a collapsible chamber (14) therebetween, the body defining an internal chamber (18), channel means (31), providing a fluid flowpath between the said internal chamber and the said collapsible chamber, an axially slidable valve actuating stem (6) extending coaxially through the said internal chamber, outlet valve means (33) operable between the said stem

and the said body at the outer end of the said internal chamber so as to dispense fluid therefrom in an open condition of the valve and inlet valve means (21) operable between the said body and the said stem at the inner end of the said internal chamber to admit fluid thereto in a closed condition of the valve wherein the said inlet valve means has an annular seal portion (29) of the said sleeve co-operating with an inner end portion (8) of the said stem extending theretbrough and wherein the said sleeve has an annular shoulder portion (16) nestably receiving the inner end of the body, wherein the said shoulder portion and the said seal portion being integrally formed of relatively thick and thin material respectively whereby the said shoulder portion and seal portion are relatively rigid and flexible respectively to positively locate the said sleeve upon the valve body whilst permitting deformation of the seal portion.



Compl. specn. 14 pages

Drwgs. 2 sheets

Ind. Cl.; 170D Gr. [XLIII(4)]

171181

Int. Cl.: C 11 d 9/02

SOAP COMPOSITIONS IN SOLID OR PASTE FORMS AND METHOD OF MAKING SAME.

Applicant: HINDUSTAN LEVER LIMITED, A COMPANY INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, 1913, AND HAVING ITS REGISTERED OFFICE AT HINDUSTAN LEVER HOUSE, 165/166 BACKBAY RECLAMATION, BOMBAY-400 020, MAHARASHTRA, INDIA.

Inventors: 1. DEVADATTA SHIVAJI SANKHOLKAR, 2. SUNIL MANOHARLAL SAHNI.

Provisional Application No. 212/Bom/1989 filed on 31-7-1989 and complete after Provisional left on 31-7-1990.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rule 1972), Patent Office, Bombay-13.

12 Claims

1. A soap composition in solid or paste form containing 35 to 90 wt% of an alkali metal soap mixture characterised in that the said soap mixture comprises with respect to the soap mixture 0.5 to 20 wt% of a soap fraction including C₁ and C soaps in an amount of atleast 30 wt% of the soap fraction and 99.5 to 80 wt% of a soap fraction including C₁6 and soaps of chain length higher than C ₁₆, preferably C ₁₈ soaps.

Prov. Specn. 14 pages.

Drg. Nil.

Compl. Specn. 19 pages.

Drg. Nil.

Ind, Cl. 35B [XXV(2)]

17182

Int. Cl.: C 04B 7/32

IMPROVED DIRECT PROCESS FOR MANUFACTURING CALCIUM ALUMINATE HYDRAULIC REFRACTORY BINDER HAVING INTERMEDIATE PURITY OF 35-65% ALUMINA AT LOW SINTERING TEMPERATURE OF LESS THAN 1300°C.

Applicants: THE ASSOCIATED CEMENT COMPANIES LIMITED CEMENT HOUSE, 121 MAHARSHI KARVE ROAD, BOMBAY-400 020, MAHARASHTRA, INDIA.

Inventors: (1) SIVÁRAMÁKRISHNAN NARÁYANAN, (2) DR. INDRÁ NATH CHAKRABORTY, (3) TAPAN MUKHOPADHYAYA (4) SUSHIL KANTA BISWAS AND (5) DR. ANJAN KUMAR CHATTERJEE.

Application No. 230/Bom/1989 filed on August 17, 1989.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patente Rule 1972), Patent Office, Bombay-13.

4 Claims

Improved direct process for manufacturing calcium aluminate hydraulic refractory binder having intermediate purity (35-65% $\rm Al_2O_3$) and having $\rm Al_2O_3$ /CaO ratio less than 1:7 and sintered at low temperature of less than 1300°C., comprising the steps of :

- (i) crushing/grinding/pulverizing separately or together argillaceous and calcareous materials stated in TABLE-III to pass through less than-200 predeterminded Tyler mesh;
- (ii) blending said pulverized raw mix of step (i) with silicious additives stated in Table-IV;
- (iii) nodullizing/briquetting/pelletizing the blended mass of step (ii) with addition of less than 3% by weight of calcium halides and other hereinstated organic/ inorganic binders such as dextrin, dextrose, sulfite, PVA (Poly-Vinyl-alcohol) and the like or combinations thereof to broaden sintering range of said raw mix;
- (iv) sintering in a rotary or other suitable kiln the raw mix of step (iii) at temp. less than 1300°C.;
- (v) allowing the sintered product of step (v) to cool down to ambient temperature; and
- (vi) grinding/pulverizing the product of step (v) to predetermined fineness having properties given in Table-II for being used as refractory binder in the manufacture of refractory bricks/shapes/monolithics.

Compl. Specn. 11 pages.

Drgs. Ni

Ind. Cl. 201 C-II (4)

171183

Int. Cl.: CO2 F-1/66

AN IMPROVED METHOD FOR DEFLUORIDATION OF WATER.

Applicant: ION EXCHANGE INDIA LTD., OF TIECICON HOUSE, DR. E. MOSES ROAD, MAHALAXMI, BOMBAY-400 071, MAHARASHTRA, INDIA, AN INDIAN ORGANISATION.

Application No. 305/Bom/89 filed by 10-11-89.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rule 1972), Patent Office, Bombay-13.

6 Claims

An improved method of defluoridating water containing fluoride ions by passing same through a bed of defluoridating agent such as activated alumina characterized in that the water containing fluoride ions is first brought to a pH of 5.0 to 5.5 by subjecting the fluoride ion containing water to acid treatment by using mineral acid like dilute HC1 or dilute H₂SO₄ or weak acid cation exchange resin and then passed through the bed of defluoridating agent of activated alumina.

Compl. Specn. 10 pages.

Drgs. Nil.

Ind. Cl.: 98 G, E, D, [VII (2)]

171184

Int. Cl.: F 28D 3/04, 1/053

IMPROVEMENTS IN OR RELATING TO A SHELL AND TUBE HEAT EXCHANGER OF THE TYPE CONSISTING OF DOUGHNUT AND DISC BAFFLES.

Applicants: LARSEN & TOUBRO LIMITED, L & THOUSE, BALLARD ESTATE, BOMBAY-400 038, MAHARASHRTRA, INDIA.

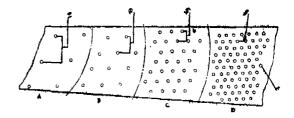
Inventors: (1) MATHUR RAMASWAMY SHANKER & (2) GAJANAN KRISHNAJI SADEKAR.

Application No. 152/Bom/1990 filed on June 12, 1990.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rule 1972), Patent Office, Bombay-13.

2 Claims

A shell and tube heat exchanger of the type consisting of doughnut and disc baffles the improvement being characterised in that the said baffles are divided into zones from the inner edge to the outer edge of the said baffles and tubes are simply supported in the said zones in spaced apart lines such that the transverse pitch of the tubes in the said zones progressively decreases from the innermost zone to the outermost zone to minimise variation of shell side fluid flow velocity and heat transfer rate across the said baffles.



Compl. Specn. 10 pages.

Drgs, 5 sheets.

Cl.: 42 A 2 C (XVI)

171185

Int. Cl.: A 24 D 1/12, 13/16

A FILTER CIGARETTE IN COMBINATION WITH AN ASH COLLECTING AND SAFETY IMPARTING AND SELF-LIGHTING ENCLOSURE.

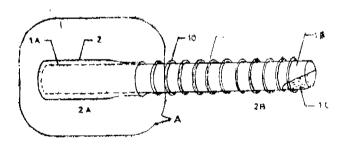
Applicant & Inventor: VEERESH BAHADUR, 29-A 14 TAKSHILA, MAHAKALI CAVES ROAD, ANDHERI (E), BOMBAY-400 093, MAHARASHTRA, INDIA, AN INDIAN CITIZEN.

Application No. 165/Bom/90 filed on 21-6-90.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rule 1972), Patent Office, Bombay-13.

4 Claims

1. A filter cigarette in combination with an ash collecting and safety imparting and self-lighting enclosure consisting of filter material cigarette holder, the filter tipped inner end of said cigarette being located in a recess provided in said holder from the inner end thereof, said recess being provided with a flared larger profile towards the inner end of said holder to define a flared clearance between the inner end of said holder and inner end of said cigarette, the outer end of said cigarette being 3 (d) & 3 (f) provided with a laterally exposed portion of tobacco, flexible tubular flame screen consisting of a metallic wire mesh or perforated metallic sheet, the outer end of said flame screen being closed and the inner end of said flames screen being tapered and provided with a plurality of circumferentially spaced apart axially extending prongs, said flame screen being disposed over said cigarette in a spaced apart relationship therewith and the progns of said flame screen being anchored in said flared clearance between the inner end of said holder and inner end of said cigarette the outer peripheral profile of the inner end of said flame screen and flared profile towards the inner end of said holder being selected to provide a tension fit of the inner end of the said flame screen against the said holder, the outer end of said flame screen being laterally provided with a molten metal deposit on the outer surface and inner surface thereof corresponding to the exposed portion of tobacco at the outer end of said cigarette, at least one hole being provided verti-cally through the molten metal deposit both on the outer surface and inner surface at the outer end of said flame screen, a moisture-proof safety match chemical deposit pro-vided in said hole at the outer end of said flame screen, said safety match chemical deposit protruding the molten metal deposit both on the outer surface and inner surface at the outer end of the said flame screen, a wick member fixed to the exposed portion of tobacco at the outer end of said cigarette such that said wick member abuts the safety match chemical deposit protruding the inner surface at the outer end of said flame screen, a translucent and porous material wrapper provided around said flame screen upto the joint between said prongs and said holder, said wrapper being laterally provided with a cut corresponding to the molten metal deposit at the outer end of the said flame screen and a band provided around the joint between said progns and holder.



Compl. Specn, 17 pages.

Drgs. 5 sheets.

Ind. Cl.: 189 [LXVI (9)]

171186

Int. Cl.: A 61K - 7/48.

WATER-IN-SILICONE OIL TRASPARENT EMULSION

Applicants: HINDUSTAN LEVER LIMITED OF HINDUSTAN LEVER HOUSE, 165/166, BACKBAY RECLAMATION, BOMBAY-400020, MAHARASHTRA, INDIA, A COMPANY INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, 1913.

Inventors: (1) MAVIS CLAIRE PEREIRA A BRITISH SUBJECT 23 GARDENS ROAD, LOWER BEBINGTON, WIRRAL, MERSEYSIDE WEG 15, 4800 BIELEFELD 1 WEST GRMANY.

(2) UDO SPIEGEL A GERMAN CITIZEN, STRA-LAUER WEG 15, 4800 BIELEFELD 1, WEST GERMANY,

Application No. 173/BOM/90 filed on 29-6-90.

UK Priority dated 29-6-89.

Appripriate Office for opposition piroceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules 1972) Patent Office, Bombay Branch.

15 Claims

A water-in-silicone oil transparent emulasion, suitable for topical application to mammalian skin or hair, which comprises, in addition to water:

- (i) from 1 to 50% by weight of a volatile polydimethylsiloxane;
- (ii) from 0.1 to 20% by weight of a silicone surfactant ingradient comprising a polymer of dimethyl polysiloxane with polyoxyethlene and/or polyoxypropy lene side chains having a molecular weight of from 10,000 to 50,000 and having the structure;



a having a value of from 9 to 115,

b having a value of from 0 to 50,

x having a value of from 133 to 673.

y having a value of from 25 to 0.25, and

(iii) from 1 to 50% by weight of a transparency structurant comprising at least one polyhydric alcoholchosen from those having from 3 to 8 carbon atoms.

Compl. specn. 27 pages,

Drg. Nil

Ind. Cl.: 98 I [VII(2)]

171187

Int. Cl.: F 24 j - 2/04; 2/16.

AN IMPROVED SOLAR WATER HEATER.

Applicant & Inventor: VASANT RAMCHANDRA BIR-MAL, 47 BIRMAL NAGAR, SHANKAR SHETH ROAD, PUNE-411 037, MAHARASHTRA, INDIA.

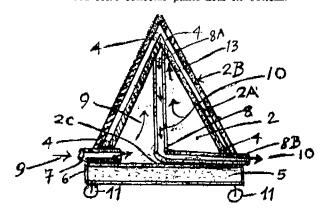
Application No. 191/BOM/1990 filed July 24, 1990.

Appropriate Office or opposition proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules 1972), Patent Office Branch, Bombay-13.

3 Claims

An improved solar water heater comprising a plurality of flat bed solar collector panels attached on a thermally insulated base in pyramidal shape to form therebetween a hot water storage tank, the said base consisting of a metal plate provided therebelow with thermal insulation with castor wheels, each of said flat bed solar collector panels consisting of a back plate coated on its outer surface with non-reflective black paint, a transparent toughened glass sheet or polycarbonate plastic sheet provided over said back plate in spaced relationship leaving a gap therebetween, and sealed with a gasket provided between said back plate and said transparent sheet, a cold water inlet provided in one of said flat

bed solar collector panel near its bottom and a hot water pipe provided inside said hot water storage tank having its inlet at the apex of said tank and its outlet projecting out from the other flat bed solar collector panel near its bottom.



Compl. specn. 10 pages

Drg. 1 sheet

Ind. Cl.: 114 D, E Gr. [XXIV(3)]

171188

Int. Cl.; G 01 N - 33/44.

Title : A DEVICE FOR SORTING SEMI-FINISHED WET BLUE LEATHER INTO VARIOUS GRADES.

Applicant: TATA EXPORTS LIMITED, AT BLOCK A, SHIVSAGAR ESTATE, DR. ANNIE BESANT ROAD, WORLI, BOMBAY-400 018, MAHARASHTRA, INDIA.

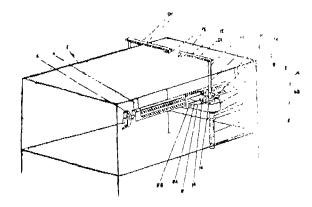
Inventor: (1) NISHIKANT BHAGAWAN KARMAR-KAR.

Application No. 227/BOM/90 filed on 29-8-1990.

Appropriate Office for opposition proceedings (Rule 4, Patent Rules 1972) Patent Office Branch, Bombay-13.

2 Claims

A device for sorting semi-finished wet blue leather into various grades, consisting of a table provided with a pair of opposing leather holder means disposed at opposite sides thereof, each of said leather holder means consisting of a leadscrew guide rigidly mounted on the respective side of said table, a leadscrew rotatably supported in said leadscrew guide and provided with a handle at one end thereof, a nut provided on said lead screw in thread engagement therewith and located in a slide which in turn is slidably mounted on said leadscrew guide, a tubular housing vertically disposed and passing through a hole provided in said slide, said tubu-lar housing being rotatable in said hole and held onto said slide between a pinion rigidly mounted on said tubular housing and abutting the upper surface of said slide and a first flange provided on said tubular housing and abutting the lower surface of said slide, a first pneumatic cylinder verti-cally disposed and rigidly fixed to a second flange provided on said tubular housing in spaced apart relationship with said first flange, the piston rod of said first pneumatic cylinder passing through and protruding said tubular housing, a horizontally disposed arm one end of which is rigidly fixed to the protruding end of the piston rod of said first cylinder and the other end of which is provided with a button at the inner surface thereof, a soleniod operated plunger type direction control valve rigidly mounted at the upper end of said tubular housing with the plunger of said direction control being disposed in a longitudinal groove in the piston rod of said first cylinder through a radial hole provided in said tubular housing at the upper end thereof, the lower surface wall of said longitudinal groove being provided with a taper, a rack horizontally slidably disposed in a rack guide which in turn is horizontally disposed and rigidly mounted on said alide, said pinion being in mesh with said rack, a second pneumatic cylinder horizontally disposed and rigidly fixed to one end of said rack guide, the piston rod of said second pneumatic cylinder being rigidly connected to one end of said rack corresponding to said one end of said rack guide and a pair of 4-ports foot pedal operated valves supported at the base of said table, a first port of each of said foot pedal operated valves being connectable to an air supply, a second port and a third port of one of said foot pedal operated valves being connected to the non-piston rod side and piston rod side, respectively, of the first cylinders of said leather holder means, a second port of the other foot pedal operated valve being connected to the piston rod side of the second cylinders of said leather holder means and a third port of the other foot pedal operated valve being connected to the non-piston rod side of the second cylinders of said leather holder means through the respective solenoid operated plunger type direction control valve, a fourth fort of each of said foot pedal operated valves being the exhaust port thereof.



Compl. specn. 15 pages,

Drgs. 6 sheets

Ind. Cl. 189 [LXVI(9)]

171189

Int. Cl. A 45 D, 19/16

AQUEOUS SHAMPOO COMPOSITIONS AND METHOD OF MAKING SAME.

Applicants: HINDUSTAN LEVER LTD., 165/166, BACKBAY RECLAMATION, BOMBAY-400 020, MAHARASHTRA, INDIA.

Inventors: (1) EUAN STUART REID, (2) ANDREW MALCOLM MURRAY.

Application No. 318/Bom/1990 filed Dec. 3, 1990.

U.K. Convention date Dec 4, 1989 and Jul 23, 1990.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patent Rules, 1972) Patent Office, Bombay Branch.

9 Claims

- 1. An aqueous shampoo composition comprising, in addition to water.
- (a) from 2 to 40% by weight of surfactant chosen from anionic, nonionic or amphoteric surfactants or mixture thereof;
 - (b) from 0.01 to 3% by weight of cationic conditioning polymer which is a cationic derivative of guar gum. gum,
 - (c) form 0.1 to 10% weight of an insoluble, non-volatile silicone, present as emulsified particles with an average particle size of less than 2um.

Compl. Specn. 23 pages

Dras Nil

Ind. Cl.: 189 [LXVI(3)]

171190 Ind. Cl.: 141 D.

171192

Int. Cl.: A 61 k-7/02

CLEANING COMPOSITIONS SUITABLY FOR TOPI-CAL APPLICATION TO HUMAN SKIN TO REMOVE MAKE-UP.

Applicants: HINDUSTAN LEVER LIMITED, 165/166 BACKBAY RECLAMATION. BOMBAY-400 020, MAHARASHTRA, INDIA.

Inventors: DAVID ARTHUR ROSSER.

Application No. 338/Bom/90 filed—December 19, 1990.

U.K. Convention date-December 21, 1989.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patent Rules, 1972) Patent Office Branch, Bombay-13.

11 Claims

- 1. A cleaning composition suitable for topical application to human skin to remove make-up, the composition comprising
- (a) from 90 to 98% by weight of a concentrate comprising
 - (i) from 10 to 40% by weight of an oil having at least one ester group, in which the alkanoate moiety has from 8 to 22 carbon atoms;
 - (ii) from 2 to 20% by weight of nonionic emulsifier having an average HLB value of from 5 to 14, said smulsifier comprising an alkyl or alkaryl moiety having from 9 to 15 carbon atoms, and from 2 to 10 ethylene oxide units;
 - (iii) water: and
 - (b) from 2 to 10% by weight of a propellant.

Compl. Specn. 28 pages

Drg. Nil

Ind. Cl.: 141 D

171191

Int. Cl. : C22B 1/243

A PROCESS FOR THE PREPARATION OF COLD BONDED IRON ORE PELLETS.

Applicant: COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH, RAFI MARG, NEW DELHI-110001, INDIA, AN INDIAN REGISTERED BODY INCORPORATED UNDER THE REGISTRATION OF SOCIETIES ACT (ACT XXI OF 1860).

Inventors: DIPAK KUMAR DUTTA, SURAJIT GUPTA, DIPAK BORDOLOI & PRAKASH CHANDRA BORTHAKUR.

Application for Patent No. 317/Del/87 filed on 13 Apr 1987.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972) Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-110 005.

5 Claims

A process for the preparation of cold bonded iron ore pellets which comprises mixing 88-90% iron ore fines with 5-10% granulated blast furnace slag along with 1-2% lime or 4.5% ordinary partland cement which may or may not contain gypsum in such a manner that total weight % of ingredients is 100, then nodulising the resultant mixture in the presence of water in a disc nodulizer and curing the resultant green pellets by known methods as here in described.

Compl. Specn. II pages

Int. Cl.4: C22B 1/243

AN IMPROVED PROCESS FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF COLD BONDED IRON ORE PELLETS.

Applicant: COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH, RAFI MARG, NEW DELHI-110 001, INDIA, AN INDIAN REGISTERED BODY INCORPORATED UNDER THE REGISTRATION OF SOCIETIES ACT (ACT XXI OF 1860).

Inventors: SIBDAS BANDYOPADHYAY, SURAJIT GUPTA, DIPAK KUMAR DUTTA & DIPAK BORDOLOI.

Application for Patent No. 387/Del/87 filed on 05 May 1987

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972) Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-110 005.

3 Claims

An improved process for the manufacture of cold bonded iron ore pellets which comprises mixing the 70—90% ore fines of —30 mesh size and 7—15% of finely ground portland cement clinker with constant spraying of water, heating the resultant green pellets at a temperature between 40 to 100° C, for a period of 2—8 hrs, steam curing the pellets at a pressure of 5—40 Psi for a period of 10—40 hrs and further heating the steam cured pellets to a temperature in the range of 50° C—200°C for a period of 2—24 hrs.

Compl. Specn. 17 pages

Ind. Cl.: 139 D

171193

Int. Cl.4: C01B 3/00

A PROCESS FOR PRODUCING PURIFIED HYDROGEN IN A PRESSURE-SWING ADSORPTION PROCESS AND AN APPARATUS FOR PRODUCING THE SAME.

Applicant: UNION CARBIDE CORPORATION, MANUFACTURERS A CORPORATION ORGANISED AND EXITING UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA WITH OFFICES AT 39 OLD RIDGEBURY ROAD, DANBURY, STATE OF CONNECTICUT, 06817, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Inventors: GEOFFREY QUAINTON MILLER & ROBERT LAWTON GRAY.

Application for Patent No. 522/Del/87 filed on 30 Jun 1987.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972) Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-

4 Claims

A process for producing purified hydrogen having more than 99% purity in a pressure-swing adsorption process comprising the following steps:

- (a) adsorption-wherein a feed gas such as herein described is passed to an adsorber bed containing adsorbent at an elevated predetermined adsorption pressure to provide a product gas having a reduced concentration of impurities relative to the feed gas;
- (b) cocurrent depressurization—wherein the pressure in the adsorber bed is reduced to a cocurrent depressurization pressure that is lower than said adsorption pressure to provide a cocurrent depressurization effluent that can be used for purging and/or repressurizing another adsorber bed;
- (c) countercurrent depressurization—wherein the adsorber bed depressureized to a regeneration pressure that is lower than said cocurrent depressurization pressure to provide a tail gas stream comprising the impurities and

- (d) purge—wherein the adsorber bed is purged with the product containing gas and repressurization to said adsorption pressure.
- (e) sensing in a manner as heroin described the concentration of the impurity in the cocurrent depressurization effluent, and
- (f) taking a corrective action responsive to the sensed concentration said corrective action being at least one of varying the feed rate, varying the duration of the adsorption step, or varying the cocurrent depressurization pressure.

An apparatus for producing purified hydrogen in a pressure-swing adsorption process as claimed in any one of the preceding claims comprising

a sensing (32) means for sensing a characteristic of the kind such as herein described of the effluent from said cocurrent depressurization step;

means (36, 48, 49) for taking a corrective action responsive to the sensed characteristic, said action being effective to vary the impurity concentration in the product gas in the direction necessary to obtain desired product purity;

a gas analyser for sensing a physical characteristic of the product gas stream; and

control means (134) for comparing the sensed physical characteristic of the product gas stream to a reference value and means

for establishing a target value for the sensed characteristic of the cocurrent depressurization effluent in response to the comparison of the sensed value of impurity in the product gas stream to the reference value.

Compl. Speen. 25 pages

Drgs. 4 sheets

Ind. Cl.: 141 D

171194

Int. Cl.º: C22B 1/243

A PROCESS FOR PRODUCING HIGH STRENGTH COLD BONDED ORE PELLETS OF ORE FINES HAVING A STRENGTH OF 200 KG.

Applicant: COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH. RAFI MARG, NEW DELHI-110001, INDIA, AN INDIAN REGISTERED BODY INCORPORATED UNDER THE REGISTRATION OF SOCIETIES ACT (ACT XXI OF 1860).

Inventors: SIBDAS BANDYOPADHYAY, DIPAK KUMAR DUTTA, SURAJIT GUPTA & DIPAK BORDOLOI.

Application for Patent No. 663/Del/87 filed on 31 Jul 1987.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972) Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-110 005.

7 Claims

A process for the preparation of high strength cold bonded pellets of ores fines having strength of 200 kgs pellet of 15—20 mm diameter which comprises pulverising ore fines, mixing the pulverised ore fines with 7-10% portland cement clinker and 0.4-2.8% of an accelerator such as here in described both by weight percentage of ore fines heating at a temperature of 40-90°C for 2-4 hrs, followed by steam curing at 5-40 psi for 3-10 hrs and further heating the pellets at a temperature in the range of 80-200°C for 2-40 hrs.

Compl. Speen. 19 pages

Ind. Cl.: 32 B.

171195

Int. Cl.4: B01D 53/14

A PROCESS FOR TREATMENT OF FEED GASES TO PRODUCE ACID-FREE FEED GASES SUCH AS FUELS AND SYNTHESIS GASES.

Applicant: UNION CARBIDE CORPORATION, MANUFACTURERS, A CORPORATION ORGANISED AND EXITING UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA WITH OFFICES AT 39 OLD RIDGEBURY ROAD, DANBURY, STATE OF CONNECTICUT. 06817, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Inventor: BHADRA SAIN GROVER.

Application for Patent No. 673/Del/87 filed on 31 Jul 1987.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972) Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-110 005.

11 Claims

A process for the treatment of feed gases such as synthesis gases and raw gas mixtures as hereinbefore defined to remove therefrom acid gases and produce acid-free feed gases which comprises contacting the feed gas with and aqueous alkaline scrubbing solution of the kind such as herein described for absorbing said acid gases from the feed gas to form a rich scrubbing solution, and subjecting it to a regeneration step to desorb therefrom the said acid gases to form a lean solution said scrubbing solution being continuously recycled between said absorbing step and said regeneration step characterised in that said regeneration step comprises subjecting a first portion of the rich scrubbing solution to a steam stripping step to form a lean solution which if desired is flashed, to remove low pressure steam therefrom and then is recycled to the absorption step, and a vapor stream containing the removed acid gases and steam; subjecting the second portion of the rich scrubbing solution to at least a two stage flashing step wherein in the first stage the said rich scrubbing solution is flashed to remove acid gases and steam therefrom to form a partially regenerated solution and in the second stage the partially regenerated solution is subjected to a gas stripping step by countercurrently contacting with the vapor stream obtained from the steam stripping step, to remove acid gases and steam from the partially regenerated solution; and heating the partially regenerated solution by heat transferred from the lean scrubbing solution obtained from the steam stripping step, thereby removing additional acid gases from the partially regenerated solution by forming steam

Compl. Specn. 31 pages

Drgs. 2 sheets

Ind. Cl.: 24 E (LV)

171196. Ind. C

171198

Int. Cl.4: F 16 D 49/20.

AUTOMATIC ADJUSTMENT SPACER FOR A DRUM BRAKE.

Applicant: BENDIX FRANCE, A FRENCH COMPANY, OF 126, RUE DE STALINGRAD, 93700 DRANCY, FRANCE

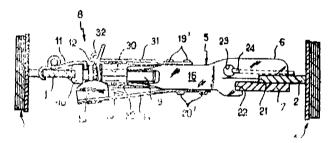
Inventors: ERIC MICHOUX, MICHEL DENREE AND JEAN MOREAU.

Application for Patent No. 716/DEL/87 filed on 18-8-87.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972) Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-5.

5 Claims

Automatic adjustment spacer for a drum brake for being mounted between two brake shoes, (3, 4), comprising a spacer body (5) and a screw/nut system (8), said screw (9) being received in a cylindrical receptacle (30) of the spacer body and the nut (12) interacting selectively with a pawl (13) integral with a metal blade (14) mounted on the spacer body (5), the latter comprising an elongate main part of substantially rectangular cross section (16) and a widened end head (29), the cylindrical receptacle (30) being formed longitudinally in said widneed end head the spaced body (5) being of a metal place having two transverse end wings (25, 25) rolled up, with bending, with their lateral margins (26, 26), contiguous, to constitute said widened end head (29).



Compl. Specn. 8 pages.

Drwg. 1 sheet.

Ind. Cl.: 32 E IX (1).

171197

Int. Cl.: C 08 F/114/06.

PROCESS FOR PRODUCING POROUS, SKINLESS, AGGLOMERATED POLVINYL RESIN PARTICLES.

Applicant: THE B.F. GOODRICH COMPANY, A NEW YORK CORPORATION, OF 3925 EMBASSY PARKWAY, AKRON, OHIO 44313, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Inventor: ROMAN BOHDAN HAWRYLKO.

Application for Patent No. 718/DEL/87 filed on 18-8-1987.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972) Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-5.

9 Claims

A process for producing porous, skinless, agglomerated polyvinyl resin particles comprising polymerizing vinyl monomer in the presence of at least one ion sensitive primary dispersant of the kind such as herein described in the range of from 0.01 parts by weight to 0.1 parts by weight to 100 parts by weight of said monomer, said primary dispersant being present for thickening water to form monomer droplets, and at least one secondary dispersant of the kind such as herein described for increasing the colloidal stability thereof, adding 1 per cent to 5 per cent of an ionic material of the kind such as herein described to said reaction mixture so that a substantial amount of said primary dispersant is desorbed from said monomer droplets to produce skinless, agglomerated, porous polyvinyl resin in particulate form.

Compl. Specn. 44 pages.

Drwg. 6 sheets

Ind. Cl.: 206 F LXII

Int. Cl.: G 06 F 3/00, 13/00.

DIGITAL DATA PROCESSING SYSTEM.

Applicant: DIGITAL FQUIPMENT CORPORATION, OF 146 MAIN STREET MAYNARD, MASSACHUSETTS 01754 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, A CORPORATION ORGANISED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Inventor: PAUL IRWIN RUBINFELD.

Application for Patent No. 733/DEL/87 filed on 21st August, 1987.

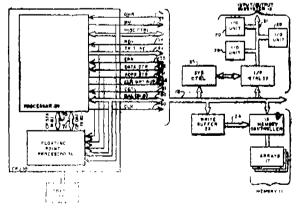
Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972) Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-110 005.

9 Claims

A digital data processing system having an information store (11) for storing instructions, and a central processing unit (30), connected to the information store (11) by a bus (13) that has multiple lines, for retrieving instructions to be executed,

said central processing unit (30) comprising:

- (i) an operation code transfer circuit (272) for transmitting to auxiliary processor unit (31) an operation code from a retrieved instruction of a selected type; and
- (ii) an operand transfer means (271) for processing instructions such as an operand specifier, the operand transfer means (271) comprising:
- (a) an operand locator (40) responsive to an operand specifier for identifying to said auxiliary processor unit (31) a source of an operand identified by said operand specifier, and
- (b) an operand transfer initiating circuit (271, 273) for initiating the transfer of an operand to the auxiliary processor unit (31); and said auxiliary processor unit (31) being connected to at least some of the lines of the bus (13) for executing instructions of selected types, at least some of said instructions including a said operation code and a said operand specifier; said auxiliary processor unit (31) having an operand receiver responsive to operand source information from said operand locator (40) and the initiating of an operand transfer by said operand transfer initiating circuit for receiving an operand.



Compl. Specn. 63 pages.

Drwg. 4 sheets

Ind. Cl.: 189 LXVI (9)

171199

Int. Cl.4: A 45 D 37/00, A 61 K 7/16.

A SACHET FOR HOLDING A DENTIFRICE.

Applicant: COLGATE-PALMOLIV COMPANY, A CORPORATION ORGANISED UNDER THE LAWS OF

THE STATE OF DELAWARE, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OF 300 PARK AVENUE, NEW YORK, NEW YORK 10022, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Inventors: DORINDA ANN SPARACIO, STEVEN WADE FISHER AND SANDRA LEE SCHELM.

Application for Patent No. 743/DFL/87 filed on 24th August 1987.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rudes, 1972) Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-110 005.

4 Claims

A sachet comprising a heat-sealed laminated package for holding therein a dentifrice of an amount of 7-12 cc and the ratio of the inner surface of said laminated package to the volume of said dentifrice being from 16: 1 to 9: 1, said package having an upper layer made of a flexible plastic sheeting of the kind such as herein described and an inner layer made of acrylonitrile methyl acrylate copolymer modified with butadiene acrylonitrile copolymer, said upper and inner layers being adhesively laminated to one another.

Compl. Specn. 16 pages.

Drwg, sheets Nil.

Ind, Cl.: 32 E IX (1).

171260

Int. Cl.4: C 08 F 114/06.

PROCESS FOR PRODUCING VINYL CHLORIDE RESIN HAVING LOW GEL CONTENT.

Applicant: THE B.F. GOODRICH COMPANY, A NEW YORK CORPORATION, OF 3925 EMBASSY PARK-WAY, AKRON, OHIO 44313, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Inventor: YUNG-CHIN YANG.

Application for Patent No. 749/DEL/87 filed on 25th August 1987.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972) Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-110 005.

6 Claims

A process for producing a vinyl chloride resin having a low gel content, comprising adding at least one vinyl chloride monomer of the kind such as herein described to a reaction vessel coated with an aromatic compound of the kind such as herein described for inhibiting polymer build up on the internal surface of said reaction vessel, adding to said vessel a primary dispersant of the kind such as herein described having 70 to 98 mole percent hydrolzed disper-

sant for suspending said monomers during polymerization and a modified cellulose ether dispersant upto 80 per cent by weight, and adding an amount of 10 to 60 mole percent hydrolzed secondary dispersant of the kind such as herein described having 5 per cent by weight or loss of an organic solvent such as methanol and polymerizing to produce a vinyl chloride resin having a low gel content upon polymerization, and repeating said process and producing a low gel content vinyl chloride resin in a continuous manner, not requiring cleaning of said reaction vessel.

Compl. Speen, 26 pages.

Drwg. 1 sheet

Ind. Cl.: 98 G

171201

Int. Cl.: 1 28 D 9/00.

"HEAT TRANSFER ELEMENT ASSEMBLY."

Applicant: THE AIR PREHEATER COMPANY, INC., OF ANDOVER ROAD WELLSVILLE, NEW YORK 14895, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

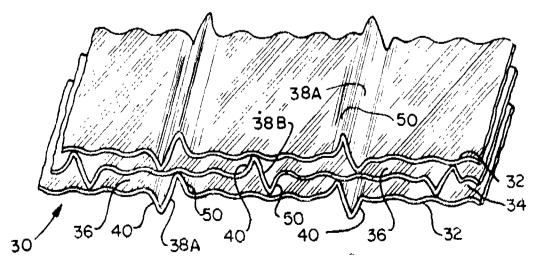
Inventor: JAMES ALAN GROVES.

Application No. 112/Cal/88 filed on February 08, 1988.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patent Rules 1972) Patent Office Calcutta.

9 Claims

An assembly of heat transfer element for a heat exchanger comprising a plurality of heat transfer plates stacked in spaced relationship thereby providing a plurality of passageways between adjacent plates for flowing a heat exchange fluid therebetween, each of said plates having spacers formed therein at spaced intervals so as to maintain a predeter-mined distance between adjacent plates, said spacers comprising bilobed folds having first and second lobes projecting outwardly from the plates, each lobe having an outermost surface for contacting an adjacent plate, and a sloping web portion extending between the outermost surface of the first and second lobes, a first portion of said folds in each of said plates having their first lobe projecting outwardly from said plate in a first direction and their second lobe projecting outwardly from said plate in a second direction opposite to the first direction, and a second portion of said folds in said plate having their first lobe projecting outwardly from said plate in the second direction and their second lobe projecting outwardly from said plate in the first direction, the web portions of said second portion of said folds therev having a pitch opposite to the pitch of the web portions of said first portion of said folds. said first portion of said folds comprising at least one-half of total number of folds in said plate and said second portion of said folds comprising no more than one-half of the total number of total number of folds in said plate.



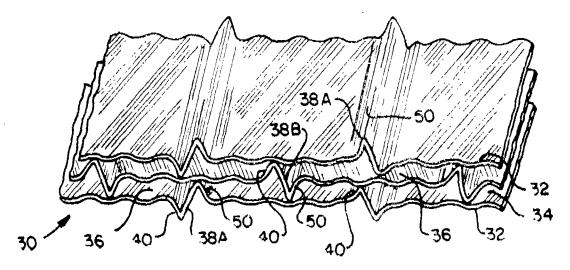


Fig. 1

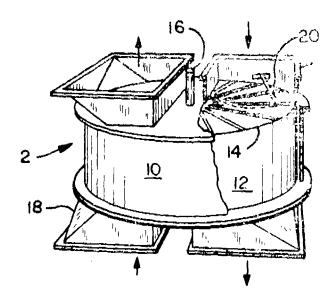


Fig. 2

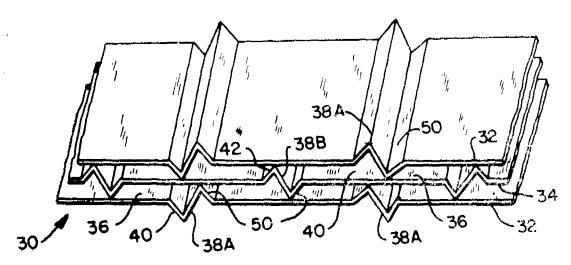


Fig. 3

Compl. Specn. 15 pages.

Drwg. 2 sheets.

Cl.: 128 F G,

171202

Int. Cl.: A 61 B 1/00, 10/00.

"DEVICE FOR SIMULTANEOUSLY DETECTING OR QUANTITATING A PLURALITY OF ANALYTES IN A BIOLOGICAL FLUID SAMPLE."

Applicant: IN VITRO TECHNOLOGIES, INC. OF P.O. BOX 111535 ARLINGTON, TEXAS 76007 USA.

Inventor: KENNETH ALEXANDER KELLY.

Application No. 5411/Cal/88 filed on July 01, 1988.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972) Patent Office, Calcutta.

6 Claims

A device for simultaneously detecting or quantitating a plurality of analytes in a biological fluid sample which device comprises:

- (a) a capillary tubing,
- (b) a plurality of water-insoluble reactive segments located in said capillary tubing, each segment having different immunochemical reagents attached to its surface.
- (c) nonreactive water-insoluble segments located in said capillary tubing for separating said reactive segments from one another, with said reactive and nonreactive segments alternating serially in said capillary tubing.
- (d) means of attachment at both ends of the capillary tubing which serve to retain said segments within said capillary tubing, each of said means of attachment having a bore in fluid connection with said capillary tubing, and
- (e) means for causing flulds to pass into said capillary tubing.



Compl. Speen. 30 pages.

Drgns. 1 sheet)

Cl.: 98 H, 146 E.

171203

Int. Cl.: B 01 J 19/00, G 01 K 5/00.

"TEMPERATURE MONITORING APPARAZUS FOR USE WITH A REACTOR."

Applicant: TEXACO DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, OF 2000 WESTCHESTER AVENUE, WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK 10650, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Inventors: (1) MITRI SALIM NAJJAR, (2) THOMAS FREDERICK LEININGER.

Application No. 741/Cnl/88 filed on September 05, 1988.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972) Patent Office, Calculta.

8 Claims

Temperature monitoring apparatus for use with a reactor (10) having a combustion chamber (12) in which a carbonaceous fuel is to be gasified at a high temperature to produce a usable gas and a residual slag having an amount of free metal therein, which combustion chamber (12) is defined by a refractory lined wall (8, 9) having an access passage (16) which transverse said insulated wall;

said temperature monitoring apparatus being characterized by:

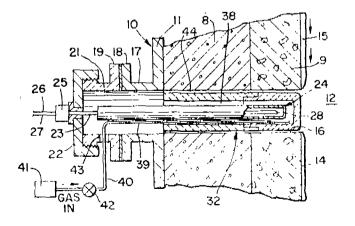
a thermal well (32) removably registrable in said access passage (16) to define an annulus (44) therewith, and having a closed end wall (36) disposed contiguous with the combustion chamber wall (14);

said thermal well (32) comprising discrete first and second cylindrical segments (33, 34), each being formed of a refractory material;

means (17, 21, 22, 25) forming a removable gas tight closure at said reactor wall about the open end of the thermal well (32);

a thermocouple (24) removaly received in said thermal well (32) and having thermocouple wires (26, 27) which pass through said gas tight closure (17, 21, 22, 25) and a gas conduit:

means (39, 40) communicated with a pressurized source (41) of purge gas and opening into said thermal well (32) to envelop said thermocouple (24) with a flow of purge gas which discharges into said combustion chamber (12).



Compl. Specn. 16 pages.

Drwg. 1 sheet,

171204

C1. 98 I

Int. Cl.*: F 24 J 2, 00; 2/02, 2|04, 2|06.

"LIGHTWEIGHT CONSTRUCTIONAL ELEMENT OF SANDWICH STRUCTURE."

Applicant & Inventor: HELLMUTH COSTARD OF SEGITZDAMM 2-4, D-1000 BERLIN 61, WEST GERMANY.

Application No. 828, Cal/88 filed on October 05, 1988.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972) Patent Office, Calcutta.

12 Claims

Lightweight constructional element in sandwich structure comprising two cover plates (13 & 14) which are held a distance apart by a honeycomb structure, characterized in that the honeycomb structure is formed from essentially cylindrical cans (11) of which the axes (15) are perpendicular to the cover plates (13, 14).

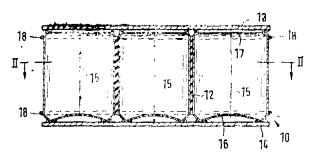


Fig. 1

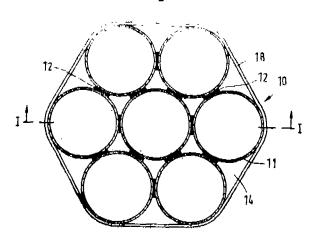


Fig. 2

Compl. Specn. 9 pages.

Drwg. 2 sheets.

Cl.: 146 D-1

171205

Int. Cl.: H 04 B 9/00, G 02 B 6/26.

"OPTICAL COMPONENT FOR FIBER-OPTIC TRANS-MISSION SYSTEMS,"

Applicant: KRONE AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT, OF BEESKOWDAMM 3-11, D-1000 BERLIN 37, WEST GERMANY.

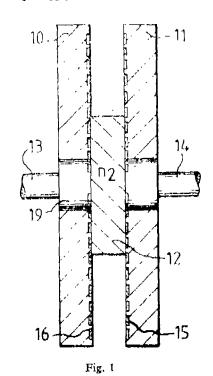
Inventor: GERD MROZYNSKI.

Application No. 903/Cal/88 filed on October 31, 1988.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972) Patent Office, Calcutta.

11 Claims

An optical component for two or more optical fibers, e.g. attenuation element, filter, power divider or the like, comprising at least two supports for the fibers and an adjusting member movable therebetween, characterized by that the supports are formed as guide plates (10, 11; 20, 21;...) and that the adjusting member is formed as adjustment plate (12; 22;...) of dielectric material, that the adjustment plate (12; 22;...) is movable in a guide space (17; 27....) between the guide plates (10, 11; 20, 21;....), and that at least one guide plate (10, 11; 20, 21;....) is provided with inner or outer electrode surfaces (15, 16; 25, 26;....) building-up at least one dielectric field, said electrode surfaces (15, 16; 25, 26;....) being connected to an adjustable voltage supply.



21 22 21, 76 27 20 29 23 25 Fig. 2

Compl. Specn. 13 pages.

Drwg. 5 sheets.

Cl. 127

171206

Int, Cl, B 06 B 1/00.

"VIBRATION GENERATOR"

Applicants: (1) KRAMATORSKY INDUSTRIALNY INSTITUT. OF KRAMATORSK, ULITSA SHKADINOVA, 76 USSR. (2) PROIZVODSTVENNOE OBIEDINENIE "NEVSKY ZAVOD" IMFNI V.I. LENINA OF LENINGRAD, PROSPEKT OBUKHOVSKOI OBORONY, 31, USSR. (3) PROIZVODSTVENNOE OBIEDINENIE "NOVOKRAMATORSKY MASHINOSTROITELNY ZAVOD" OF KRAMATORSK, USSR.

Inventors: (1) ALEXANDR IOSIFOVICH DRYGA, (2) VYACHESLAV MATVEEVICH ALEXEEV, (3) SERGEI ALEXEEVICH POLOVOI.

Application No. 5/Cal/89 filed on January 02, 1989.

Appropriate office for opposition proceeding (Rule 4, Patents Rule 1972) Patent Office, Calcutta.

5 Clairus

A Vibration generator compring a drive shaft mounting unbalance weights, which are a clearance fit on the shaft and are turnable with respect to each other, and a mechanism for adjusting their mutual position, the adjusting mechanism being made in the form of two coaxially arranged cylinders carrying the unbalanced weights and joined together by joining members provided on their engaging surfaces. one of the cylinders being rigidly mounted on the drive shaft, while the other cylinder is mounted on the drive shaft, while the other cylinders is mounted so as to be turnable and axially traversable.

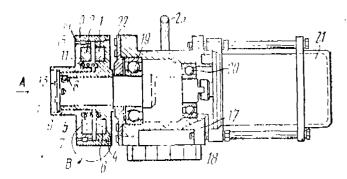


Fig. 1

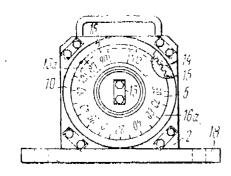


Fig. 2

Compl. speen. 19 pages.

Drgsn. 3 sheets

Cl. 141 A.

171207

Int. Cl. C 22 B 1/24.

"A PROCESS FOR MANUFACTURE OF COKE BRIQUETTES WITH MILL SCALE FOR DESILICONISING OF IRON PRODUCED IN BLAST FURNACE." Applicant: DROLIA FUELS PVT. LTD. OF 26, BURTOLIA STREET, CALCUTTA - 700 007 (WEST BENGAL) INDIA.

Inventors: (1) AWADH KUMAR DROLIA & (2) DR. S. DHARANI PALAN.

Application No. 26/Cal/1989 filed on January 10, 1989.

_Appropriate office for opposition proceedings (Rule 4, Patent Rule 1972) Patent Office, Calcutta.

4 Claims.

A process for manufacturing coke briquetts containing mill scale iron fines for use in blast furnaces comprising bonding iron tines with bonding agents and briquetting same characterized in

- (i) preparing a mix of crushed coke of size between 0—3mm and mill scale in the range of 1—85 and 99 to 15 parts by weight respectively;
- (ii) adding to said mix bitumen as binder in predetermined proportions in the molten state of said binder to obtain a mix of the iron fines, coke fines and binder;
- (iii) maintaining the mix obtained in step (ii) above to a temperature of atleast 60°C;
- (iv) thereafter heating the thus prepared mixture to a temperature range of 80 -90°C to obtain a uniform mix;
- (v) subsequently cooling the hot mix for forming green briquettes in briquetting press;
- (vi) curing said green briquettes by heating preferably in the temperature range of 300-400°C and cooling to obtain final briquettes of desired strength.

Compl. speen. 1 pa2ges,

Drgns.1 sheet.

Cl. 153

171208

Int. Cl. B 24 B 35/00.

"SUPERFINISRING MACHINE USING LAPPING FILM"

Applicant: KABUSHIKI KAISHA NISSHIN SEISAKU-SHO OF 22, AZACHITOSE, MINEYAMACHO, NAKAGAN KYOTO PREFECTURE, JAPAN.

Inventors: (1) MITIO KINUGAWA (2) RYOJI INOUE.

Application No. 46/Cal/89 filed on January 17, 1989.

Appropriate office for opposition proceedings (Rule 4, Patent Rule 1972) Patent Office, Calcutta.

3 Claims

A superfinishing machine using lapping film having a grain surface, on the surface to be polished 30a of the work 30 which is rotated or turned reciprocally, compirising:

a pair of take-up reels 2, 3 for lapping film rotatably held through rotary shafts 4, 5;

follower friction wheels 8, 9 attached to one end of rotary shafts 4, 5;

an oscillation member 11 oscillatably held by way of a pivot 10:

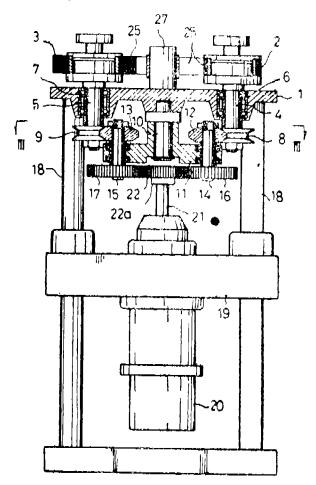
driving friction wheels 12, 13 rotatably disposed at both ends of the oscillation member 11, being frictionally engageable with the follower friction wheels 8, 9;

driving means for rotating and driving the driving friction wheels 12, 13;

driving changeover means for detecting the terminal end of lapping film 25 taken up on the take-up reels 2, 3, and oscillating the oscillation member 11 between two positions;

braking means for braking the follower friction wheels 8, 9 becoming the driven side, in cooperation with the driving changeover means; and

pressing means forpressing the lapping film 25 against the surface to be polished 30a to a work 30.



Compl. specn. 21 pages

Drgns. 6 sheets.

C1. 190 B

171209

Int. Cl. F 02 C, 7/00

"A METHOD FOR PROTECTING TURBINE BLADES OF A GAS TURBINE FROM THE DELETERIOUS EFFECTS OF A VANADIUM CONTAINED IN THE FUEL EMPLOYED IN THE GAS".

Applicant: SIEMENS AKTIFNGSELLSCHAFT OF WITTELSBACHERPLATZ 2, D-8000, MUNCHEN 2, WEST GERMANY.

Inventor: NORBERT CZECH.

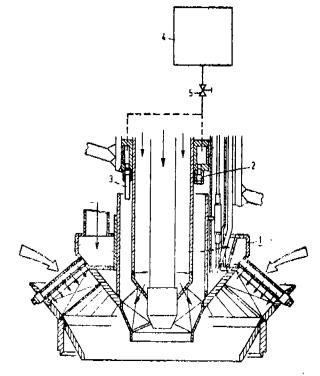
Application No. 41/Cal/89, filed on March 29, 1989.

Appropriate office for opposition proceedings (Rule 4, Patent Rules 1972) Patnet Office, Calcutta.

2 Calims.

A method for protecting turbine blades of a gas turbine from the deleterious effects of vanadium contained in the fuel employed in the gas turbine wherein magnesium compound as herein described is employed to form magnesium vanadate compound thereby binding the vanadium and preventing it from forming corrosive depositing on the blade surface, characterized in that the magnesium compound is injucted in the form of a spray with water and/or steam in the combustion zone, the quantity of magnesium compound injected into the combustion zone being depended on the amount of vanadium present in the fuel in the combustion

zone and being controlled by a metering means for feeding magnesium compound to the water and/or steam.



Compl. speen. 9 pages.

Drgns. One sheet

CI. 27 O.

171210

Int. Cl. F 16 L 59/00.

"HEAT SHIELD ARRANGEMENT",

Applicant: SIEMENS AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT, OF WITTLESBACHERILATZ 2. D-8000 MUNCHEN 2, WEST GERMANY.

Inventor: DR. BERNARD BECKER.

Application No. 431/Cal 89 filed on June 05, 1989.

Appropriate office for opposition proceedings (Rule 4, Patent Rule 1972) Patent Office, Calcutta.

19 Claims

A heat shield arrangement for a structure that contacts hot fluid, comprising surface-covering heat shield elements adapted to be unchosed adjacent to each other on the structure with expansion gaps being left between adjacent elements each heat shield element comprising a mush pom-like cap section and a shaft section, the cap section being a flat or curved polygon with straight or curved edges, and the space between the structure and the heat shield elements being such that a fluid can be admitted through one or more channels in the structure wherein:

- (a) the heat shield elements comprise ceramic material;
- (b) the shaft section of each heat shield element has an enlarged portion on the end away from the cap section at which enlarged portion the heat shield element can be attached by means of a clamp to the structure, the heat shield element being additionally supported against the structure, and
- (c) the clamps comprise thermally stable material having an elasticity higher or substantially higher than that of the material of the heat shield elements, and the shape of the

997

clamps is such that they act as springs in fixing the heat shield elements to the structure thereby determining the force

with which the heat shield elements are retained on the structure,

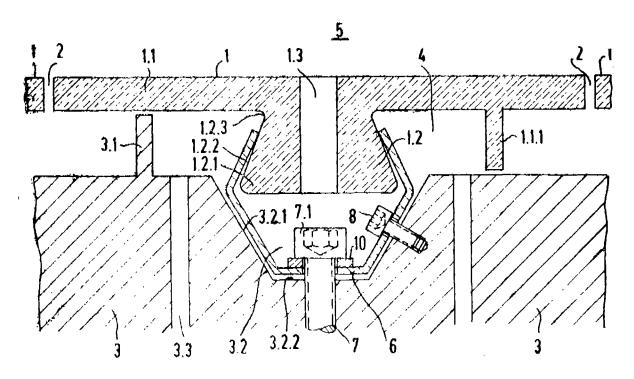


Fig. 1

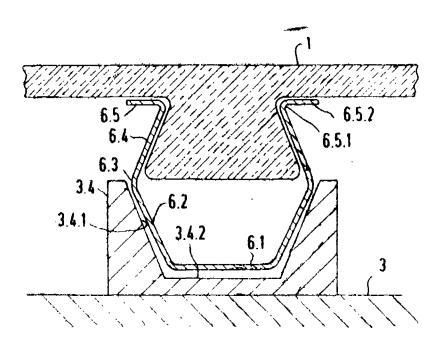


Fig. 2

Compl. specn, 11 pages.

Drgns. 2 sheets.

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Cl. 40 H

171211

Int. Cl. B 01 J 20/00.

"ACID GAS ABSORBENT COMPOSITION USEFUL FOR THE SEPARATION OF ACID GASES CONTAINED IN NATURAL GAS, SYNTHETIC GAS AND COKE OVEN GAS".

Applicant: UNION CARBIDE CHEMICALS AND PLASTICS COMPANY INC. OF 39 OLD RIDGEBURY ROAD, DANBURY CONNECTICUT 06817-0001, U.S.A.

Inventors: (1) YUKIO KADONO. (2) YOSHIAKI URANO. (3) FUMIO WATANABE.

Application No. 927/Cal/88 filed on November 04, 1988.

Appropriate office for opposition proceedings, (Rule 4, Patent Rules 1972) Patent Office, Calcutta.

7 claims.

An acid gas absorbent composition, for using to separate acid gases contained in natural gas, synthetic gas and coke oven gas, comprising a diethylene gleyol dialky either represented by the general formula 1:

$$R^{1}O(C_{2}H_{4}O)_{2}R^{2}$$
 (J)

wherein R¹ and R² are independently and alkyl group of 1 to 4 carbon atoms, and a polyethylene glycol dialkyl ether represented by the general formula II:

$$R^{3}O(C_{2}H_{4}O)_{n} R^{4}$$
 (II)

wherein R^a and R⁴ are independently and alkyl group of 1 to 4 carbon atoms and n is an integer in the range of 3 to 8, wherein the molar ratio of said diethylene glycol dialkyl ether to said polyethylene glycol dialkyl ether is in the range of 95:5 to 60:40.

Compl. specn, 23 pages.

Drgns, 10 sheets.

Cl. 88 A.

171212

Int. Cl. C 01 B 3/00.

"AN IMPROVED PROCESS FOR PRODUCING SYNTHESIS AND COMBUSTION GASES".

Applicant: KRUPP KOPPERS GMBH. OF ALTEN-DORFER STRASSE 120, D 4300 ESSEN 1, WEST GER-MANY.

Inventors: (1) HANS-RICHARD BAUMANN. (2) MICHAEL KUHN. (3) ULRICH MEISL.

Application No. 1014/Cal/88 filed on December 07, 1988.

Appropriate Office for opposition proceedings (Rule 4, Patent Rules 1972) Patent Office. Calcutta.

8 claims.

An improved process for producing synthesis and combustion gases, the step of conveying finely granulated to powdered fuel into a high-pressure gassification reactor, in which the fuel to be gassified is pneumatically conveyed from the dressing plant into a stock vessel provided with a filter and passes from there by gravity flow into a transfer vessel, from which it is fed via a metering vessel to the burners of the gassification reactor, the transfer vessel being alternately pressurized and let down again, and a combustible gas being used for the pressurising of the transfer vessel and metering

vessel and also for feeding the fuel to the burners of the gassification reactor, the improvement where in comprises adjusting the volumetric flow of combustible gas fed to the transfer vessel and met ring vessel exclusively to the requirement for building up and maintaining the pressure and for feeding the fuel to the gassification reactor, such that there is no loosening, similar to a fluidised bed, of the bulk fuel in the transfer vessel and metering vessel.

Compl. speen. 15 pages.

Drgns. 2 sheets.

Cl. 101 F

171213.

Int. Cl. E 02 B 1/00.

"CONTROL SYSTEM FOR LOAD-SENSING HYDRA-ULIC DRIVE CIRCUIT".

Applicant: HITACHI CONSTRUCTION MACHINERY CO. LTD. OF 6-2, OHTEMACHI-2-CHOME, CHIYODA-KU, TOKYO, JAPAN.

Inventors: (1) EIKI IZUMI, (2) YASUO TANAKA, (3) HIROSHI WATANABE, (4) KUNIAKI YOSHIDA, (5) TOICHI HIRATA.

Application No. 79/Cal/89 filed on January 25, 1989.

Appropriate office for opposition proceedings (Rule 4, Patent Office 1972) Patent Office, Calcutta.

11 Claims.

A control system for a load-sensing hydraulic drive circuit comprising; at least one hydraulic pump; a plurality of hydraulic fluid delivered from said hydraulic pump; and a pressure compensated flow control valve connected between said pump and each of said actuators, for controlling a flow rate of the fluid supplied to each said actuator in response to an operation signal from control means, wherein said control system comprises:

first detection means for detecting a differential pressure between the delivery pressure of said pump and the maximum load pressure among said plurality of hydraulic actuators:

second detection means for detecting the delivery pressure of said pump:

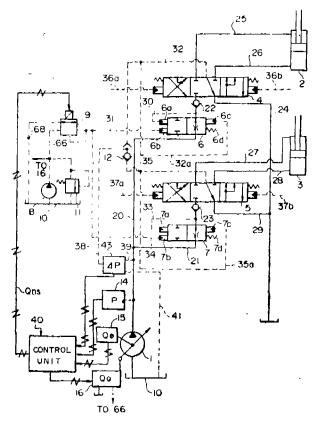
first means for calculating, based on a differential pressure signal from said first detection means, a differential pressure target delivery amount Q p of said pump to hold said differential pressure constant:

second means for calculating an input limiting target delivery amount QT of said pump based on at least a pressure signal from said second detection means and an input limiting function preset for said pump;

third means for selecting one of said differential pressure target delivery amount Q p and said input limiting target delivery amount QT as a delivery amount target value Qo for said pump, and then controlling the delivery amount of said pump such that the delivery amount does not exceed above said input limiting target delivery amount QT: and

fourth means for calculating a compensation value Qns to limit a total consumable flow rate for said actuator based on at least said input limiting target delivery amount QT and said differential pressure target delivery amount Q p when said input limiting target delivery amount QT is select.

ed by said third means, and then controlling said pressure conpensated flow control valve based on said conpensation value Qus.



(Compl. Speci. 84 pages.

Drwg. 17 sheets.)

Cl. 35 E.

171214

Int. Cl. C 04 B 35/00, B 32 B 18/00.

"A METHOD FOR PRODUCING A PROTECTIVE LAYER ON A CERAMIC BODY AND A METHOD OF USING A CERAMIC BODY."

Applicant: LANXIDE SECHNOLOGY COMPANY, LP. OF TRALEE INDUSTRIAL PARK NEWARDK, DELAWARE 19711. U. S. A.

Inventors: (1) VIRGIL IRICK (JR.) (2) JACK ANDREW KUSZYK, (3) DENNIS JAMES LANDINI.

Application No. 117/Cal/1989, filed on February 08, 1989.

Appropriate office for opposition proceedings (Rule 4, Patent Rule 1972) Patent Office, Calcutta.

4 Claims

A method for producing a self-supporting ceramic body Comprising:

- (a) providing a parent metal body, such as herein described:
- (b) heating said parent metal body to a temperature above its melting point but below the melting point of its oxidation reaction product, such as herein descirbed, to form a body of molten parent metal and, at said temperature,
- (1) reacting the molten parent metal, such as herein described with an oxidant, such as herein described to form an oxidation reaction product, such as herein described, of the parent metal,
 - 4-197 GI/92

- (2) maintaining at least a portion of said oxidation reaction product in contact with and between said body of molten metal and said oxidant, to progressively draw molten metal from said body of molten metal through the oxidation reaction product at an interface between the oxidant and previously formed oxidation reaction product, and
- (3) continuing said reacting for a time sufficient to form a first ceramic body;
- (c) exposing said first ceramic body to an environment such as herein described which causes growth of a layer, such as herein described, from at least a portion of a surface of said first ceramic body; and
- (d) continuing said exposure in step (c) for a time sufficient to form a protective layer, such as herein described, on at least a portion of said first ceramic body.

(Compl. speen, 31 pages.

Drwgs. 3 sheets.)

Cl. 108C₁; C_R

171215

^Tut. Cl. C 21 C 1/02, C 21 B 11/00,

C 22 B 34/32.

"METHOD FOR PRODUCING CHROMIUM CONTAINING MOI TEN IRON WITH LOW SULPHUR CONCENTRATION."

Applicant: KAWASAKI STEEL CORPORATION. OF 1-28. KITAHONMACHI-DORI 1-CHOME, CHUO-KU, KOBE-SHI, HYOGO-KEN, JAPAN.

Inventors: (1) SUMIO YAMADA, (2) CHIKASHI TADA (3) KEIZO TAOKA, (4) HAZIME BADA.

Application No. 158/Cal/89, filed on February 24, 1989.

Appropriate office for opposition proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972) Patent Office, Calcutta.

18 Claims

A process for producing chromium containing molten iron with low sulphur content, comprising the steps of:

providing a container which has a top and bottom blowing capability; containing CaO, SiO₂, Mgo and A1₂ O₃ and slag forming molten iron bath in said contained with molten pig iron; containing sulphur;

adjusting slag to provide CaO/CiO_2 in a range of 2.1 to 3.5 and Mgo/Al_2 O_3 in a range of 0.6 to 0.8; and charging chromium containing material and carbone containing material to said molten iron bath in said container while blowing agitation gas into the bath top and bottom to form low sulphur chronium containing molten iron.

(Compl. Specn. 29 Pages;

Drwgs. 3 Sheets.)

Cl.: 146D₇

171216

Int. Cl.: G 01 N, 33/00.

"APPARATUS FOR FLUID INSPECTION".

Applicant: INFRNATIONAL INTEGRATED SYSTEMS, INC. OF LEE BUILDING, OPELIKA, ALABAMA 36803, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Inventors: (f) JERRY G. INGRUM

- (2) DOUGLAS J. LITTLEJOHN
- (3) DOUGLAS MODLIN.

Application No 284/Cal/1989, filed on April 12, 1989.

Appropriate office for opposition proceedings (Rule 4, Patent Rules 1972) Patent Office, Calcutta.

11 Claims

Apparatus for fluid inspection comprising :

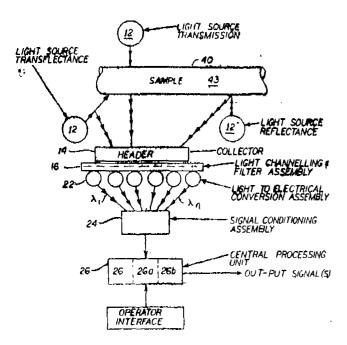
light source (12) for transmitting light through the sample (40); a collector (14) to collect the non absorbed light from the said sample;

light channelling and filter assembly (16) for separating the collected light at the said collector such that the collected light at each of the profiling wavelength as herein defined is isolated;

light to Electrical conversion assembly (22) for detecting the light isolated at the respective profiling wavelength;

the output of said assembly (22) is fed to signal conditioning assembly (24) for amlifying the respective electrical signal of each profiling wavelength for calibration purposes and for providing adequate resolution for manipulation of acquired data; and

central processing unit (26) for recording and storing processed amplified signals to provide control data, which is processed by a processing device (26a) to provide a plurality of mathematical inter-relationship-among the light intensity data associated with the respective, profiling wavelengths for each control sample.



(Compl. speen, 41 pages,

Drgns. Nil.)

Cl 32, A2

171217

Int, Cl. C 09 B 47/24.

PROCESS FOR THE PREPARATION OF WATER-SOLUBLE PHTHALOCYANINE DYESTUFFS.

Applicant: HOECHST AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT. OF D 6230 Frankfurt am Main 80, Federal Republic of Germany.

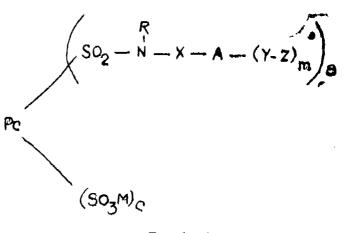
Inventor: HARTMUT SPRINGER.

Application No. 197/Cal/90, filed on March 07, 1990. [Divided out of no. 17/Cal/87, antedated ot 06-01-1987.]

Appropriate office for opposition proceedings (Rule 4, Patent Rule 1972) Patent Office, Calcutta.

4 Claims

An improved process for preparing a water-soluble phthalocyanine dyestuff of the formula (1) of the accompanying drawings:



Formula (1)

in which

Pc is the radical of the metal-free or a metal-containing phthalocyanine, which may be further substituted in the 3-and/or 4-position of the carbocyclic aromatic ring, and in which the sulfochloride, sulfonamide and/or sulfo groups are bonded in the 3-and/or 4-positions of the carbocyclic aromatic rings.

R is a hydrogen atom or a lower aliphatic radical,

A is an aromatic carbocyclic or aromatic heterocyclic radical.

X is a direct bond or a divalent organic linking member of, together with the N(R) -Group forms a radical of the formula (5)

in which

xn is an integer from 2 to 6 and alkylene represents a lower alkylene radical,

Y represents a direct bond or a group of the formula

CH₂—, —CH₂ —CH₂— —N or —N—

CH₃ —CH₂ —CH₂ CN

Z is the β —hydroxyethysulfonyl, β —chloroethylsulfonyl, β —acotoxyethylsulfonyl, β —thiosulfatoethylsulfonyl, β —phosphatoethylsulfonyl, vinylsulfonyl β —sulfatoethylsulfonyl group.

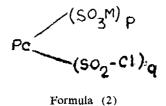
a is an integer from 1 to 4, and

c is an integer from 0 to 3,

where a and c are indetical to or different from one another but the sum of (a+c) is a maximum of 4,

m is the number 1 or 2, and

M denotes a hydrogen atom or an alkeli metal, which process comprises relating in an aqueous medium a phthalocyanine sulfonyl chloride of the general formula (2) or mixtures thereof.



5'

3*

in which

vo is an integer from 0 to 3, and

q is an integer from 1 to 4.

where p and 1 are idential to or different from one another, but the sum of (p+q) is a maximum of 4, and Pc and M have the above mentioned meanings, with an amine of the formula (3)

$$R + N - X - A - (Y - Z)_{m}$$

formula (3)

in which A, R, X, Y, Z and m have the abovementioned meanings, with partial hydrolysis of sulfochloride groups to from sulfo groups, where in the improvement consisting of carrying out that process in the presence of a pyridine compound selected from a pyridine-sulfonamide or a pyridinecarboxamide a or a mixture of such compounds.

(Compl. specn. 25 pages.

Drgns. 2 sheets.)

Cl. 55 E₄

171218

Int. Cl. A 61 B 10/00

C 12 N 15/00.

"PROCESS FOR PREPARING AN OLIGONUCLEO-TIDE CONSTITUTING A NUCLEIC ACID PROBE FOR DETECTION OF DNA SEQUENCES SPECIFIC FOR THE MALE GENOME OF RUMINANTS".

Applicants: (1) INSTITUT NATIONAL DE LA RECHERCHE AGRO NOMIQUE (INRA) OF 149 RUE DE GRENELLE, 75007 PARIS, FRANCE, (2) INSTITUT PASTURE OF 28 RUE DU DR ROUX, 25724 ARIS CEDEX 15, FRANCE, (3) COMMISSARIAT A L'ENERGIE ATOMIQUE (CEA), OF 29-33 RUE DE LA FEDERATION, 75015 PARIS, FRANCE,

Inventors: (1) BISHOP COLIN

- (2) COTINOT CORINNE
- (3) FELLOUS MARC
- (4) KIRSZENBAUM MAREK
- (5) JOUY-EN-JOSAS
- (6) VAIMAN MARCEL.

Application No. 734/Cal/90, filed on August 24, 1990.

[Divided out of No. 150/Cal/87 antedated to 27-02-1987].

Appropriate office for opposition proceedings (Rule 4, Patent Rules 1972) Patent Office, Calcutta.

4 Claims

A process for preparing on eligonucleotide constituting a nucleic acid probe for detection of DNA sequence specific for the male genome of ruminants, particularly of the genus Bos, characterized in that it comprises the following steps

(a) Synthesising, by any appropriate procedure known in fitself, an oligonucleoride having the following sequence (A):

ATCATGCAGGACCGAGATGTGCTCCAAGGAGTGTTTA TCGGCTGCTT

known in itself, or a DNA fragment comprising at least 11 bases of sequence A, or having a sequence complementary or having at least 70% homology with the sequence of said fragment, said tep resulting in the obtention of a nucleic acid fragment hybridizing specifically with DNA sequences specific for the male genome of ruminant:

(b) Optionally, purifying and labeling said oligonucleotide by any appropriate means known in themselves.

(Compl. specn. 42 Pages;

Drwgs., Nil)

Cl.: 10 B, 72 A.

171219

Int. Cl.4: F 42 B 1/00.

"A FIRING UNIT FOR INITIATION OF DETONATORS".

Applicant: NITRO NOBEL AB. OF GYTTORP, S-713 82 NORA, SWEDEN.

Inventors: (1) SVEN DAHMBERG

- (2) ELOF JONSSON
- (3) INGEMAROLSSON
- (4) HJALMAR HESSELBOM
- (5) RILF-WENNERGREN
- (6) PER LILIUS.

Application No. 899/Cal/90, filed on 23-10-1990.

[Divided out of No. 140/Cal/88, fix antedated to 16-2-1988.

Appropriate office for opposition proceedings (Rule 4, Patent Rules 1972) Patent Office, Calcutta.

44 Claims

A firing unit for initiation of detonators, which contain at least one base charge in a detonator casing, which firing unit comprises an electrically actuable fuse head a current source connected to the electrically actuable fuse head via switching means, and an electronics unit comprisings

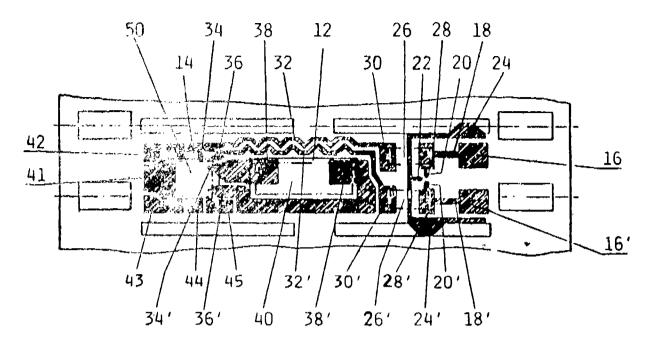
a signal decoder designed so as to distinguish a start signal supplied to the detonator via an external signal conductor.

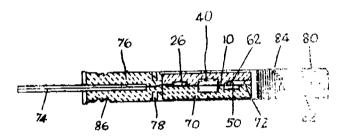
a delay circuit designed in such a way that, when the start signal is received, it supplies an ignition signal after a predetermined time and he switching means, which are designed in such a way that, when the ignition signal is received, they connect the current source to the fuse head in order to electrically actuate the latter, the electronics unit comprising

at least one chip made from a semiconductor material and having a microcircuit, characterized in that the chip made

from a semiconductor material actuable fuse head on its surface.

supports the electrically





(Compl. Specn 50 Pages.

Drwgs, 2 sheets.)

Cl.: 105 D & 168 C.

171220

Int. Cl. G 05 B 1/00, 13/00, 15/00, 19/00,

G 06 F 1/00, 3/00, 5/00, 7/00, 9/00, 15/00.

 \mathbf{H} 03 $\mathbf{M}/7/00$.

"APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR CONTROL OF ASYNCHRONOUS PROGRAM INTERRUPT EVENTS IN A DATA PROCESSING SYSTE".

Applicant: DIGITAL EQUIPMENT CORPORATION. OF 111 POWDERMILL ROAD MAYNARD, MASSACHUSETTS 01754. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Inventors: (1) DAVID NEIL CUTLER

- (2) DAVID ARTHUR ORBITS
- (3) DILEEP BHANDARKAR
- (4) WAYNE CARDOZA
- (5) RICHARD THOMAS WITEK.

Application No. 527/Cal/1988, filed on June 28, 1988.

Appropriate office for opposition proceedings (Rule 4, Patent Rules 1972) Patent Office, Calcutta.

15 Claims

Apparatus for responding to an interrupt condition via a control program in a data processing system having a kernel mode of operation for executing privileged and nonprivileged instructions of a currently executing program and a user mode of operation for executing nonprivileged instructions of a currently executing program, comprising:

first register means having a first storage element related to said user mode of operation and a second storage element related to said kernel mode of operation, responsive to an instruction in the currently executing program, for storing a signal in either of said storage elements indicating an enabling condition for said related mode of operation;

second register means having a first storage element related to said user mode of operation and a second storage element related to said kernel mode of operation, responsive to the control program, for storing a signal in either storage element indicating the presence of an interrupt condition in said related mode of operation;

third register means storing a signal designating a mode of operation; and

monitor means connected to said first, second and third register means, for generating an interrupt signal when said first, second, and third register, means have signals stored therein related to a same mode of operation.

(Compl. Specn. 30 Pages;

Drgna. 5 Sheets.)

OPPOSITION PROCEEDINGS

An Opposition has been entered by Research, Designs, and Standards Organisation on Patent Application No. 170100 made by G. H. International Ltd.

PATENT SEALED ON

17-07-92

157703 164032* 164151 168221 168342 16856** 168563 168619 168651 168717*D 168784*D 168896 168909 168913** 168916* 168919 168940*D 168985 168989 169003* 169016** 169017* 169021* 169024 169029* 169031 169041* 169042** 169052* 169068* 169071*D 169072*D 169076* 169078** 169080*D 169088* 169099 169147 169220 169385 169502** 169503*.

CAL-32, DEL-06, MAS-02 & BOM-02.

"Patent shall be deemed to be endorsed with the words "LICENCE OF RIGHT" Under Section 87 of the Patent Act, 1970 from the date of expiration of three years from the date of sealing.

D-DRUG Patent.

REGISTRATION OF ASSIGNMENTS

Assignments, Licences or other transactions affecting the interest of the Original, Patentees have been registered in the following cases.

The number of each case is followed by the name of the parties claiming interest:—

166888-Block Drug Co, Inc.

164161-Block Drug Co, Inc.

166887-Block Drug Co, Inc.

166889-Block Drug Co, Inc.

RENEWAL FEES PAID

150237 150502 150563 150675 151033 151035 151086 151328 152007 152044 152798 152966 153150 153604 153772 154121 154219 154833 154898 155304 155307 155319 155324 155467 155766 155867 155971 155987 156669 156899 157481 157560 157642 157660 157684 157864 158508 158597 158931 158933 159092 159140 159141 159182 159201 159421 159614 159740 159927 159929 160062 160096 160190 160282 160335 160409 160450 160452 160453 160465 160513 160582 160660 160779 160848 161012 161041 161333 161553 161584 161621 161669 162088 162202 162330 162554 162575 162576 162621 162648 163036 163107 163163 163658 163706 163817 164109 164236 164476 164480 164653 164686 164754 164760 164762 164913 164976 164977 165001 165154 165255 165512 165709 165756 165769 165803 165848 165908 165917 165934 165953 165957 165995 166004 166419 166653 166798 166809 166961 166962 166997 167001 167025 167027 167036 167116 167164 167206 167207 167366 167469 167481 167507 167508 167515 167516 167517 167518 167529 167560 167689 167895 168052 168915

CESSATION OF PATENTS

144756 144796 144824 144829 144864 144888 144898 144902 144904 144923 144947 144970 144996 144998 145004 145006 145051 145055 145065 145115 145152 145178 145188 145206 145219 145224 145239 145264 145275 145300 145307 145314 145315 145316 145317 145337 145338 145339 145346 145374 145401 145402 145425 145426 145432 145433 145440 145468 145478 145482 145492 145504 145526 145535 145536 145566 145578 145584 145681 145600 145608 145610 145629 145631 145644 145646 145661 145669 145677 145693 145705 145707 145749 146757 145795 145821 145828 145853 145860 145882 145891 145893 145907 145925 145931 145934 145941 145951 145973.

RESTORATION PROCEEDING

Notice is hereby given that an application for restoration of Patent No. 1513/9 dated the 28th January 1980 made by Niku Purnachandra on the 14th January 1992 and notified in the Gazette of India Part III, Section 2 dated the 28th March 1992 has been allowed and the said Patent restored.

Notice is hereby given that an application for restoration of Patent No. 151518 dated the 28th January 1980 made by Niku Purnachandra on the 14th January 1992 and notified in the Gazette of India Part III, Section 2 dated the 28th March 1992 has been allowed and the said Patent restored.

Notice is hereby, given that an application for restoration of Patent No. 161930 dated the 20th November 1985 made by Stopine Aktiengesellschaft on the 13th November 1991 and notified in the Gazette of India Part III, Section 2 dated the 25th January 1992 has been allowed and the said Patent restored.

Notice is hereby given that an application for restoration of Patent No. 165329 dated the 10th April 1986 made by Trutzschler GmbH & Co. Kg on the 30th January 1992 and notified in the Gazette of India Part III, Section 2 dated the 28th March 1992 has been allowed and the said Patent restored.

Notice is hereby given that an application for restoration of Patent No. 165364 dated the 11th March 1986 made by Dr. Mihir Sen on the 17th January 1992 and notified in the Gazette of India Part III, Section 2 dated the 28th March 1992 has been allowed and the said Patent restored.

Notice is hereby given that an application for restoration of Patent No. 165537 dated the 27th April 1987 made by Trutzschler GmbH & Co Kg. on the 30th January 1992 and notified in the Gazette of India Part III, Section 2 dated the 28th March 1992 has been allowed and the said Patent restored.

Name Index of Application for Patents in respect of Patent Office Calcutta & its branches for the month of February 1992 (Nos. 71/Cal/92 to 133|Cal|92, 37|Bom|92 to 65|Bom|92, 68/Mas/92 to 119/Mas/92 and 74/Del/92 to 174|Del|92.)

Name and application No.

CALCUTTA

(71/Cal/92 to 133/Cal/92).

---A---

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ABEX Corporation-77/Cal/92.

—в—

B, V. Optische Industrie De Oude Delft-78/Cal/92.

Bapat, V.--85/Cal/92.

Bottoms, J. (Jr.)—86/Cal/92.

Brooke Bond India Ltd.—79/Cal/92.

---C---

Carclo Engineering Group PLC .-- 99/Cal/92.

Carter, C.L.—86/Cal/92.

Catalysts and Chemicals Europe S.A.—132/Cal/92 & 133/Cal/92.

Chicopee—110/Cal/92.

Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation-93/Cal/92.

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Concast Standard Ag-71/Cal/92.

D

Dallaire Industries Ltd.-118/Cal/92.

Das, M. (Mrs.)-94/Cal/92.

Du Pont Canada INC.-100/Cal/92.

1004 THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, AUGUST 15, 1992 (SRAVANA 24, 1914) --W--—E---ECP Enichem Polimeri S.R.L.-127/Cal/92. Walton, G.F.—91/Cal/92. ELM Wood Packaging Machinery Ltd.—115/Cal/92. Enichem Elastomeri S.R.L .-- 84/Cal/92. Ethicon, INC .- 101/Cal/92, 108|Cal|92 & 109|Cal|92. BOMBAY Euroceltique, S.A.—120/Cal/92 & 121|Cal|92. (37/Bom/92 to 65/Bom/92) --F---Franz Plasser Bahnbaumaschinen-Industriegesellschaft m.b.H. —-H----114/Cal/92. Byadgi, V.H. (Dr.)—37/Bom/92. ---(T---Galpin, K.R.--91/Cal/92. ---D-----H--Desai, M.H.—63/Bom/92. Hitachi Construction Machinery Co. Ltd.—112/Cal/92, Desai, M.N.—48/Bom/92. 124/Cal/92 & 125/Cal/92. Dhaul, H .-- 62/Bom/92. Hitachi Ltd.--73/Cal/92. Dhaul, L. (Smt.)—62/Bom/92. Hygeia Sciences, Inc.—117/Cal/92. --H--Hameed, K.H.—39/Bom/92. ICI India Ltd.—95/Cal/92, 96|Cal|92, 97|Cal|92 & 98|Cal|92. Hindustan Lever Ltd.—44/Bom/92, 49|Bom|92 & Indian Jute Industries' Research Association-102/Cal/92 & 56/Bom/92. 107/Cal/92. Hoechst India Ltd.-46/Bom/92. Ishihara Sangyo Kaisha Ltd.—103/Cal/92. _K-Kamat, A.R. (Dr.)-45/Bom/92. J.M. Voith GmbH-126/Cal/92. Khan, S.—53/Bom/92. Jean Frederic Melchior-106/Cal/92. Kabushiki Kaisha Hosokana Yoko-123/Cal/92. Larsen & Toubro Ltd.-59/Botn/92. --L--—M---Losche GmbH.—128/Cal/92. Makwana, K.R.--50/Bom/92. --M-Mujumdar, S.V.-65/Bom/92. Metallgesellschaft Aktiengesellschaft—72/Cal/92, 80/Cal/92 _N---& 81/Cal/92. Mukherjee, C.R.-130/Cal/92. Naik, D.S.—61/Bom/92. Mukherjec, D.—119/Cal/92. ...P.---Patel, P.L.—64/Bom/92. NGK Insulators, Ltd.—83/Cal/92. -R--Nissin Shokuhim Kabushiki Kaisha-122/Cal/92. Rajak, P.L.—57/Bom/92. Nitro Nobel AB.-82/Cal/92. Norvic S.A.—87/Cal/92. _5_ ---R--Shah, K.S.--64/Bom/92. Repap Technologies Inc.—90/Cal/92. Sisodia. J.C.-41/Bom/92, 42/Bom/92 & 43|Bom|92. Reseal International Ltd.—105/Cal/92. Siva Kumar, S.—58/Bom/92. Reutenberg, L.J.—111/Cal/92. Star Holdings & Electronics Research Pvt. Ltd. M/s.-51/ Bom/92. Rohrkalibrier-Und Bogenautomaten Rokabo AG-129/Cal/92. Subramanyan, N.—58/Bom/92. __\$__ Siemens Aktiengesellschaft-74/Cal/92 & 113/Cal/92. <u>—Т`—</u> Sloma, R.M.—89/Cal/92. Taparia Tools Ltd.—52/Bom/92 & 55/Bom/92. Sumitomo Chemical Co. Ltd.—88/Cal/92. _V_ Sunkyong Industries Ltd.—131/Cal/92.

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Vartak, T.P.-47/Bom/92.

Yadav, A.S.—54/Bom/92.

Yadav, R.R.--60/Bom/92.

-Y-

Thomas, F.—75/Cal/92.
Trico-Rolberth Ltd.—92/Cal/92.
Trutan Pty Ltd.—76/Cal/92.

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---T---

MADRAS

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A

Advanced extraction technologies, Inc-73/Mas/92.

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В

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Barcker AG.-98/MAS/92.

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CCAInc.-116/Mas/92.

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Caterpillar Inc.-108/Mas/92.

Chemech Engineers Pvt. Ltd.—72/Mas/92.

Cosby, T.L.-119/Mas/92.

 \mathbf{D}

Deutsche Babcock Baergieund Umwairtechnik Aktiongesellschaft.—101/Mas/92.

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L

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National Mineral Development Corporation Ltd.—106/ Mas/92.

Norton Co.—94/Mas/92.

Novo Nordisk A/S.—84/Mas/92.

P

Pilkington Visioncare Inc.-80/Mas/92.

R

Ravindran, G. (Dr).-93/Mas/92.

Robert Bosch GmbH.—110/Mas/92, 111/M s/92 & 112 Mas/92.

S

Shet, G.V.-100/Mas/92.

South India Textile Research Association, The.—78/Mas/92 & 83/Mas/92.

Т

Technofarmaci S.P.A.—105/Mas/92.

Technological Resources Pty. Ltd.—77/Mag/92.

Thaikattil, J. (Dr.).-92/Mas/92.

Thangaraj, J.D.-99/Mas/92,

U

United States of America as represented by the Scoretary of Agriculture.—82/Mas/92.

University of Essex of Wivenhoe Park-114/Mas/92.

Urea Casale S.A..-115/Mas/92.

v

Vijayan, T.A.-102/Mas/92 & 103/Mas/92

W

World Fabrication Partnership Concern.-69/Mas/92.

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Δ

AMP Incorporated.—168/Del/92. Akhawat, V.—90/Del/92 & 91/Del/92. Allied-Signal Inc.—131/Del/92.

В

B.F. Goodrich Co., The.—141/Del/92. BP Chemicals Ltd.—139/Del/92.

Batwright, D.W.--128/Del/92.

Biocarbons Corporation.-171/Del/92.

British Technology Group PLC.-76/Del/92.

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Calgene, Inc.-154/Del/92.

Carlstedt Elektronik AB.—172/Del/92, 173/Del/92 & 174/Del/92.

Chief Controller Research & Development, The.—150/ Del/92.

Conroy, M.—112/Del/92.

Cotton Unlimited, Inc.-127/Del/92.

Council of Scientific & Industrial Research.—98/Dol/92, 99/Dol/92, 100|Dol|92, 101|Dol|92, 102|Dol|92, 103/Dol/92, 103/Dol/92, 104/Dol/92, 105/Dol/92, 106/Dol/92, 107|Dol|92, 115|Dol|92, 116|Dol|92, 117/Dol|92, 118/Dol/92, 119/Dol/92, 120|Dol|92, 121|Dol|92, 122/Dol/92, 133/Dol|92, 157/Dol/92, 158|Dol|92, 159/Dol/92, 160/Dol/92 & 161/Dol/92.

Courtaulds PLC.—82/Del/92.

D

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Dresser Industries Inc.—169/Del/92.

Drip Irrigation Systems, Ltd.-151/Del/92.

E

E.R. Squibb & Sons. Inc.-96/Del/92.

Evans, B.K.-149/Del/92.

Exxon Chemical Patents, Inc.—81/Del/92 & 38/Del/92.

Exxon Research & Engineering Co.-94/Del/92.

F

Fosroc International Ltd.—163/Del/92.

G

GEC Alsthom SA .-- 83/Del/92.

GPT Ltd.—108/Del/92 & 164/Del/92.

Gillitte Co., The .- 162/Del/92.

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T

Ide, R.D.-88/Del/92.

Imperial Chemical Industries PLC.—75/Del/92 & 123/Del/92.

Inteco.—147/Del/92.

International Mobile Machines Corporation,—74/Del/92.

J

Johal, S.A.S .-- 166/Del/92.

K

Kalumburu Pty. Ltd.-135/Del/92.

Kaushal, R.S.-167/Del/92.

Keegan, P.R.-165/Del/92.

Kievsky Filial Nauchno-Proizvodstvennogo Obiedinenia Tekhenergokhimprom.—93/Del/92.

Kraft General Foods, Inc.—124/Del/92.

Krishnankutty, K .-- 87 Del/92.

Krompaszky, M.—165/Del/92.

L

Lebenthal, E.—128/Del/92.

Linemann Halfle India 1.td.—79/Del/92.

M

Marquand, E.L.-156/Del/92.

Medix International Pty. Ltd.-95/Del/92.

Mobil Solar Energy Corporation.—145/Del/92.

Morton International Ltd.—132/Del/92.

Motorola, Inc.—89/Del/92.

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National Power PLC.-153/Del/92.

Nordson Corporation.—113/Del/92.

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Olin Corporation.—137/De/92.

Otis Elevator Co.-140/Del/92

F

Paul Wurth S.A.-114/Del/92.

Polymerix, Inc.—170/Del/92.

Polytech Research.—155/Del/92.

Prasad, R.—86/Del/92.

Prochind S.P.A.—129 Del/92.

Procter & Gamble Co., The.—78/Del/92, 125/Del/92, 142/Del/92, 143/Del/92 & 144/Del/92.

R

Rhodes, J.-149/Del/92.

Richardson-Vicks Inc.—92/Del/92.

S

SSPL SAFE SEX Producers Linensing.—111/Del/92.

Saini, N.K.-152/Del/92.

Senanayake, D.R.—146/Del/92.

Simmons-Rand Co.-130/Del/92.

Sir Padampat Research Centre.-80/Del/92.

Steel Authority of India Ltd.-148/Del/92.

Stofan Pfister.—77/Del/92.

Т

Telefonaktiebolaget LM Ericsson.—134/Del/92.

Torrington Co. Ltd., The .- 109/Del/92.

U

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 \mathbf{v}

Voest-Alpine Industricanlagenbau GmbH.—110/Del/92.

w

W.R. Grace & Co.-126/Del/92.

Wadhwa, H.—84/Del/92.

Washington Odur Ayeko.97. Del/92.

SUBJECT MATTER INDEX AS PER INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM OF THE COMPLETE SPECIFICATION ACCEPTED AND NOTIFIED DURING THE YEAR-1990

(Date of specification in 2nd column denotes; Date of Complete specification/Anti-date/Post-date. 4. Classes of Applicants Code in the 7th column are the abridged forms : i.e.I-Indian Individual; IC-Indian company; F-Foreign Individual; FC Foerign Company).

SECTION F: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING; LIGHTING; HEATING; WEAPONS; BLASTING.

No case was accepted w	ithin the following classes
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Crankease ventilating. F 01 P : Cooling of methics or engines in general; Cooling of internal-combustion engines. F 02 G : Hot-gas or combustion-product positive-displacement engine plants; use of waste hear of combustion engines, not otherwise provided for. F 03 H : Producing a reactive propulsive thrust, not otherwise provided for, F 04 F : Pumping of fluid by direct contact of another fluid or by using inertia of fluid to be pumped; Siphons. F 15 D : Fluid dynamics i.e. methods or means for influencing the flow of gases or liquids. F 16 M : Frames, casings, or bods, of engines or other machines or apparatus, not specific to an engine, machine, or apparatus provided for elsewhere; Stands or supports. F 16 T : Steamtraps or like apparatus for draining-off liquids from enclosures predominantly containing gases or vapours. F 17 B : Gas holders of variable capacity. F 17 D : Pipe-line systems; Pipe-lines. F 21 K : Light sources not otherwise provided for, F 21 L : Portable lighting devices. F 21 P : Non-portable devices or systems. F 21 P : Non-portable devices or systems for flood-lighting buildings, lighting fountains, lighting stages, or festival lighting. F 21 Q : Non-portable lighting devices for signalling. F 21 S : Non-portable lighting devices for signalling. F 22 S : Non-portable lighting devices or systems, not otherwise provided for. F 23 H : Grates, Cleaning or raking grates. F 24 D : Domesticor space-heating systems, e.g. central heating systems, Domestic hot-water supply systems, Flements or components therefor. F 25 C : Production, working, storing, or distribution of ice. F 28 G : Cleaning of internal or external surfaces of heat-exchange or heat-transfer conduits, e.g. water tubes of boilers.				N	o case was accepted within the following classes
Cooling of internal-combustion engines. F 02 G: Hotegas or combustion-product positive-displacement engine plants; use of waste heat of combustion engines, not otherwise provided for. F 03 H: Producing a reactive propulsive thrust, not otherwise provided for. F 04 F: Pumping of fluid by direct contact of another fluid or by using inertia of fluid to be pumped; Siphons. F 15 D: Fluid dynamics i.e. methods or means for influencing the flow of gases or liquids. F 16 M: Feames, casings, or beds, of engines or other machines or apparatus, not specific to an engine, machine, or apparatus provided for elsewhere; Stands or supports. F 16 T: Stemitraps or like apparatus for draining-off liquids from enclosures predominantly contuining gases or vapourts. F 17 B: Gas holders of variable expacity. F 17 D: Pipe-line systems; Pipe-lines. F 21 K: Light sources not otherwise provided for. F 21 L: Portable lighting devices. F 21 P: Non-portable beam lighting devices or systems. F 21 P: Non-portable beam lighting devices or systems. F 21 Q: Non-portable lighting devices for signalling. F 21 Q: Non-portable lighting devices for signalling. F 21 Grates, Cleaning or raking grates. F 23 H: Grates, Cleaning or raking grates. F 24 D: Domesticor space-heating systems, e.g. central heating systems, Domestic hot-water supply systems, Elements or components therefor. F 25 C: Production, working, storing, or distribution of ice. F 26 C: Production, working, storing, or distribution of ice. F 27 C- Production, working, storing, or distribution of past-transfer conduits, e.g. water tubes of bollers. F 41 B: Weapons for projecting missiles without use of explosive or propellant charge; Weapons not otherwise provided for. F 42 C: Fuzes; Arming or safety means therefor.	F	01	M	:	Lubric sting of machines or engines in general; Lubric sting internal-combustion engines; Crankcase ventilating.
combustion engines, not otherwise provided for. P 03 H : Producing a reactive propulsive thrust, not otherwise provided for. F : Pumping of fluid by direct contact of another fluid or by using inertia of fluid to be pumped; Siphons. F 15 D : Fluid dynamics i.e. methods or means for influencing the flow of gases or liquids. F 16 M : Frames, casings, or beds, of engines or other machines or apparatus, not specific to an engine, machine, or apparatus provided for elsewhere; Stands or supports. F 16 T : Steamtraps or like apparatus for draining-off liquids from enclosures pre-lominantly containing gases or vapours. F 17 B : Gas holders of variable capacity. F 17 D : Pipe-line systems; Pipe-lines. F 21 K : Light sources not otherwise provided for. F 21 L : Portable lighting devices. F 21 H : Non-portable beam lighting devices or systems. F 21 P : Non-portable devices or systems for flood-lighting buildings, lighting fountains, lighting stages, or festival lighting. F 21 Q : Non-portable lighting devices for signalling. F 21 S : Non-portable lighting devices or systems, not otherwise provided for. F 23 H : Grates, Cleaning or raking grates. F 23 L : Air supply; Draught-inducing; Supplying non-combustible liquid or gas. F 23 M : Constructional details of combustion chambers, not otherwise provided for. F 24 D : Domesticor space-heating systems, e.g. central heating systems, Domestic hot-water supply systems, Elements or components therefor. F 25 C : Production, working, storing, or distribution of ice. F 28 G : Cleaning of internal or external surfaces of heat-exchange or heat-transfer conduits, e.g. water tubes of boilers. F 41 B : Weapons for projecting misselles without use of explosive or propellant charge; Weapons not otherwise provided for; general. F 42 C : Fuzes; Arming or safety means therefor.	F	01	P	:	
F 04 F : Pumping of fluid by direct contact of another fluid or by using inertia of fluid to be pumped; Siphons. F 15 D : Fluid dynamics i.e. methods or means for influencing the flow of gases or liquids. F 16 M : Frames, casings, or bods, of engines or other machines on apparatus, not specific to an engine, machine, or apparatus provided for cleawhere; Stands or supports. F 16 T : Steam traps or like apparatus for draining-off liquids from enclosures pre lominantly containing gases or vapours. F 17 B : Gas holders of variable capacity. F 17 D : Pipe-line systoms; Pipe-lines. F 21 K : Light sources not otherwise provided for. F 21 L : Portable lighting devices. F 21 H : Non-portable beam lighting devices or systems. F 21 P : Non-portable devices or systems for flood-lighting buildings, lighting fountains, lighting stages, or festival lighting. F 21 Q : Non-portable lighting devices for signalling. F 21 S : Non-portable lighting devices or systems, not otherwise provided for. F 23 H : Grates, Cleaning or raking grates. F 23 L : Air supply; Draught-inducing; Supplying non-combustible liquid or gas. F 23 M : Constructional details of combustion chambers, not otherwise provided for. F 24 D : Domesticor space-heating systems, og. central heating systems. Domestic hot-water supply systems, Elements or components therefor. F 28 G : Cleaning of internal or external surfaces of heat-exchange or heat-transfer conduits, e.g., water tubes of boilers. F 41 B : Weapons for projecting missiles without use of explosive or propellant charge; Weapons not otherwise provided for. F 41 H : Armour; Armoured turrets; Armoured or armed vehicles; Means of attack or defence, e.g. crimouflage, in general.	F	02	G	:	Hot-gas or combustion-product positive-displacement engine plants; use of waste heat of combustion engines, not otherwise provided for.
pumped; Siphons. F 15 D : Fluid dynamics i.e. methods or means for influencing the flow of gases or liquids. F 16 M : Frames, casings, or beds, of engines or other machines or apparatus, not specific to an engine, machine, or apparatus provided for elsewhere; Stands or supports. F 16 T : Steintiappor like appuratus for draining-off liquids from enclosures predominantly convining gases or vapours. F 17 B : Gas holders of variable capacity. F 17 D : Pipe-line systems; Pipe-lines. F 21 K : Light sources not otherwise provided for, F 21 L : Portable lighting devices. F 21 H : Non-portable beam lighting devices or systems. F 21 P : Non-portable devices or systems for flood-lighting buildings, lighting fountains, lighting stages, or festival lighting. F 21 Q : Non-portable lighting devices for signalling. F 21 S : Non-portable lighting devices or systems, not otherwise provided for. F 23 H : Grates, Cleaning or raking grates. F 23 L : Air supply; Draught-inducing; Supplying non-combustible liquid or gas. F 24 D : Domesticor space-heating systems, c.g. central heating systems, Domestic hot-water supply systems, Elements or components therefor. F 25 C : Production, working, storing, or distribution of ice. F 26 C : Production, working, storing, or distribution of ice. F 27 C : Production, working, storing, or distribution of ice. F 40 B : Weapons for projecting missiles without use of explosive or propellant charge; Weapons not otherwise provided for. F 41 B : Atmour; Atmoured turrets; Armoured or armed vehicles; Means of attack or defence, e.g. cimouffage, in general.	F	03	н	:	Producing a reactive propulsive thrust, not otherwise provided for,
F 16 M : Frames, casings, or bods, of engines or other machines or apparatus, not specific to an engine, machine, or apparatus provided for elsewhere; Stands or supports. F 16 T : Steam traps or like apparatus for draining-off liquids from enclosures pre-lominantly containing gases or vapours. F 17 B : Gas holders of variable capacity. F 17 D : Pipe-line systems; Pipe-lines. F 21 K : Light sources not otherwise provided for. F 21 L : Portable lighting devices or systems. F 21 H : Non-portable beam lighting devices or systems. F 21 P : Non-portable devices or systems for flood-lighting buildings, lighting fountains, lighting stages, or festival lighting devices for signalling. F 21 Q : Non-portable lighting devices for signalling. F 21 S : Non-portable lighting devices or systems, not otherwise provided for. F 23 H : Grates, Cleaning or raking grates. F 23 L : Air supply; Draught-inducing; Supplying non-combustible liquid or gas. F 24 D : Domestic or space-heating systems, e.g. central heating systems, Domestic hot-water supply systems, Elements or components therefor. F 25 C : Production, working, storing, or distribution of ice. F 28 G : Cleaning of internal or external surfaces of heat-exchange or heat-transfer conduits, e.g. water tubes of boilers. F 41 B : Weapons for projecting missiles without use of explosive or propellant charge; Weapons not otherwise provided for. F 41 H : Armour; Armoured turrets; Armoured orarmed vehicles; Means of attack or defence, e.g. cumouflage, in general.	F	04	F	;	
engine, machine, or apparatus provided for elsewhere; Stands or supports. F 16 T : Steamtrapsor like apparatus for draining-off liquids from enclosures predominantly contidining glases or vapouts. F 17 B : Gas holders of variable capacity. F 17 D : Pipe-line systems; Pipe-lines. F 21 K : Light sources not otherwise provided for, F 21 L : Portable lighting devices. F 21 H : Non-portable beam lighting devices or systems. F 21 P : Non-portable devices or systems for flood-lighting buildings, lighting fountains, lighting stages, or festival lighting. F 21 Q : Non-portable lighting devices for signalling. F 21 S : Non-portable lighting devices or systems, not otherwise provided for. F 23 H : Grates, Cleaning or raking grates. F 23 L : Air supply; Draught-inducing; Supplying non-combustible liquid or gas. F 24 D : Domestic or space-heating systems, e.g. central heating systems, Domestic hot-water supply systems, Elements or components therefor. F 25 C : Production, working, storing, or distribution of ice. F 28 G : Cleaning of internal or external surfaces of heat-exchange or heat-transfer conduits, e.g. water tubes of boilers. F 41 B : Weapons for projecting missiles without use of explosive or propellant charge; Weapons not otherwise provided for. F 41 H : Armour; Armoured turrets; Armoured orarmed vehicles; Means of attack or defence, e.g. cimouflage, in general.	F	15	D	:	Fluid dynamics i.e. methods or means for influencing the flow of gases or liquids.
ruining gises or vapours. F 17 B : Gas holders of variable capacity. F 17 D : Pipe-line systems; Pipe-lines. F 21 K : Light sources not otherwise provided for. F 21 L : Portable lighting devices. F 21 H : Non-portable beam lighting devices or systems. F 21 P : Non-portable devices or systems for flood-lighting buildings, lighting fountains, lighting stages, or festival lighting. F 21 Q : Non-portable lighting devices for signalling. F 21 S : Non-portable lighting devices or systems, not otherwise provided for. F 23 H : Grates, Cleaning or raking grates. F 23 L : Air supply; Draught-inducing; Supplying non-combustible liquid or gas. F 23 M : Constructional details of combustion chambers, not otherwise provided for. F 24 D : Domesticor space-heating systems, e.g. central heating systems, Domestic hot-water supply systems, Elements or components therefor. F 25 C : Production, working, storing, or distribution of ice. F 28 G : Cleaning of internal or external surfaces of heat-exchange or heat-transfer conduits, e.g. water tubes of boilers. F 41 B : Weapons for projecting missiles without use of explosive or propellant charge; Weapons not otherwise provided for. F 41 H : Armour; Armoured urrets; Armoured or armed vehicles; Means of attack or defence, e.g. camouffage, in general.	F	16	M	:	Frames, casings, or bods, of engines or other machines or apparatus, not specific to an engine, machine, or apparatus provided for elsewhere; Stands or supports.
F 17 D : Pipe-line systems; Pipe-lines. F 21 K : Light sources not otherwise provided for. F 21 L : Portable lighting devices. F 21 H : Non-portable beam lighting devices or systems. F 21 P : Non-portable devices or systems for flood-lighting buildings, lighting fountains, lighting stages, or festival lighting. F 21 Q : Non-portable lighting devices for signalling. F 21 S : Non-portable lighting devices or systems, not otherwise provided for. F 23 H : Grates, Cleaning or raking grates. F 23 L : Air supply; Draught-inducing; Supplying non-combustible liquid or gas. F 23 M : Constructional details of combustion chambers, not otherwise provided for. F 24 D : Domestic or space-heating systems, e.g. central heating systems, Domestic hot-water supply systems, Elements or components therefor. F 25 C : Production, working, storing, or distribution of ice. F 28 G : Cleaning of internal or external surfaces of heat-exchange or heat-transfer conduits, e.g. water tubes of boilers. F 41 B : Weapons for projecting missiles without use of explosive or propellant charge; Weapons not otherwise provided for. F 41 H : Armour; Armoured turrets; Armoured or armed vehicles; Means of attack or defence, e.g. camouflage, in general.	F	16	τ	:	Steam traps or like apparatus for draining-off liquids from enclosures predominantly containing gases or vapours.
F 21 K : Light sources not otherwise provided for. F 21 L : Portable lighting devices. F 21 H : Non-portable beam lighting devices or systems. F 21 P : Non-portable devices or systems for flood-lighting buildings, lighting fountains, lighting stages, or festival lighting. F 21 Q : Non-portable lighting devices for signalling. F 21 S : Non-portable lighting devices or systems, not otherwise provided for. F 23 H : Grates, Cleaning or raking grates. F 23 L : Air supply; Draught-inducing; Supplying non-combustible liquid or gas. F 23 M : Constructional details of combustion chambers, not otherwise provided for. F 24 D : Domestic or space-heating systems, e.g. central heating systems, Domestic hot-water supply systems, Elements or components therefor. F 25 C : Production, working, storing, or distribution of ice. F 28 G : Cleaning of internal or external surfaces of heat-exchange or heat-transfer conduits, e.g. water tubes of boilers. F 41 B : Weapons for projecting missiles without use of explosive or propellant charge; Weapons not otherwise provided for. F 41 H : Armour; Armoured turrets; Armoured or armed vehicles; Means of attack or defence, e.g. camouflage, in general. F 42 C : Fuzes; Arming or safety means therefor.	F	17	В	:	Gas holders of variable capacity.
F 21 L : Portable lighting devices. F 21 H : Non-portable beam lighting devices or systems. F 21 P : Non-portable devices or systems for flood-lighting buildings, lighting fountains, lighting stages, or festival lighting. F 21 Q : Non-portable lighting devices for signalling. F 21 S : Non-portable lighting devices or systems, not otherwise provided for. F 23 H : Grates, Cleaning or raking grates. F 23 L : Air supply; Draught-inducing; Supplying non-combustible liquid or gas. F 23 M : Constructional details of combustion chambers, not otherwise provided for. F 24 D : Domestic or space-heating systems, e.g. central heating systems, Domestic hot-water supply systems, Elements or components therefor. F 25 C : Production, working, storing, or distribution of ice. F 28 G : Cleaning of internal or external surfaces of heat-exchange or heat-transfer conduits, e.g. water tubes of boilers. F 41 B : Weapons for projecting missiles without use of explosive or propellant charge; Weapons not otherwise provided for. F 41 H : Armour; Armoured turrets; Armoured or armed vehicles; Means of attack or defence, e.g. camouflage, in general.	F	17	ą	:	Pipe-line systoms; Pipe-lines.
F 21 H : Non-portable beam lighting devices or systems. F 21 P : Non-portable devices or systems for flood-lighting buildings, lighting fountains, lighting stages, or festival lighting. F 21 Q : Non-portable lighting devices for signalling. F 21 S : Non-portable lighting devices or systems, not otherwise provided for. F 23 H : Grates, Cleaning or raking grates. F 23 L : Air supply; Draught-inducing; Supplying non-combustible liquid or gas. F 23 M : Constructional details of combustion chambers, not otherwise provided for. F 24 D : Domestic or space-heating systems, e.g. central heating systems, Domestic hot-water supply systems, Elements or components therefor. F 25 C : Production, working, storing, or distribution of ice. F 28 G : Cleaning of internal or external surfaces of heat-exchange or heat-transfer conduits, e.g. water tubes of boilers. F 41 B : Weapons for projecting missiles without use of explosive or propellant charge; Weapons not otherwise provided for. F 41 H : Armour; Armoured turrets; Armoured or armed vehicles; Means of attack or defence, e.g. camouflage, in general.	F	21	К	:	Light sources not otherwise provided for,
F 21 P : Non-portable devices or systems for flood-lighting buildings, lighting fountains, lighting stages, or festival lighting. F 21 Q : Non-portable lighting devices for signalling. F 21 S : Non-portable lighting devices or systems, not otherwise provided for. F 23 H : Grates, Cleaning or raking grates. F 23 L : Air supply; Draught-inducing; Supplying non-combustible liquid or gas. F 23 M : Constructional details of combustion chambers, not otherwise provided for. F 24 D : Domestic or space-heating systems, e.g. central heating systems, Domestic hot-water supply systems, Elements or components therefor. F 25 C : Production, working, storing, or distribution of ice. F 28 G : Cleaning of internal or external surfaces of heat-exchange or heat-transfer conduits, e.g. water tubes of boilers. F 41 B : Weapons for projecting missiles without use of explosive or propellant charge; Weapons not otherwise provided for. F 41 H : Armour; Armoured turrets; Armoured or armed vehicles; Means of attack or defence, e.g. camouflage, in general. F 42 C : Fuzes; Arming or safety means therefor.	F .	21	L	:	Portable lighting devices.
stages, or festival lighting. F 21 Q : Non-portable lighting devices for signalling. F 21 S : Non-portable lighting devices or systems, not otherwise provided for. F 23 H : Grates, Cleaning or raking grates. F 23 L : Air supply; Draught-inducing; Supplying non-combustible liquid or gas. F 23 M : Constructional details of combustion chambers, not otherwise provided for. F 24 D : Domesticor space-heating systems, e.g. central heating systems, Domestic hot-water supply systems, Elements or components therefor. F 25 C : Production, working, storing, or distribution of ice. F 28 G : Cleaning of internal or external surfaces of heat-exchange or heat-transfer conduits, e.g. water tubes of boilers. F 41 B : Weapons for projecting missiles without use of explosive or propellant charge; Weapons not otherwise provided for. F 41 H : Armour; Armoured turrets; Armoured or armed vehicles; Means of attack or defence, e.g. camouflage, in general. F 42 C : Fuzes; Arming or safety means therefor.	F	21	н	:	Non-portable beam lighting devices or systems.
F 21 S : Non-portable lighting devices or systems, not otherwise provided for. F 23 H : Grates, Cleaning or raking grates. F 23 L : Air supply; Draught-inducing; Supplying non-combustible liquid or gas. F 23 M : Constructional details of combustion chambers, not otherwise provided for. F 24 D : Domestic or space-heating systems, e.g. central heating systems, Domestic hot-water supply systems, Elements or components therefor. F 25 C : Production, working, storing, or distribution of ice. F 28 G : Cleaning of internal or external surfaces of heat-exchange or heat-transfer conduits, e.g. water tubes of boilers. F 41 B : Weapons for projecting missiles without use of explosive or propellant charge; Weapons not otherwise provided for. F 41 H : Armour; Armoured turrets; Armoured or armed vehicles; Means of attack or defence, e.g. camouflage, in general. F 42 C : Fuzes; Arming or safety means therefor.	F	21	P	:	Non-portable devices or systems for flood-lighting buildings, lighting fountains, lighting stages, or festival lighting.
F 23 H : Grates, Cleaning or raking grates. F 23 L : Air supply; Draught-inducing; Supplying non-combustible liquid or gas. F 23 M : Constructional details of combustion chambers, not otherwise provided for. F 24 D : Domestic or space-heating systems, e.g. central heating systems, Domestic hot-water supply systems, Elements or components therefor. F 25 C : Production, working, storing, or distribution of ice. F 28 G : Cleaning of internal or external surfaces of heat-exchange or heat-transfer conduits, e.g. water tubes of boilers. F 41 B : Weapons for projecting missiles without use of explosive or propellant charge; Weapons not otherwise provided for. F 41 H : Armour; Armoured turrets; Armoured or armed vehicles; Means of attack or defence, e.g. camouflage, in general. F 42 C : Fuzes; Arming or safety means therefor.	F	21	Q	:	Non-portable lighting devices for signalling.
F 23 L : Air supply; Draught-inducing; Supplying non-combustible liquid or gas. F 23 M : Constructional details of combustion chambers, not otherwise provided for. F 24 D : Domestic or space-heating systems, e.g. central heating systems, Domestic hot-water supply systems, Elements or components therefor. F 25 C : Production, working, storing, or distribution of ice. F 28 G : Cleaning of internal or external surfaces of heat-exchange or heat-transfer conduits, e.g. water tubes of boilers. F 41 B : Weapons for projecting missiles without use of explosive or propellant charge; Weapons not otherwise provided for. F 41 H : Armour; Armoured turrets; Armoured or armed vehicles; Means of attack or defence, e.g. camouflage, in general. F 42 C : Fuzes; Arming or safety means therefor.	F	21	S	:	Non-portable lighting devices or systems, not otherwise provided for.
F 23 M : Constructional details of combustion chambers, not otherwise provided for. F 24 D : Domesticor space-heating systems, e.g. central heating systems, Domestic hot-water supply systems, Elements or components therefor. F 25 C : Production, working, storing, or distribution of ice. F 28 G : Cleaning of internal or external surfaces of heat-exchange or heat-transfer conduits, e.g. water tubes of boilers. F 41 B : Weapons for projecting missiles without use of explosive or propellant charge; Weapons not otherwise provided for. F 41 H : Armour; Armoured turrets; Armoured or armed vehicles; Means of attack or defence, e.g. camouflage, in general. F 42 C : Fuzes; Arming or safety means therefor.	F	23	Н	:	Grates, Cleaning or raking grates.
Domestic or space-heating systems, e.g. central heating systems, Domestic hot-water supply systems, Elements or components therefor. C: Production, working, storing, or distribution of ice. C: Production, working, storing, or distribution of ice. C: Cleaning of internal or external surfaces of heat-exchange or heat-transfer conduits, e.g. water tubes of boilers. E: Weapons for projecting missiles without use of explosive or propellant charge; Weapons not otherwise provided for. E: Armour; Armoured turrets; Armoured or armed vehicles; Means of attack or defence, e.g. camouflage, in general. E: 42 C: Fuzes; Arming or safety means therefor.	F	23	L	:	Air supply; Draught-inducing; Supplying non-combustible liquid or gas.
systems, Elements or components therefor. F 25 C: Production, working, storing, or distribution of ice. F 28 G: Cleaning of internal or external surfaces of heat-exchange or heat-transfer conduits, e.g. water tubes of boilers. F 41 B: Weapons for projecting missiles without use of explosive or propellant charge; Weapons not otherwise provided for. F 41 H: Armour; Armoured turrets; Armoured or armed vehicles; Means of attack or defence, e.g. camouflage, in general. F 42 C: Fuzes; Arming or safety means therefor.	ľ	23	M	:	Constructional details of combustion chambers, not otherwise provided for.
F 28 G : Cleaning of internal or external surfaces of heat-exchange or heat-transfer conduits, e.g. water tubes of boilers. F 41 B : Weapons for projecting missiles without use of explosive or propellant charge; Weapons not otherwise provided for. F 41 H : Armour; Armoured turrets; Armoured or armed vehicles; Means of attack or defence, e.g. camouflage, in general. F 42 C : Fuzes; Arming or safety means therefor.	F	24	D	:	Domestic or space-heating systems, e.g. central heating systems, Domestic hot-water supply systems, Elements or components therefor.
water tubes of boilers. F 41 B : Weapons for projecting missiles without use of explosive or propellant charge; Weapons not otherwise provided for. F 41 H : Armour; Armoured turrets; Armoured or armed vehicles; Means of attack or defence, e.g. camouflage, in general. F 42 C : Fuzes; Arming or safety means therefor.	F	25	\mathbf{C}	:	Production, working, storing, or distribution of ice.
not otherwise provided for. F 41 H : Armour; Armoured turrets; Armoured or armed vehicles; Means of attack or defence, e.g. camouflage, in general. F 42 C : Fuzes; Arming or safety means therefor.	F	28	G	:	
e.g. camouffage, in general. F 42 C : Fuzes; Arming or safety means therefor.	F	41	В	:	Weapons for projecting missiles without use of explosive or propellant charge; Weapons not otherwise provided for.
	F	41	H	:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
F 42 D : Blasting.	F	42	C	:	Fuzes; Arming or safety means therefor.
and the control of th	F	42	Þ	:	Blasting.

SECTION-F: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING; LIGHTING; HEATING; WEAPONS; BLASTING

F 01: MACHINES OR ENGINES IN GENERAL: ENGINE PLANTS IN GENERAL: STEAM ENGINES.

F 01 B: Machines or engines, in general or of positive-displacement type, e.g. steam engines.

<u> </u>	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
166829	13-11-86	SANDEN CORPO- RATION.	Wobble plate type compressor with a variable displacement mechanism.	21-07-90	3/00	6 A 2	FC.
167862	13-07-87	JEAN FREDERIC MEJCHOR	Piston for reciprocating machines employing compression of a gascous fluid and machines provided with such a piston.	29-12-90	17/02	107-G	F
		F 01 C : Re	otary-piston or oscillating-piston machines	or engines			
165913	29-05-86	SANDEN CORPORATION.	Wobble plate type compressor.	10-02-90	3/00.	156-A, 6A ₃ .	FC.
165940	23-04-86	POCLAIN HYD- RAULICS.	Hydraulic mechanism such as for engine or pump.	10-02-90	9/00. 21/00	102-D	FC.
1669 05	07-04-89	HIRAK MUKHER- JEE	Constrained rotary vane machine.	04-08-90	1/00.	J63-D & B ₃ J -XLJV (3), 6-A, -XLVII(1)	Ι,
1671 55	11-05-87	JOE SANTA & ASSOCIATES PTY.LTD.	Improvements in or relating to rotary air machines.	08-09-90	1/00.	163-D	FÇ.
		F 01 D : N	Ion-positive-displacement machines or en	gines e.g.	steam tu	rbines	
166144	12-02-87	COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC & INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH.	A turbing blade having in built cooling arrangements.	17-03-90	5/12.	190-B	IC.
166450	14-11-86	ALVIN HENRY BENESH,	A savonius rotor assembly for interacting with a fluid.	12-05-90	5/00.	190-C	F.
167043	18-02-86	BBC BROWN BOVERI LTD.	Control wheel intended for welding onto the high-pressure rotor of a steam turbine and a method for making the same.	25-08-90	1/16.	190-B-XLIV- (4).	FC.
167233	18-03-86	NARAYANASWAMY NAIDU DURAISWAM	• • •	22-09-90	25/00. 25/28.	163- D-G roup XLIV (3).)• I.
167234	18-03-86	NARAYANASWMY NAIDU DURAI- SWAMY.	A bracket for coupling the prime mover and pump of a monoblock pumpset.	22-09-90	25/00. 25/28.	163- D -Group XLIV (3).	- T.
167677	08-07-86	MAN GUTEHOFF- NUNGS HUTTE GMBH.	Device for typing the moving blades of a thermal turbo-machine by pro- jections extending in the circumferen- tial direction which are rigidly con- nected in pairs to their allied moving blade.	08-12-90	5/22.	190- B- Group- XLIV(4),	· FC,
167807	09-10-86	TURBO-LUFTTE- CHNIK GMBH.	Axial fan.	22-12-90	11/00.	36-A.1-Group- XLIV (I).	FC,
F 01 K: Steam engine plants; Steam accumulators; Engine plants not otherwise provided for; Engines using special working fluids or cycles							
165783	19-09-85	ALEXANDER ISAI KALINA,	Apparatus for generating energy using a multi-component working fluid.	13-01-90	25/10,	175-E,	F,
166376	10-07-86	KRAFTWEAR UNION AKTIENGESE- LLSCHAFT.	A power plant including a gas turbine and a stoam turbine.	21-04-90	3/00,	190-A; 177-D.	FC.

PART III—SEC 2]	THE GAZETTE	E OF INDIA,	AUGUST 15,	1992 (SRAVÁNA	24, 1914)
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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
166442	28-07-86	SIEMENS AKTIEN- GESELLSCHAFT.	A combined gas and steam turbine power plant.	12-05-90	3/00.	190-A	FC.		
F 01 L : Cyclically operating valves for machines or engines									
165835	11-09-85	APPLICATIONS ME- CANIQUES ET RO- BINETTERIE INDUS- TRIELLE(A.M.R.I.)	<u>-</u>	20-01-90	3/00, 7/00.	195-D	F.C.		
			as-ilow silencers or exhaust apparatus for encers or exhaust apparatus for internal-c		_	in general; Gas-fl	ow		
166989	11 - 04-86		A heat shield assembly adapted for use with an exhaust system of an engine	18-08-90	7/10.	107 E & G- -Group-XLVI (2).	FC.		
167330	01-12-87	THE ENFIELD INDIA LIMITED.	A device for reducing the commission from the exhaust of automobile engines.	06 - 10-90	3/08.	107-1 (c & (-Group-XLV) (2).			
		F 02: COMBUST	ION ENGINENS; HOT-GAS OR C ENGINE PLANTS.	OMBUSTI	ON-PRO	DUCT			
		F 02 B : I	nternal-combustion piston engines; Cemb	ustion engin	ies in gen	eral.			
165794	28-05-86	THE JACOBS MANUFACTURING COMPANY.	An improved engine retarding system of a gas compression release type.	13-01-90	15/00, 39/00.	10 7-G, J	F.C.		
165904	01-08-86	ROTO-MASTER INC.	Turbochargers.	10-02-90	37/00, 39/00	190-B	FC.		
165973	30-05-86		Two stroke internal combustion engine with uniflow scavenging.		25/02, 25/26, 27/06.	107 -13	FC.		
166067	23-06-87	JEAN FREDERIC MELCHIOR	Two-stroke internal combustion engine and cylinder head provided with said engine.	10-03-90	77/00.	107 B. C.	F.		
166097	24-03-87	COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH.	A descaling bath for descaling of diesele ngine components and a process for descaling the diesel engine components using the bath.	10-03-90	77/04	107 -G .	IC.		
166111	08-12-87	ANIL UPMANYU	An improved four stroke ofto eyele vertical internal combustion engine.	17-03-90	29/00.	107D+G-GR XLVI(2); 127D+I-GR. LXV(1).	i.		
166376	10-07-86	KRAFTWEAR UNION AKTIENGE- SELLISCHAFT	A power plant including a gas turbine and a steam tubine.	21-04-90	1/00	190 -A 177- D ,	FC.		
166432	02-07-86	DUCELLIER ET CIE	An improved centrifugal advance regulator for the ignition distributor of an internal combustion engine.	05-05-90	19/12	107-F.	FC.		
166656	30-04-86	AVL GESELLSCHAFT FUR VERBRENNUN- GSKRAFTMASCHI- NEN UND MESSTE- CHNIK MB H.	A two-stroke internal combustion engine having a system for the exchange of charge therein.	30-06-90	25/14	107/ B	FC.		
166671	02-12-85	LUIGI MURABITO	An internal combustion engine,	30-06-90	47/02	10 7-G	F.		

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
166777	14-07-86	DUCELLIÈR ET CIB	Magnetically triggered ignition dis- tributor for internal combustion engines		67/00, 67/02.	107-F	FC.
166903	29-03-88	BAJAJ AUTO LIMITED	A two-stroke internal combustion engine.	04-08-90	1/08, 3/02, 23/06 & 23/10.	107-B, & G (- XLVI (2)	IC.
166980	26-02-88	JOAQUIM ANTONIC VALADARES	Hydraulic internal combustion engine.	11-08-90	13/60, 15/00, 41/00, 53/00.	107-B XLVI(2).	ī,
167143	17-03-86	(1.) KADAMBEE SESHADRI BALAJI (2) KADAMBE SESHADRI	A two/four stroke internal combustion engine.	08-09-90	75/22.	107-C & G Group-XLVI(I, (2)
167330	01-12-87	THE ENFIELD INDIA	A device for reducing the co emmission from the exhaust of automobile engines.	06-10-90	75/10,	107-I(c& g) -Group- XLVI(2).	IC.
167357	20-04-87	JEAN FREDERIC MELCHIOR	An internal combustion engine.	13-10-90	29/00.	107 -B	F.
167732	22-01-87	A 4 GM ENERGETI- KAI GEPGYARTO LEANYVALLALAT	Laminar heat shield for the heat insulation, of duct, pipe-and tank walls.	15-12-90	41/00.	107-C- XLXI(2)	FC.
		F 02 C: (Gas-turbine plants; Air intakes for jet-pro breathing jet-propulsion plants.	pulsion plan	ts; Contr	olling fuel suppl	y in air
166442	28-07-86	SIEMENS AKTIEN- GESELLSCHAFT	A combined gas and steam turbine power plant.	12-05-90 <i>6</i>	5/00	190-A	FC.
166956	17-92-86	ALEXANDER ISAI KALINA	An apparatus for -improving the heat utilization efficiency of a thermodynamic cycle.	11-08-90	1/00.	177-D-Group- XLV(5)	F.
		F 02 D : 0	Controlling combustion engines.				
166427	05-11-86	GALBRATTH ENGINEERING PTY LTD,	Reciprocatory machines.	05-05-90	13/00	175-C	FC.
		F 02 F; C	ylinders, pistons, or casings for combustion combustions engines.	n engines,	Arranger	neuts of sealings	in
166263	05-11-82	HONDA GIKEN KOGYO KABUSHIKI KAISHA	Siam:se-type cylinder block blank and apparatus for casting the same.	07-04-90	1/18.	107-C	FC.
166593	29-01-86	AE PLC.	A piston for machines such as an internal combustion engine or a compressor.		3/00, 5/00.	107G, 6A ₃	FC.
167102	01-07-87	SONEX RESEARCH	Internal combustion engine, 0	1-09-90 1	<i>7</i> 00.	107-C	FC.
		F 02 K: J	et-propulsion plants.				
167855	25-09-86	FOSTER WHEELER LIMITED.	A heat recovery apparatus.	29-12-90 3	/00	190-A	FC.
			pplying combustion engines in general thereof.	with combi	istible n	Oxtuces or con	stituents
166652	03-01-36	JITENDER GUPTA	Davice for petrol engine for using gas as fuel.	30-06-90	21/02	127-I	I.

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166965	30-06-86	DUCELLIER CIE	Motor vehicle internal combustion engine ignition distributor rotor.	11-08-90	39/00., 41/00, 57/00.	107-F	FC
166937	25-03-86	LACREX BREVETTI S.A.	Device for preheating: liquids such as liquid fuels.	18-08-90	53/02	107-L-Group- LXVI(2)	FC.
167026	17-06-86	KEEWEST DEVELOR	2- Fuel system for internal combustion sparkingigniton engine.	18-08-90	23/00	107- F.G .	F.C.
167326	03-91-87	ARCOT JANAKI- RAMLOGANATHAN	A device for increasing the fuel combustion efficiency of an I. C. engine.	06-10-90	15/00.	107-I-Group- XLVI(2)	I.
167329	15-07-87	CARBURETTORS LIMITED	A valve plate assembly for the fuel pump of a motor vehicle	06-10-90	59/44, 59/46.	107—H&G- Group-XLVI	IC. (2)
167791	05-06-86	CATERPILLAR INC.	Air fuel ratio control system having a fluid powered broken-link mechanist for an internal combustion engine	22-12-90 a	63/04.	107-G&J Group-XLVI (2)	FC.
157833	13-07-36	ORBITAL ENGINE COMPANY PROPRIE TARY LIMITED	A furling to ion apparatus	29-12-90	39/00.	107-C 106-XLVII	FC.
			NG OF COMBUSTION ENGINES; ENGINES, NOT OTHERWISE PROV		AIDS	FOR	
167459	23-12-86	MAGNETI MARELLI S.P.A.	Starter device for internal combustion engines for motor vehicles.	27-10-90	11/00, 17/00.	107-G & J- GROUP-	FC.
						XLVI(2).	
166150	02-04-86	BERU RUPRECHT GMBH & CO. KG.	F 02 P: Ignition, other than comp Testing of ignition timing in Ignition system for use in internal combustion engines.	compression-	ignition e	ngines 107-F	FC.
167349	25-01-88	LUCAS-TVS LIMITED.	A billisted ignition coil for use in auto mobiles.	13-10-90	1/00.	107-F GROUP- XLVI(2).	TC.
			F 03: MACHINES OR ENGINES OR MISCELLANEOUS POWER OR A REACTIVE PROVIDED FOR F 03 B: Machines or engines for liquid	MOTORS; PROPULSI	PROD	UCING MECH	ANICAL
166421	16-10-86	LOUIS WORMS.	Hydraulic turbine.	05-05-90	3/00.	190-C	F.
166351	02-09-87	COMPAGNIE GENERATE DES- MAT IERES NU. CLEAIRES.	Blowers having its guidance sleeve as an essential unit.	09-06-90	3/00.	163-B ₁ &D.	FC.
66938	26-03-86	PALAI.	Device for harnessing energy from deep sea coastal wave action and gravity.	11-08-90	13/26.	101-F- GROUP XXVIII(2).	1.
		.1	F 03 C : Positive-displacement engines	driven by liq	uids		
			•				

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			F 03 D: Wind motors				
166540	24-02-87	MONTANA WIND TURBINE INC.	Wind turbine.	26-05-90	11/00.	190 - D	FC.
166714	26-11-87	PETER JANSSON.	A wind turbine.	14-07-90	3/00.	190-D 🎅	F.
167604	14-05-87	VIJIAM JOSHUA.	An improved gyromill.	24-11-90	7/06.	190-D- GROUP- XLIV(4).	I.
			F 03 G: Spring, weight, inertia, or lik or mechanisms., not otherwise provided for				
166921	16-12-85	1. JEUMONT- SCHNEIDER. 2. BRISSONNEAU ET LOTZ MARINE.	Thermal energy collector and cooling system including such a collector.	04-08-90	7/02.	98-I-VII(2).	FC.
167674	12-06-86	MITSUBISHI DENKI KABUSHIK KAISHA.	Spring operating mechanism for a circuit interrupter.	08-12-90	1/00.	127D&H- GROUP-LXV (1). 135-GROUP- LXV(2). 69G-GROUP- LIX(1).	FC.
			F 04: POSITIVE-DISPLACEMENT FOR LIQUIDS OR ELASTICE F 04 B: Positive-displacement machine	CFLUIDS		OR LIQUIDS;	PUMPS
165965	07-10-85	CATERPILLAR INC.	An apparatus for controlling the supply of fuel to an internal combustion engine.	17-02-90		134-A, 107-G	FC.
166315	17-09-86	SANDEN CORPORATION.	Rotation preventing mechanism of wobble plate compressor.	07-04-90	1/16, 9/04.	163-A, 6A ₂ ,3.	FC.
166501	08-10-85	CATERPILLAR INC.	An apparatus for controlling an internal combustion engine.	19-05-90	49/00.	107G. 127 -I .	FC.
166583	16-05-86	WIWA WILHELM GMBH & CO.KG.	A device for driving piston pumps.	09-06-90	15/00.	163-A	FC.
167071	05-08-86	ABIR KUMAR SARKAR.	A novel pump for lifting under- ground water.	25-08-90	47/00.	156- D	I.
167298	23-03-88	LUZ INDUSTRIES ISRAEL LTD.	A hydrogen pump.	06-10-89	15/00.	$6-A_1L.+A_2$ XLVII(I).	FC.
			F 04 C: Rotary piston. or oscillating-piston. or oscillating-piston.				or liquids;
166532	02-12-86	VICKERS INCORPORATED.	A variable displacement hydraulic pump control system.	26-05-90	29/08.	102-D.	FC.
			F 04 D: Non-positive displacement pun	nps			
165892	29-01-86	SANDEN CORPORATION.	Scroll type compressure.	03-02-90	3/00. 29/32.	36B ₃	FC.
167165	02-07-87	KLEIN SCHANZLIN & BECKER AKTIENGE- SELISCHAFT.	Fluid flow machines in particular centrifugal pumps.	15-09-90	29/42.	36A ₁	FC.

PART III	SEC 2]	THE GAZETTE	OF IN	DIA, AUGUST 13		(SKAV <i>E</i>		, 1914) 	1013
1	2	3		4		5	6	7	8
		F	7 15 :	FLUID-PRESSURE IN GENERAL	ACTUA	TORS; H	YDRAUL	ICS OR PNEUM	MATICS
		F	7 15 B :	Systems acting by mea motors; Details of flu					g. servo-
167126	03-04-87	UMESH KORDE.		llating water column ng wave maker,		01-09-90	21/12.	101-F-GROUF -XXVIII(2).	.1
1 6 7246	17-04-86	RUHRGAS AKTIENGESE- LISCHAFT.	usin g wi	matic cycle timing device the appliances such as a or a heater.	e for	29-09-90	13/044.	195-B- GROUP- XXIX(3)	FC.
		1	F 15 C :	Fluid-circuit elements	predomi	nently used	for compu	iting or control pur	Poses
165990	26-12-86	HITACHI CONSTRUCTION., MACHINERY CO. LTD.		system of hydraulic etion machinery,		17-02-90	1/00.	71-C;E; ^c .	FC.
166125	08-09-86	HITACHI CONSTRUCTION MACHINERY CO, LTD.		l system for hydraulical d construction machine:		17-03-90	1/00, 3/00.	102-D	FC.
		F 16 B : E	Devices fo	FALLATIONS; THER or fastening or securing of s. circlips. clamps. clips	construct	ional eleme	nts or mad		er.eg
165833	13-08-85	PONT-A-MOUSSON	A joint	ed pipe male and socke	t onds	20-01-90	9/00.	150F, G.	FC.
165841	29-04-86	S.A. HUCK MANUFAC- TURING COMPANY	A faste manufe for seco	ning device and a meth	od of device er with	27-01-90	,	76-В.	FC.
166134	24-12-85	TRI-STAR DATA.	unthre	ning device for clamping ded intermediate mem ded receiving member.	_	1 7 -03-90	29/00.	76-B.	FC.
166522	30-10-85	BL TECHNOLOGY LIMITED. AND ALCAN INTERNA- TIONAL LIMITED.		od of manufacturing st emponents formed from nect.		26-05-90	11/00,	129-G.	FC
166601	29-10-85	PREFORMED LINE PRODUCTS COM- PANY.		assembly for clamping the to an insulator.	g a	09-06-90	31/00.	48-D ₁ & 4, 68-C-Groups -LVΠI(3) & LVΠ(3).	FC.
167213	21-03-86	RALPH MUILEM- BERG.		stressing device for co o a shaft.	nnecting	22-09-90	1/00.	76-F & 129G, Groups-LXIV (4) & XXXV.	F.
167351	28-10-85	HUCK MANUFAC- TURING COMPANY.		ements in high strength mbly,	faste-	13-10-90	19/00.	19-C	FC.
167539	07-03-88	UMESH KORDE.		e for fixing rods, wires, like in vertical position		10-11-90	37/00.	129-G-groups	K.
167 6 76	04-07-86	KEELGIEN LIMI- TED.	A conne	ecting device.		08-12-90	12/00.	183-Group- LXVI(8),	FC.

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1	- 2	3	4	_ 5	6	7	
			afts, flexible shafts, Elements of crankshat ments : Bearings	ft machanist	ns. Rotary	bodies other than	gearing
165895	03-02-86	THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR TRADE AND INDU- STRY IN HER BRI- TANNIC MAJESTY' GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED KING DOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NOR- THERN IRELAND.	S -	03-02-90	7/02,	175-A	FC,
166217	22-10-85	AEPLC.	A bearing.	31-03 -9 0	33/12.	15-C	FC.
166423	21-10-86	WARMAN INTER- NATIONAL LIMI- TED.	A bearing seal for a bearing assembly in a rotating shaft assembly.	05-0 5-9 0	33/00, 33/72.	15-C; D.	FC.
166564	16-12-85	1.AE PLC. 2. DRESSER INDUSTRIES INC.	The process for the production of a bearing.	09-06-90	33/00.	15-C	FÇ.
166626	04-05-87	HOESCH AKTIEN GESELISCHAFT.	Centre-free large antifriction bearing with integrated electrical direct drive.	23-06-90	19/00.	15-D	FC.
166867	17-03-86	CATERPILLAR TRACTOR CO.	A bearing race retention device and a method of manufacturing it.	28-07-90	27/00,	15-D-Group- LIV(1),	FÇ.
167059	30-11-84	RELIANCE ELECTRIC COMPANY.	A bearing lubrication device.	25-08-90	33/10,	120-C. 1- Group-LIV(2)	FÇ.
167104	11-08-87	EMERSON ELECT- RIC CO.	Improved bearing retainer structure.	01-09-90	33/00.	15- D	FC.
167182	14-03-86	AEPLC.	A composition for a plain bearing material.	15-09-90	33/12.	15- D-G roup- LIV(1).	FÇ.
1 6 72 77	02-05-86	MICHELE RATTI S.P.A.	Two-for-one twisting spin-lie for yarns.	29-09-90	35/12.	172-D ₃ - Group -XX.	FC.
167331	11-04-86	CATERPILLAR TRACTOR CO.	A flexible annular scal assembly.	06-10-90	33/72.	15 -D- Group -LIV(1).	FC.
167454	22-05-86	AE PLC.	A process for the production of an aluminium-based bearing alloy.	27-10-90	33/12.	15-D & 9-F. Group-LIV(1) &XXXIX(1).	FC.
167733	10-02-87	RELIANCE ELECT- RICAL COMPANY.	A bearing,	15-12-90	13/02, 13/04.	15-C-LIV(1).	FC.
167866	17-09-87	EMITEC GESELIS- CHAFT FUR EMIS- SIONS TECHNOLOGI M.B.H.	Process for producing an assembled camshaft. IE	29-12-90	3/00,	107-К	FC.
		F 16 D : Co	ouplings; Clutches; Brakes]				
165771	01-08-85	AKEBONO BRAKE INDUSTRY CO. LTD.	An autoadjuster device for drum brake.	06-01-90	65/12.	24-F.	FC.
165773	20-08-85	AKEBONO BRAKE INDUSTRY CO. LTD.	Strut type auto-adjustable device of clearance for drum brake.	06-01-90	65/38,	24-F. ¶	FC.
165774	20-08-85	AKEBONO BRAKE INDUSTRY CO. LTD.	Strut type clearance adjustable device for a drum brake.	06-01-90	65/38.	24 - F.	FC.

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165775	20-08-85	AKEBONO BRAKE INDUSTRY CO, LTD.	External type auto-adjustable device of clearance for drum brake.	06-01-90	65/38.	24-F.	FC.
165800	10-12-86	ROCKWELL GOLDE GMBH.	Automobile drum brake of the simplex type.	13-01-90	51/00.	24-F.	FC,
165811	03-10-85	AKEBONO-BRAKE INDUSTRY CO. LTD.	A device for integration boot piston into disk brake.	20-01-90	5 5/00,	24 E, F.	FC.
165871	30-07-85	AKEBONO BRAKE INDUSTRY CO. LTD.	Wedge-shaped brake actuating device.	03-02-90	65/14, 65/32.	24 E, F.	FC.
165963	03-10-85	AKEBONO BRAKE INDUSTRY CO. LTD.	Extern I type autoadjuster mechanism for a drum brake.	17-02-90	65/38,	24 F.	FC.
166014	28-08-85	HACKFORTH GM- BH & CO. KG.	Highly resilient shaft coupling.	24-02-90	3/00.	127 B, I.	FC.
166056	16-01-86	LUCAS INDUSTRIES PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY.	A self-energising lise brake for a vehicle.	03-03-90	65/14.	24 B, F.	FC.
166298	07-11-85	LUCAS INDUSTRIES PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY.	An adjustable brake actuator, especially for vehicle drum brakes.	07-04-90	65/14.	24-F.	FC.
166349	28-10-85	INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MACHI- NES CORPORATION	A spindle shaft rotatably mounted by axially spaced apart bearing assemblies.	14-04-90	7/00.	12 7-B.	FC.
166521	18-10-85	KOTHAPALLI VEN- KATA SURYA TIR- UPATHI RAJU,	A power transmission device.	26-05-90	3/00, 11/00, 13/00, 47/00.	127 G, I.	I.
166618	09-12-86	EATON CORPORA- TION.	A clutch control system.	16-06-90	23/00.	127- A	FC.
166739	05-05-86	ALLIED CORPORATION.	Clutch mechnism having improved lubricating oil distribution means and for connecting a vehicle air compressor to a vehicle engine.	14-07- 9 0	31/00.	134-B, 24-D.4.	FC.
166925	31-01-86	LUCAS INDUSTR- IES PUBLIC LIMI- TED COMPANY.	Improvement in self energising disc. brakes.	04-08-90	55/00, 65/14.	24-B & F, Group-LV.	FC.
167142	24-03-86	GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION.	A spline connection assembly for stationary and rotating clutches.	08-09-90	13/10.	134-B & 127- A, Groups- LII(1)& LXV(1)	FC.
167153	26-03-87	VOITH TUBRO GMBH & CO.	Hydrodynamic coupling.	08-09-90	31/00.	101-F	FC.
167252	14-05-86	LUCAS INDUST- RIES PUBLIC LIMI- TED COMPANY.	A drum brake comprising three brake shoes.	29-09-90	51/34.	24-B-Group -LV.	FC.
167507	19-12-85	THE JOHNSON CORPORATION.	A rotary coupling for direct engagement on one hand with the end face of the journal of a rotary heat exchanging drum and on the other hand with a fluid supply or exhaust and drainage system.	1C-11-9C	3/00.	163- D-XLIV (3),	FC.

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167\$30	23-01-89	DEORAM KHAN- DUJI THORAT	An improved flexible coupling.	10-11-90	3/58.	127-I-LXV(1)	1
167545			A push-type friction disc clutch assembly.	10-11-90	13/00, 13-/34	127-A-Group -LXV(1),	FC
167547	07-11-86	HACKFORTH GMBH & CO. KG.	A resilient shaft coupling.	10-11-90	3/58.	127-I-Group- LXV(1).	FC
167583	02-07-86		Driven plate for a clutch and method for the manufacture of such driven plate.	1 7- 11- 9 0	13/00.	144-E, 127-A	ГC
167591	28-08-86	LUCAS INDUSTR- IES PUBLIC LIMI- TED COMPANY	Improvements relating to wheel mounted braking discs.	17-11- 9 0	65/12,	24-P & F- Group-LV.	FC
167602	28-08-86		Improvements relating to wheel mounted braking discs	24-11-90	65/12.	24-B & F- Group-LV	FC
		F 16 F : Springs; Sho	ock-absorbers; Means for damping vibrasi	ion,			
166657	27-05-86	MAGNUS LIZELL	A restriction valve device for hydraulic fluids in vehicle shock absorbing machanisms.	30-06-90	9/60.	174-F	F
167077	29-04-87	YUN-TE CHANGE	The balancing device for the cutting mechanism of the cold forged machine.	25-08-90	15/28.	127-I	F.
167278	07-05-86	BBC BROWN BOV- ERI LTD.	D impling element for independent turbom chines blades.	29-09-90	15/20.	190-B- GROUP-XL- IV (4).	FC.
167386	26-05-86	MITSUBISHI DEN- KI KABUSHIKI KAISHA.	An improved hydraulic shock absorber.	20-10-90	9/06	174-F- GROUP-LII (4).	FC.
167408	02-06-86	MITSUBISHI DEN- KI KABUSHIKI KAISHA.	Shock theorems belong means for preventing foaming.	20-10-90	9/34	174-B- GROUP-LII (4).	F₿.
			Belts, cables, or ropes, predominantly use f minantly used therefor.	or driving p	urposes; Cł	ains; Fitti ugs pre	do-
166115	22-05-87	KABELSCHLEPP GMBH.	A carriat for energy lines and other supply lines.	17-03-90	15/12.	68B-LVII (3)	. FC.
166263	10-02-86	MITSUBOSHI BELTING LTD.	A timing bolt with controlled friction packside ribs.	07-04-90	1/28.	127-C	FC.
167282	27-05-86	MITSUBOSHI BELT- ING LTD.	Power transmission belt.	29-09-9 0	1/08.	127-C-G10ug LXV (1).	FC.
167406	5 27-05-8€	MITSUBOSHI BELT- ING LTD.	Method of making an impact-resister power transmission belt and an impactesistant power transmission belt there	t-	1/08.	127-C G our LXV (1).	FC.
167433	18-04-8	6 MITSUBOSHI BEL- TING LTD.	V-Belt for high load power transmission.	27-10-90	5/08.	127- C -G) ouj -LXV (1).	FC.
167 4 4	5 27-05-8	6 RAYCHEM CORPORATION.	 M hod of making a cable assembly and cable assembly thereof. 	27-10-9	0 11/00.	150-G-G-01 XLVIII (1).	ip FC.

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			F 16 H : Gearing				
165,745	27-05-86	"NEYPRIC"	China fo, fo ding wit roavo deal axis kaplan water tu, binc.	06-01-90	41/26.	.9v-C, 102-D.	FÇ.
165901	08-07-86	EATON CORPORA- TION.	Ring $g_0 a_T/pinlon g_0 a_T d_T iv_0 g_0 a_T sets.$	10-02-90	3/00.	127 -G	FC.
166238	20-11-85	FESTO KG.	A fluid operated oscillating piston.	31-03-90	39/00.	102-D.	FC.
166 587	25-07-86	CHAMPION SPARK PLUG EUROPE S.A.	A connecting device for a wiper system.	09-06-90	21/02.	127-H	FC,
166841	20-01-87	EATON CORPORA- TION.	A combined range and splitter type auxiliary transmission see ion for compound change gear transmissions.	28-07-90	3/00, 5/00.	127-E, F , G ,	FC.
166981	08-01-86	MITSUBOSHI BELTING LTD.	An improved variable speed pulley system.	18-08-90	55/56.	127-C & D- LXV (1).	FÇ.
167414	09-05-88	RAMESH BHOGI- LAL PARIKH, NIK- HIL RAMESH PARIKH, RAJUL RAMESH PARIKH & SUDHIR RAMESH PARIKH.	M chanism for uni-directional totation of a shaft,	20-10-90	55/00.	127=I-LXV (1)	I.
(57574	12-95-36	MITSUBISHI DENKI KABUSHIKI KAISHA.	So ing operating mechanism for a circuit interruptor.	08-12-90	29/02:	127 D & H+ G, pup-LXV (1). 135+Group- LXV (2), 69G Group-LIX(1	-
167366	17-09-87	EMITEC GESELLS. CHAFT FUR EMIS- SIONS TECHNO- LOGIE MBH.	Process for producing an assembled camshaft.	29-12-90	53/90.	19 7-K .	PC.
	•	F 16 J : Pi	stons; Cylinders, Pressure vessels, in gener	al : Sealings.			
4.55000	21.02.06					***	
165898	21-02-86	SANDEN CORPO- RATION.	A refrigerant compressor.	03-02-90	9/00:	50- E 2	FC.
166 ‡06 .	05-05-86	RLEXITALLIC LIMITED.	A method and apparatus of producing a spiral wound gasket and a gasket so produced.	17-03-90	· 15/06, 15/06 & 15/08.	175 F	FC.
1 6 6166	01-10-86	ARROW OIL TOOLS INC.	A scaling packs, for down hole placemen, within a well casing.	24-03-90	15/02. 15/18	181-XLV (6)	FC.
166369	28-02-86	IMPERIAL CLEVITE INC.	Cast mual composite article.	21-04-90	1/00.	33-A; 107-C.	FC.
166468	05-03-87	MICRODOT INC.	A composite seal assembly.	19-05-90	15/00.	102-D.	FC.
166621	30-12-86	WARMAN INTER- NATIONAL LTD.	A condifugal scaling mumber and a condifugal scal assembly.	23-06-90	15/00.	181.	FC.
166645	18-14-85	FESTO K.G.	Papumatic or hydraulic assumbly.	30-06-90	10/02:	102-D.	F.C.
167567	10-09-87	DYCKERHOFF & WIDMANN AKTI- ENGESELLSCHAFT.	A pressure vessel for the storage pro- duction or conveyance of uncompres- sed cold gises of gises compressed unliliquification.	17-11-90	12/00.	179- G.	FC.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
167664	19-09-86	BW/IP INTERNA- TIONAL INC.	Adaptive control system for mechanical seal.	01-12-90	15/00.	181 -XLV (3) .	FC.
1673 62	13-37-87	JEAN FREDERIC MELCHIOR.	Piston for reciprocating machines employing a compression of a gaseous fluid and machines provided with such a piston.	29-12-90 1	1/00.	107- G : 175- Н .	F.
		F 16 K :	Valves; Tape. Cocks; Actuating-floats; De	ovices for ve	enting or ac	rating	
165856	28-02-86	WHITE CONSOLI- DATED INDUS- TRIES, INC.	A high pressure quarter turn butterfly control value.	27-01-90	1/06, 1/08, 1/10, 1/18, 1/22, 1/30.	195-C, G.	FC.
165869	02-04-86	WESTINGEDUSE ELECTRIC CORPO- RATION.	Valve for a steam turbine and method of its manufacture.	03-02 - 90	25/00.	195-D,	FC.
165937	31-33-86	DONALD HUJH CAMPBSLL MAC- KAY.	Equilising valve assembly for regulating water flow in a water supply system		21/00.	195-GB, 200-C.	F.
166020	09-09-85	SEREG.	A globe valve having a dismountable seat for rapid maintenance.	24-02-90	1/12.	195-D.	FC.
155033	19-34-88	SATIS CHANDRA NIRMALL.	A fluid lischarge control valve.	03-03-90	11/00.	195 -D .	I.
166092	05-02-86	UPO INC.	Axial multiport rotary valve for accomplishing the simultaneous interconnection of a plurality of conduits.	10-03-90	19/00, 23/00,	195-G,	FC.
165248	30-07-86	ROCKWELL INTER- NATIONAL COR- PORATION.	A tapered plug valve having an improved stem, seed.	31-03-90	41/00.	195-G.	FC.
166358	26-02-86	BENDIX LIMITED.	Two circuit fluid pressure control valves.	14-04-90	11/02. 31/143.	195-C, 133-A, ₁ 24-D.	FC.
155333	19-33-86	SUR ANDRA SIN 3.1 E NIHORAN - UAH -	An improved bull-cook for water tanks and eisterns.	28-04-90	15/00, 33/00.	195-A,	I.
166461	03-12-86	KLINGER AG.	A method for producing a sealing ring for installation in a shut off valve and a shut off valve provided with a scaling ring produced thereby.	19-05-90	1/26.	195-D.	FC.
15555)	20-06-36	WHITE CONSOLID- ATED INDUSTRIES INC.	Valvo having a high performance scal.	30-06-90	1/22.	195-D.	FC.
16 6705	05-01-87	Klein, schanzlin & Becker aktie- ngesellschaft.	A shut off butterfly fly.	07-07-90	51/00.	195-B, D, !	FC.
165743	22-12-86	DAVID GODFREY WILLIAMS AND MICHAEL ROUTL- EDGE,	A valve component for a frictionless guided valve,	14-07-90	25/00.	107-K— XLVI(2).	F.
155317	26-11-87	NIR MAL PANNA- LAL.	W stor-prove sting fuel-out-off-device,	21-07-90	33/00.	193-A, D,	1.

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	07-03-86	CROSBY VALVE & GAGE COMPANY.	A pilot operated prossure relief valve system.	21-07-90	(95-B— GROUP- XXIX(3).	FC.
167170	13-05-88	HITACHI CONSTR- UCTION MACHI- NERY CO. LTD.	Flow control valve apparatus.	15-09-90	21/00.	195-D-	FC.
67183	14-03-86	BRITISH STEEL PLC.	An outlet valve for a melt containing vessel.	15-09-90	1/08.	195-D— GROUP- XX1X(3).	FC.
l67246	17-04-86	RUHRJAS AKTIEN- GESELLSCHAFT.	A p ream the cycle timing device for using with applitudes such as a cooker or a heater.	29-09-90	7/07.	195-B→ GROUP- XXIX(3)	FC.
167375	14-04-87	HOERBIGER VENTI- LWERKE AKTIEN- GESELLSCHAFT.	A compressor valve for varying operating conditions of the compressor.	20-10-90	31/00.	6-A ₂ .	FC.
167410	06-06-86	FORSAC VALVES LIMITED.	Valve assembly for pipeliae.	20-10-90	15/00.	195-A & D- GROUP- XXIX(3).	FC.
167485	20-08-86	OIL & NATURAL GAS COMMISSION,	A gas lift valve for use it oil wells.	10-11-90	15/00.	195-D, E.	IC.
167582	02-07-86	UOP INC.	Multiport valve.	17-11-90	11/00.	195-E.	FC
167639	21-07-86	ALLUMINIUM PECHINEY.	ROTARY SWITCHING device having a conical chamber.	2 4-11-9 0	11/00.	195- D - GROUP- XXIX(3).	FC.
167777	17-10-88	NIRMAL PANNA- LAL.	Water tip for community water supply	. 22 -12-9 0	1/00.	195-C- XXIX(3).	I,
167780	02-05-89	RADHEY MOHAN SRIVASTAVA.	Self closing water tap with automatic hydrant sedling device.	22-12-90	15/18.	195-G- XXIX.	I.
167857	15-10-86	LAJOS SZEKELY. ATTILA HAMORI. MIKLOS VIDA.	Quick-action valve with valve body and flip for pipes delivering liquid or gaseous medium.	29-12-90	21/00.	195-B- XXIX(3).	F,
			F 16 L : Pipes; Joints or fittings for thermal insulation i		upports for p	lpes or cables; M	leans
165833	13-08-85	PONT-A-MOUSSON S.A.	A jointed pipe male and socket ends.	20-01-90	21/00.	150-F.	FC
166016	05-09-85	KUBOTA LTD.	A pipe joint.	24 - 02 -9 0	21/00.	150-F.	FC
166790	09-09-88	PRADEEP VASANT GARUDE.	A look proof swivel pipe or hose joint particularly for use in a petrol pump.	14-07-90	27/08.	150-B; 125- XLI(8); 125- B4; 156F- XLVII(3).	Ĭ,
166872	19-10-87	GEORG FISCHER AG.	Pipe connecting member of plastics material.	28-07-90	19/00, 21/00.	150-A, C.	F
1668 93	07-92-86	THE BRITISH PET- ROLEUM COM- PANY P.L.C.	A manipulative device for remote operation.	- 04-08 - 90	15/00, 27/00. XXVIII	71-F. GROUP- (1) XXVIII(1).	FÇ
167122	24-92-86	JAMES C. ROBERTS.	A tubing structure for drip irrigation and a method of making the same.	01-09-90	11/04.	5-B1(1).	F

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167508	19-12-85		A rotary joint for use with a rotary heat exchanger drum.	10-11-90	37/00	16 3-D	FC,
167729	17-12-87	HYDERABAD INDUSTRIES LTD.	Improvements in or relating to cast iron deta chable joints for joining pipes particularly pressure pipes like fibre cement pipes, cast iron pipes and the like.	15-12-90	25/00	150-C:	IÇ.
		:	F 16 N : Lubricating				
167 356	20-04-87	CARRIER CORPO- RATION.	An improved oil lubrication and noise suppression system.	13-10-90	7/36.	120-B ₁ .	FC.
			F 16 P : Safety devices in gener	al			
165926	27-06-84	THE BABCOCK & WILCOX COMPANY	Safety system for coal pulverizers.	10-02-90	3/00, 3/20.	94-G.	FC.
166114	28-04-87	SHAMRAO BHANU- DAS PARHATE.	Automatic are welling spark protector for welvers.	17-03-90	1/06.	60-C-LXVI (3) 129 Q- XXXV.	I,
166548	27-06-84	THE BABCOCK & WILCOX COMPANY	S foty system for coal pulverizers.	02-06-90	3/00, 3/20.	94-G.	FC.
			F 16 S : Constructional elements elements, in general	ts in general	; Structures	s built-up from	such
166533	06-01-87	HANS SPELTEN FRANKSTR.	Structural bar.	26-05-90	3/00.	27-G, I	F.
			F 17 : STORING OR DIST	RIBUTING	GASES O	R LIQUIDS	ı
			F 17 C : Vessels for containing gases; Fixed capacity g from vessels, compress	gas-holders; l	filling vesse	ls, with, or dis	
165151	16-99-87	HARISCHANDRA KESARINATH MHATRE & KAN- CHAN HARIS- CHANDRA MHATRE.	A gas pressure regulator with inter- lockable latching means.	24-03-9	0 · 1/00.	6-B- XLVII(1).	I.
166604	10-12-85	V M E I "LENIN".	A device for interrupting the ARC discharges in a gas-discharge vessel.	09-06-90	13/12,	65-A ₂	FC.
166661;	08-07-86	BP CHEMICALS LIMITED.	Fluidised bed apparatus.	30-06-90	5/00.	88-DE.	FC.
167589	11-12-86.	BAL KRISHAN GUPTA.	Cylin ler valve tester for self closing pin type LP gas cylinder valve.	17-11-90	13/02.	89-XLI.	I.
,			F 21 : LIGHTING				
			F 21 H : Mantles; Other incande	escent bodies	heated by	combustion.	
166289	29-08-84	TPV ENERGY SYSTEMS, INC.	A thermophotovoltaic device.	07 -04-90	1/00 , 3/00.	66-D9- LXIII(1)	FC.
166290	29-08-84	TPV ENERGY SYSTEMS, INC.	A thermophotovoltaic levice.	07-04-90	1/00. 3/00,	66-D9	FC.

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- 1 × 1 × 1 × 1 × 1 × 1 × 1 × 1 × 1 × 1	r marriage - 70	<u> </u>	F 21 V : Details of lighting device	es, of general	applicati	on	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
163595	03-12-85	GLOBETECH LIMI- TED.	Display device.	09-06-90	9/16.	121- GROUP- LXIII (2).	FC.
			F 22 : STEAM GENERATIO	N			
			F 22 B : Methods of steam gene	ration; steam	bollers		
165759	05-05-86	BHARAT HEAVY ELECTRICALS LTD.	Fluidised combustion bed boilers.	06-01-90	1/00.	176 F I- XLV(4), 85 I J, K- XXXI.	IC.
165994	24-02-86	VAPOR CORPORA-	Electrode boiler of the water jet electrode type.	24-02-90	1/30.	176- IXLV(4)	FC.
166010	19-02-86	VAPOR CORPORA- TION.	Electric boiler in combination with a controller of controlling steam generation of the boiler.	24-02-90	1/30.	176-1- XLV(4).	FC.
165458	24-06-86	SULZER BROTHERS LIMITED.	A possil-fuel-fired vapour producer.	12-05-90	11/00.	1 7 7-F.	FC.
167123	18-06-86	PONNUSWAMY RAVINDRA KUMAR	Multipurpose steam generator-cum- geyser.	01-09-90	23/00.	98-C- GROUP- VII (2).	I,
			F 22 D : Preheating, or accumulation Controlling, water level	ating preheater; Circulating	ed, feed-w waterwith	ater; Feed-water un boilers	supply;
167345	05-92-87	KALBAG NAGESH.	A calinary vessel of improved thermal efficiency.	13-10-90) 1/08.	99-A- GROUP- XL (4).	I.
			F 22 G : Superheating of steam				
167568	13-11-87	THE BABCOCK & WILCOX COMPANY.	A Ste.m temper sture Coatrol System.	17-11-90	5/12.	175-I & G.	FC.
			F 23 : COMBUSTION API	PARATUS; (COMBUS	STION PROCE	SS
			F 23 B : Combustion apparatus	using only	olid fuel		
165916	29-08-86	SULZER BROTHER LIMITED.	A solid fuel fired vapour producer.	10-02-90	1/00, 1/30.	84-A.	FC.
166715	07-12-87	WESTINGHOUSE BLECTRIC CORPORATION.	Feeding arrangement for rotary combustor.	14-07-90	1/32.	85-Q.	FC.
			F 23 C : Combustion apparatu	s using fluen	t fuel		
166347	25-10-85	TRW INC.	An apparatus for recovery of sulfur from a particulate sulfur-containing carbon accous material.	14-04-90	1/00.	32-F ₄ , 139-G.	FC.
166348	25-10-85	TRW INC.	Apparatus for the combustion of comminuted solid carbonaccous fuel and separation of the non-combustible present in the fuel from the gaseous products of combustion.	14-04-90 s	1/00.	32-C.	FC.

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166694	13-03-36	DR. C. OTTO & COMP, GMBH,	Method and plant for mumbacturing fuel from thick the separated from coke oven gis collected in thick tar separators during cooling of the said gas.	30-06-90	1/10.	84C ₁	FC.
			F 23 D : Burners				
166035	27-03-87	METALLGESELLS- CHAFT AKTIENGESELLS- CHAFT.	Adjustable burner assembly.	03-03-90	21/00,	28-C.	FC.
166966	15-06-87	ALUMINIUM PECHINEY.	Pipes having orientable nipples for furnaces for firing carbonaceous blocks.	10-03-90	3/00.	28-в, 70-в.	FC.
166091	15-04-85	BHARAT HEAVY ELECTRICALS LIMITED.	Coal nozzles for steam boilers or generators fired with coal dust air mixture.	10-3-90	14/00.	176-I.	IC.
166100	15-04-85	BHARAT HEAVY ELECTRICALS LIMITED	Co.4 nozzles for steam boilers or generators fired with coal dust burners.	10-03-90	14/00.	17 6-I .	IC.
166343	25-10-85	TRW INC.	An injector for injection of an atomi- zed slurry of particulate c rbonaceous material.	14-04- <u>9</u> 0	17/00.	106	FC.
166346	25-10-85	TRW INC.	An improved fuel injector for a combustion apparatus.	14-04-90	17/00,	106.	FC.
66765	2 5-06-87	1. DR. PHAROKH DHUNJISHAW SUNAVALA. 2. INDIAN INSTI- TUTE OF TECH- NOLOGY.	Diffusion flame submerjed combustion burner.	14-97-90	14/12.	28-C.	I, IC
167016	25-08-86	BHARAT HEAVY ELECTRICALS LTD.	A burner for burning a low c dorific value gas.	18-08-90	21/00.	28-F	IC.
167217	07-04-86	THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY.	A burne nozzl for a free flowing hollow reactor to make a gas mixture containing hydrogen and carbon monoxide.	22-09-90	1/00, 17/00.	28-B GROUP-XXX (1).	FC.
167334	29-0 4-86	CHARBONNAGES DE FRANCE.	Tu bulent flow burner for fluid fuel combustion.	06-10-90	1/02.	28-B GROUP-XXX (1).	FC.
167458	22-07-86	BBC BROWN BOVERI LTD.	An imp: ov.d dual burner.	27-10-90	17/00.	28-P, F- GROUP-XXX (1),	FC,
		F 23 G ;	Cremation furnaces; Consuming waste	by combus	stion.		
166312	23-07-86	COUNCIL OF SCIEN TIFIC AND INDUS- TRIAL RESEARCH.	- An improved solid waste incinerator.	07-04-90	5/00.	85 A & G.	IC.
166703	08-12-86	SONEX RESEARCH INC.	M thod and apparatus for disposal of toxic wastes specifically halogenated hydrocarbons by combustion.	07-07 - \$€	7/CC.	28C+39A+ 107C+G	FC.
167789	05-02-88	WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC COR- PORATION	A rotary combuston for burning solid municipal waste.	27-12-90	5 /CC	€5-A ;G	FC.

8 2 7 1 5 6 3 4 F 23 J: Removal or treatment of combustion products or combustion residues: Flues. 21-07-90 3/04, 176A+I; I. 1668 37 12-10-87 SATISH DAMODAR A fly ask arrester for boilders. 3/94, TANKSALE $37A, 6A_2 +$ 3/06. 6B₃. 3/00. FC. Probe for extracting a gas sample flow 13-10-90 11/00. 85-J---167343 13-06-86 F. L. SMIDTH & GROUPfrom a hot dusty gas flow. CO. A/S. XXXI. 15/00. 85-H--FC. F. L. SMIDTH & 167432 17-04-36 Apparatus for producing clinker such 27-10-90 as cement clinker. GROUP-CO. A/S. XXXI. 85-J FC. 167572 24-06-86 POLITECHNIKA An apparatus for transportation of 17-11-90 1/02. SLASKA IM WINfurnace wastes to a dumping place. GROUP-XXXI. CENTEGO PSTRO-WSKIEGO UL. KRZYWOUSTEGO. F 23 K: Feeding fuel to combustion apparatus. 166843 18-02-87 TEXACO DEVELOP- An improved method for producing 28-07-90 1/02, 107-G. FC. an aqueous slurry comprising solid MENT CORPORA-TION. carbonaceous fuel and recycle carbon containing particulate solids of a desired solids concentration. 21-07-86 Grevimetric feeder apparatus for feed- 18-08-90 167034 **GENERAL SIGNAL** 1/02. 47-C. FC. CORPORATION. ing particulate materials at a feed rate in terms of weight per unit time. 167081 27-01-86 JYDSK VARMEKE-Stoking plant for fuel in whole bales. 25-08-90 3/18. 85-C. FC. DELFABRIK A/S. **SNAMPROGETTI** 167190 08-04-86 A process for preparing stable aqueous 15-09-90 1/02. FC. 84-C(1)-S.P.A. combustible slurries. GROUP-XXXI F 23 N: Regulating or controlling combustion. 166277 03-10-35 GASPOWER INTER- Fuel control system for a compression 07-04-90 5/00. 107-G. FC. NATIONAL LIMITED ignition engine. 5/20. 05-06-87 **ALUMINIUM** 167646 Apparatus for optimisisng combustion 01-12-90 5/00 70-B, 85-J. FC. **PECHINEY** in a chamber furnace. F 23 Q: Ignition; Extinguishing devices. 165889 21-04-87 BREVALS. A. Controlled flow liquified gas igniter. 03-02-90 13/00. 85-I FC. F 23 R: Generating combustion products of high pressure or high velocity, e.g. gas-turbine combustion chambers. 15-06-87 **ALUMINIUM** Pipes having or entable nipples for fur-166066 10-03-90 3/00. 85-J FC. naces for firing carbonaceous blocks. PECHINEY FC. 166703 08-12-86 SONEX RESEARCH Method and apparatus for disposal of 07-07-90 3/00. 28C+39A+ INC. toxic wastes specifically halogenated 107C+G

hydro carbons by combustion.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		F 24 : H)	eating; ranges; ventilating.	_ _			
		F 24 B: Doi	mestic stoves or ranges for solid fuels				
166168	•	COUNCIL OF SCIEN- TIFIC AND INDUS- TRIAL RESEARCH	Multifuel domestic chulha for efficient burning of different types of solid fuels	24-03-90	1/00,	180	IC.
166957	09-04-86 1	i. Hanasoge surya narayana avadhani mukunda.	A grateless wood stove.	11-08-90	1/18.	180-Group- XV(2)	IJC.
		2. UDUPI SRINIVASA	Δ.				
		3. INDIAN INSTITU- TE OF SCIENCES					
			Other domestic stoves or ranges; Details of application.	of domestic s	stoves or ra	nges, of general	
165799	25-11-86	ASIM KUMAR GOSWAMI	Improvements in or relating to burner assembly for domestic wick stove.	13-01-90	1/00, 5/00, 5/04, 5/10	180.	I,
166189	24-07-87	GOPI KISHAN KABRA	A gas lamp lighted by an electronic lighter.	24-93-90	3/30,	98 D&E	I.
			ir conditioning; Air-humidification; Vent screening.	llation; Use	of air cure	ents for	
165992	29-01-86	SANDEN CORPORA- TION	Improved swash plate complessor incorporating a device for detecting rotational speed.	24-02-90	5/60.	134-A, 50-D.	FC.
166008	29-01-86	SANDEN CORPORA- TION]	Device for controlling the capacity of a variable capacity compressor.	24-02-90	5/00.	50-F.	FC.
166078	11-03-88	DHONDAPPA MAL- KAPPA BIRADAR	An improved swivelling type humidifier.	10-03-90	3/14.	196- 1 8 ₁	ſ.
166273	17-09-85	TAKASAGO THER- MAL ENGINEERING CO. LTD.	A method of constructing a clean room.	07-9A-90	1/01.	27-1	FC
166389	29-08-86	DRICON AIR PTY. LTD.	An apparatus for air conditioning,	28-04-90	3/00.	196-B ₁	FC.
165727	17-39-86	RAM NARAIN KHER	. An ipmroved air cooler.	14-07-90	3/14, 6/12	50-D	I.
167573	15-97-86	ATLAS AIR AUST- RALIA PTY. LIMI- TED.	Inproved air vent for air con litioning systems.	17-11-9)	13/38	50—D— Group-VII(1)	FC.
		F 24 H :	Fluid heaters, e.g. water or air heaters, in general.	, having he	at-generatio	g meass.	
166303	12-03-8	7 YASHWANT SHRI- PAD BARVE.	An improved gayser.	07-()4-9	0 1/10.	97-C- LIX (2)	1,
167123	18-06-8	6 PONNUSWAMY RAVINDRA KUMAR.	Multipurpose steam generator-cam- geyser.	01-09-9	0 1/00.	98-C-Group VII(2)	1.

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		F 24 J : P	roduction or use of heat not otherwise pro	vided for			
166333	19-11-85	K. AND K. HOLD- INGS PTY, LTD.	Solar water heater.	14 -04-9 0	2/34.	98-I.	FC.
166659	20-06-86	TATA ENERGY RESEARCH INSTI- TUTE.	A solar energy collector.	30-06-90	2/02.	98-E.	IC.
166746	23-12-86	POWER KINETICS	Concave mirror assembly and method of manufacturing same.	14-07-90	2/52.	146-D ₁	FC.
166755	05-03-82	ENERGY CONVER- SION DEVICES INC.	A system for the continuous produc-	14-07-90	3/02.	98-I, 206-E.	FC.
167004	04-04-86	MOBIL SOLAR ENERGY CORPO- RATION.	A method of manufacturing solid state electronic devices.	18-08-90	3/02.	98-1.	FC.
167111	12-02-85	SOHIO COMMER- CIAL DEVELOP- MENT COMPANY. AND BP PHOTOVO- LTAICS.	A method of manufacturing a film of Hg1-xCdx te, on a conductive substrate.	01-09-90	3/02.	98-I & 194-C ₈	FC.
167206	12-02-85	SOHIO COMMER- CIAL DEVELOP- MENT COMPANY. AND BP PHOTOVO- LTAICS LIMITED.	A solar cell.	22-09-90	3/02.	194C & 98-18.	FC.
167452	21,-08-87	BENNE NARASIM- HAMURTHY SRI- DHARA.	A solar energy linear concentrator and a method of manufacturing the same.	27-10-90	2/16.	98-I-Group- VII(2).	T.
167453	21-08-87	BENNE NARASIM- HAMURTHY SRI- DHARA.	A solar energy linear concentrator and a method of manufacturing the same.	27-10-90	2/16.	98-I-Group- VII(2).	I.
			EFRIGERATION OR COOLING; M QUEFACTION OR SOLIDIFICATION			STORAGE (OF ICE;
			rigeration machines, plants. or systems; (g. heat-pump systems.	Combined he	ating and	refrigeration sys	stems,
165913	29-05-86	SANDEN CORPO- RATION.	Wobble plate type compressor.	10-02-90	9/00.	156A, 6A ₃ .	FC.
165 951	27-01-86	SANDEN CORPO- RATION.	Capacity variable type compressor.	17-02-90	31/00.	6A ₃ , 163B ₃ .	FC.
165938	29-01-86	SANDEN CORPO- RATION	Device for controlling the capacity of a variable capacity compressor.	24-02-90	31/00.	50-F.	FC.
1661.10	03-06-86	SANDEN CORPORATION.	A refrigerant compressor.	17-03-90	1/02.	50-E ₂ .	FC.
166319	13-11-86	SANDEN CORPO- RATION.	Wobble plate type compressor with variable capacity mechanism.	07-04-90	1/04	6-A.	FC.
166445	21-10-86	I. R.E. INDUSTRIE RIUNITE EURODO- MESTICI S.P.A.	Method for producing domestic re- frigerator evaporators and the evapo- rator obtained by the method.	12-05-90	39/02.	50-B & 50-D.	FC.
166451	25 - 02 -8 6	SANDEN CORPORATION.	Construction for placement of gasket in refrigeration compressor.	12-05-90	31/00.	175-F, 6-A2.	FC.

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166639	05-12-86	PROIZVODSTVEN- NOE OBIE DINENIE "NEVSKY ZAVOD" IMENI V.I. LENINA.	Impelier of centrifugal compressor.	30-06-90	31/00.	36-A ₃	FC.
167585	14-07-86	ME POUR L'ETUDE	Process for cryogenic air separation into its component gases and an air distillation system for carrying out the process.	17-11-90	3/00.	. 6-В І.	FC.
			rigerators; Cold rooms; Ice-boxes; Cooli or subclass.	ng or free	zing appa	iratus not covéi	ed by any
166424	23-10-86	RESEARCH-COTT- RELL, INC.	Crossflow cooling tower splash bar.	05-05-90	17/00.	50 -B .	FC.
166430	20-11-86	FRANZ WELZ INTERNATIONALE TRANSPORT GESE- LLSCHAFT MIT BE- SCHRANKTER HAFTUNG.	Transportable refrigerating container.	03-05-90	31/00 .	50-F.	FC.
167299	27-04-88	VOLTAS LIMITED.	An ico-lined refrigerator,	06-10-90	15/00.	50-D+F- VII(I).	IC.
		F 25 J	: Liquefaction, solidification, or separatic	on of gases	or gaseon	us mixtures by p	ressure and
165958	07-01-86	IMPERIAL CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES PLC.	Apparatus for effecting direct contact between a gas and a liquid.	17-02-90	L/00 .	84-B.	FC.
166543	15-11-85	LINDE AKTIENGE- SELLSCHAFT.	An improved process for the separation of C_2 + hydrocarbon fraction from natural gas.	30-06-90	3/02.	32-C.	FC.
		F 26: D	RYING				
			rying solid materials or objects by removin	ig liquid th	erefrom.		
165828	08-05-87	INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, AND AMALENDU CHAKRABORTY. SUSANTA KUMAR DAS.	A process and an apparatus for obta- ining dried storage agricultural pro- ducts particularly cereals and pulses and other similar materials such as millets using renewable sources of energy.	20-01-90	3/00.	6ļ -H .	TC,I.
165036	30-04-87	1. INSTITUT PROBLEM MEKHANIKI AKADEMII NAUK USSR, PROSPEKT VERNADSKOGO. 2. VSESOJUZNY NAUCHNO ISSLEDOVATELSKY INSTITUT KOMPLEXNOGO ISPOLZOVANIA MOLOCHNOGO SYRYA.		03-03-90	3/12, 3/16, 17/00, 17/14.	61- A ; K .	FC.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
167447	30-05-86	BRITISH-AMERI- CAN TOBACCO COMPANY LTD.	A method and an apparatus for producing particulate tobacco with reduce I moisture content.	27-10-90	3/10.	61K & 42D- Group-VIII & XVI.	FC.
167541	30-05-86	BRITISH-AMERI- CAN TOBACCO COMPANY LIMI- TED.	A method and apparetus for preparing an expanded tobacco from particulate tobacco.	10-11-90	3/10.	61K & 42D- Group-VIII, & XVI.	FC.
167694	29-07-87	THE BABCOCK & WILCOX COMPANY.	Supervisory control of continuous drying.	08-12-90	21/00.	61- H .	FC.
		F 27 : F	URNACES; KILNS; OVENS; RETORT	r s			
		F 27 B : Fur	maces kilns, ovens, or retorts in general; C)pen sinterin	g or like a	pparatus	
165814	12-03-82	KORTEC AG.	Improved method of producing steel in an open-hearth furnace and an im- proved open-hearth furnace for carr- ying out the method.	20-01-90	3/02.	108-C ₄	FC.
165912	05-05-86	PAUL WURTH S.A.	Apparatus for charging a shaft furnaces.	10-02-90	1/20.	85- R .	FC.
166179	23-10-82	ALUMINIUM PEC- HINEY.	An improved process for baking carbon anodes intended for the production of aluminium by fused electrolysis.	24-03-90	17/00.	70 - B.	FC.
166331	28-05-85	A. AHLSTROM CO- RPORATION.	A fluidized bed reactor.	1 4-04-9 0	15/16, 15/1 8 .	85-J, K.	FC.
166780	08-08-86	NATIONAL COUN- CIL FOR CEMENT AND BUILDING MATERIALS.	A rotary grate for use in a vertical shaft kiln.	14-07-90	1/00.	85- M	IC.
166844	26-03-87	KAWASAKI JUKO- GYO KABUSHIKI KAISHA.	Plant for manufacturing cement clinker.	28-07-90	15/00	35- B ,	FC.
167012	08-08-86	NATIONAL COUNCIL FOR CEMENT AND BUILDING MATERIALS.	A vertical shaft kiln.	18-08-90	1/00,	8 5-H ,	IC.
167088	13-01-86	FIVES-CAIL BAB-COCK.	Method and installation for the manufacture of clinker.	25-08-90	7/00	85-Q-Group- XXXI	FC.
167089	26-02-86	BRITISH STEEL PLC.	A method of iron making by means of a smelting shaft furnace.	25-08-90	1/00.	108-B ₂ b XXXIII (5).	FC.
167251	30-04-86	THE INTERNA- TIONAL METALS RECLAMATION COMPANY, INC.	A rotary hearth employable in a rotary hearth furnace.	29- 09-90	3/06	85-Q-Group- XXXI,	FC.
167432	17-04-86	F.L. SMIDTH & CO. A/S.	Apparatus for producing clinker such as cement clinker.	27-10-90	7/20	85-H-Group- XXXI.	FC.
167584	08-08-86	NATIONAL COUNCIL FOR CEMENT AND BUILDING MATERIALS.	A control system for a vertical shaft kiln.	17-11-90	1/26.	85-R.	IC.

F 27 D: Details or accessories of furnaces, kilns, ovens, or retorts in so fa occurring in more than one kind of furnace. 165964 14-03-83 GREAVES FOSECO LIMITED. A disposable safety lining for foundry ladle. 166772 13-06-86 GIAN PARKASH BHAMBRI. A rice husk furnace. 14-07-90 1/00. 3/00, 15/00. 166890 25-01-90 METALLURGICAL Improved tuyere stock for blast CONSULTANTS (INDIA) LTD. 167117 28-05-86 PAUL WURTH S.A. Apparatus for charging a shaft furnace. 167177 27-04-82 ELKEM A/S. An improved method of producing a moiten metal or molten metal alloy. F 28 : HEAT EXCHANGE IN GENERAL. F 28 B: Steam or vapour condensers.	85-B. 85-L. 85-J. 85-J. 85-R & 108 B(-1). 108-B 2(b)-Group-XXXIII (5).	IC. I. IC. FC.
13-06-86 GIAN PARKASH BHAMBRI. 14-07-90 1/00. 3/00, 15/00. 166890 25-01-90 METALLURGICAL & ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS (INDIA) LTD. 167117 28-05-86 PAUL WURTH S.A. Apparatus for charging a shaft furnace. 14-07-90 1/20. 167177 27-04-82 ELKEM A/S. An improved method of producing a molten metal alloy. 15-09-90 3/00. 17-09-90 1/20. 17-0	85-L. 85-J. 85-R & 108 B1-1. 108-B 2(b)- Group-XXXIII	I. IC. FC.
166772 13-06-86 GIAN PARKASH BHAMBRI. A rice husk furnace. 14-07-90 1/00. 3/00, 15/00. 166890 25-01-90 METALLURGICAL, & Improved tuyere stock for blast furnace. 04-08-90 7/00. 167117 28-05-86 PAUL WURTH S.A. Apparatus for charging a shaft furnace. 01-09-90 1/20. nace. 167177 27-04-82 ELKEM A/S. An improved method of producing a molten metal alloy. 15-09-90 3/00.	85-J. 85-R & 108 B1-1. 108-B 2(b)- Group-XXXIII	fC. FC.
& ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS (INDIA) LTD. 167117 28-05-86 PAUL WURTH S.A. Apparatus for charging a shaft furnace. 167177 27-04-82 ELKEM A/S. An improved method of producing a molten metal or molten metal alloy. F 28 : HEAT EXCHANGE IN GENERAL.	85-R & 108 Bt-1. 108-B 2(b)- Group-XXXIII	FC.
nace. 167177 27-04-82 ELKEM A/S. An improved method of producing a molten metal or molten metal alloy. F 28 : HEAT EXCHANGE IN GENERAL.	108 B1-1. 108-B 2(b)- Group-XXXIII	FC.
F 28 : HEAT EXCHANGE IN GENERAL.	Group-XXXIII	
F 28 B: Steam or vapour condensers.		
166006 09-01-87 BHARAT HEAVY Surface-cum-spray condensers for 24-02-90 5/00. ELECTRICALS plants.	55-B ₃	IC.
F 28 C: Heat-exchange apparatus, not provided for in another subclass, media come into direct contact without chemical interaction		xchange
166697 15-10-86 BALTIMORE AIR- A cross flow cooling tower. 30-06-90 1/04, COIL COMPANY, INC.	85- J .	FC.
166803 03-08-87 THERMAX PVT. An improved fluidized bod heat 21-07-90 3/16. LTD. exchanger.	98G VII (2) 177A+ DXLV (5).]	IC.
F 28 D: Heat-exchange apparatus, not provided for in another subclass, i media do not come into direct contact, Heat storage plants or a		
166803 03-05-87 THERMAX PVT. An improved fluidized bed heat ex- 21-07-90 13/00, changer.	98G VII (2) 177A +D XLV (5),	IC.
166939 23-04-86 CHARBONNAGES Fluidised bed heat exchange apparatus. 11-08-90 13/00. DE FRANCE (ESTABLISSEMENT PUBLIC).	98G-Group- VII (2).	FC.
167046 04-93-86 MCCORD HEAT TRANSFER COR- PORATION. A heat exchanger core construction 25-08-90 1/03. utilizing a plate member adaptable for producing either a single or double pass flow arrangement.	98-E & G- Group-VII (2),	FC.
167055 18-07-84 ESMIL B.V. An apparatus, in particular a heat ex- 25-08-90 13/00. changer of the continuous type.	98-E & G- Group-VII (2).	FC.
167346 16-07-96 CHARBONNAGES Device for the control of heat energy 13-10-90 13/00. DE FRANCE (ESTA- exchanged with a fluidized bed. BLISSEMENT PUBLIC).	98E & G- Group-VII(2).	FC.
167508 19-12-85 THE JOHNSON A rotary joint for use with a rotary 10-11-90 7/00. CORPORATION. heat exchanger drum.	163-D, 175-G.	FC.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		F 28 F : De	tails of heat-exchange or heat-transfer ap	paratus, of	g e neral app	lication.	
165805	10-12-85		Duct for conveying smoke filled with fine ash particles and having heat ex- changers and protective devices for pro- tecting the heat exchangers.	13-01-90	9/60.	196-G	FC.
166918	18-07-86		A latent heat energy store;	04-08-90	23/00.	50-D.	FC.
167046	04-03-86	MCCORD HEAT TRANSFER COR- PORATION.	A heat exchanger core construction utilizing a plate member adaptable for producing either a single on double pass flow arrangement.	25-08-90	3/08.	98-E & G- Group-VII(2).	F.C.
167508	19-12-85°	THE JOHNSON CORPORATION.	A rotary joint for use with a rotary heat exchanger drum.	10-11-90	5/02. 5/00.	163-D, 175-G.	FC.
		F 41 : V	VEAPONS.				
		F41.C: H	and firearms; Accessories therefor.				
166231	25-09-85	STURM RUGER & COMPANY INC.	An improved semi-automatic pistol.	31-03-90	15/00.	169-B ₁	FC.
166232	25-09-85	STURM RUGER & COMPANY INC.	A pistol with a novel magazine latch operating arrangement.	31-03-90	25/00,	169-B ₁	FC.
166233	25-09-85	STURM RUGER & COMPANY, INC.	An improved semi-automatic pistol.	31-03-90	17/04.	169- B 1	FC.
166234	25-09-85	STURM RUGER & COMPANY, INC.	An improved handgun.	31 -03-90	1 9/0 0.	169-B ₁	FC.
165235	25-09-85	STURM RUGER & COMPANY, INC.	A handgun having a novel handle.	31-03-90	23/00.	169-B ₁	FC.
		F 41 D:	Automatic guns, e.g. machine guns				
167030	06-03-87	WERKZEUGMAS- CHINENFABRIK OERLIKONBUHRLI AG.	An ammunion feed on a automatic firearm.	18-08-90	10/12 10/34.	10-C.	FC.
		F41 F:	Ordnance; Guns; Mountings or carriages Harpoon guns	s, therefor;	Missile la	unchers; Recoil	less gui
167214	01-04-86	SCHLUMBERGER ELECTRONICS (UK LIMITED.	A weapons training simulator for providing a simulation of use of a weapon		0 27/00.	169-A-Grou XXXIX(6).	p- FC
		F 41 G:	Weapon sights; Aiming				
165837	05-11-88	THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR DEFENCE IN HEI BRITANNIC MAJE STYLS GOVERN- MENT OF THE UN TED KINGDOM OF	muzzle reference system for a mounte R gun.	20-01-90 ed	1/38.	169-C	FC.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		F 41 J: T	argets; Target ranges; Bullet catchers				
167518	03-04-87	AKTIEBOLAGET BOFORS.	A subminution which is to be separated from an aeronautical body over a target area.	10-11-90	\$/00 ,	10-F.	FC.
		F 42 : A	MMUNITION; BLASTING				
		F 42 B: F	Explosive charges; Ammunition; Missiles; 1	Fireworks			
166351	21-10-78	FORENADE FAB- RIKSVERKEN.	An apparatus and a wire guide tor- pedo assembly.	14-04-90	17/00,	72C & 10F.	FC.
167008	18-06-86	ROYAL ORDN- ANCE PLC.	Armour ponetrating composite projectile.	18-08-90	31/00. 9/00.	10-F.	FC.
157)24	27-95-86	SOCIETE NATIO- NALEDES POUD- RES ET EXPLOSIFS.	Pyrotechnic igaiter for shells.	18-08-90	1/09.	Ю-В.	FC.
167362	09-02-88	SOCIETE FRAN- CAISE DE MUNI- TIONS.	Penetrating projectile with hard core and ductile guide and method of making it.	13-10-90	13/00,	10-F.	FC.
167544	17-06-86	DYNAMIT MOBEL AG.	A device for use in the process for producing explosive or detonating cords.	10-11 -9 0	33/00.	10B-Group- XXXIX (2).	FC.
167667	13-10-86	ROYAL ORDN- ANCE PLC.	An explosive device for linear cutting or demolition purposes.	01-12-90	1/02, 3/00.	10-E-XXXIX (2).	FC.
167867	25-09-87	FABRIQUE NATIO- NALE HERSTAL.	Telescopic grenade.	29-12-90	3/00.	10-F.	FC.

Note: Classified list of the Complete specification under other "SECTION" will be published in due course.

REGISTRATION OF DESIGNS

The following designs have been registered. They are not open to inspection for a period of two years from the date of registration except as provided for in Section 50 of the Designs Act, 1911.

The date shown in the each entries is the date of the registration of the design included in the entry.

- Class 1. No. 164132. Comalco Aluminium Ltd. of 55, Collins Street, Melbourne, Victoria 3000, Australia. "Ingot Casting". August 28, 1991.
- Class 1. No. 164195. Stone India Ltd. of 16, Taratalla Road, Calcutta-700088, W.B., -India, Indian Company, "Fan", March 27, 1992.
- Class 3. Nos. 164187 & 164188. Shingar Cosmetics Pvt.
 Ltd.of Amrapali Shopping Centre, V. Mehta
 Road, Juhu Scheme, Bombay-400049, Maharashtra, India. "Bottle", March 26, 1992.
- Class 3. No. 164196. Stone India Ltd. of 16. Taratalla. Road, Calcutta-700088, W.B., -India, Indian Company. "Fan", March 27, 1992.
- Class 3. No. 164197, Phenoweld Polymer Pvt. Ltd. of Saki, Vihar, Lake Road, Bombay-400072, Maharashtra, India, Indian Company, "Knob for cistern". March 27, 1992.

- Class 3. No. 164221. Smt. Madhu, 27, Pusa Road, New Delhi-110005, India, Indian. "Basket". April 2, 1992.
- Class 3. No. 164302. B. R. Plastics, 314, A to Z Industrial Estate, 3rd floor, G. Kadam Marg, Bombay-400013, Maharashtra, India, Indian Partnership Firm. "Comb". April 28, 1992.
- Class 13. No. 164224. Smt. Madhu, 27, Pusa Road, New Delhi-1{0005, India, Indian. "Tissue Box". April 2, 1992.

Copyright extended for the 2nd period of five years. Nos. 157711 to 157720, 158946 to 158948,....Class 3, 157721.

Copyright extended for the 3rd period of five years. Nos. 158946 to 158948.... Class 3.

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